THE EVENING TELEGRAPH.

VOL. V.—No. 144. PHILADELPHIA SATURDAY, JUNE 16, 1866. DOUBLE SHEET—THREE CENTS.

IN THE YOUNG AND RISING GENERATION, the vegetative powers of life are strong: but, in a few years, how often the pallid hue, the lack-lustre eye, and emaciated form, and the impossibility of application to mental effort, show its baneful influence! It soon becomes evident to the observer that some depressing influence is checking the development of the body.

If the patient be a female, the restraints of fashionable dress and the ball-room, with the body half clothed, the mind eagerly intent on pleasure When one excitement is finished, another in prospective keeps the mind morbidly sensitive, and absolutely forbids the exercise indispensible to organic strength. Exposure to night air, and body reeking with excessive dancing, produce their legitimate effect, and the unfortunate female, regardless of the plain dictates of unerring nature becomes an unwilling subject to medical treatment. The approach of the beautiful and wonderful period in which body and mind undergo so fascinating a change from child to woman, and in which nature is to show her saving powers in diffusing the circulation and visiting the cheek with the bloom of health—is looked for in vain. Consumption is talked of.

A sad increase of appetite has grown by what it fed on, the energies of the system are prostrated, and the whole economy is deranged.

In reviewing the causes of these distressing complaints, it is most painful to contemplate the attendant evils consequent upon them. It is but simple justice to the subject to enumerate a few of the many additional causes which so largely affect the life health, and happiness of all classes of society, and which, consequently affect, more or less directly the welfare of the entire human family, and at the same time placing in their hands a remedy for the removal of the consequences.

Helmbold's Fluid Extract Buchu

FOR WEAKNESS ARISING FROM EXCESSES OR IN DISCRETION, EXISTING IN PERSONS OF BOTH SEXES, AND AT EVERY PERIOD OF LIFE,

Attended with the following symptoms:—Indisposition to Exertion, Loss of Power, Loss of Memory, Difficulty of Breathing, General Weakness, Horror of Disease, Weak Nerves, Trembling, Horror of Death, Night Sweats, Cold Feet, Wakefulness, Dimness of Vision, Languor, Universal Lassitude of the Muscular System, Often Enormous Appetite with Dyspeptic Symptoms, Hot Hands, Flushing of the Body, Dryness of the Skin, Pallid Countenance and Eruptions on the Face, Pain in the Back, Heaviness of the Eyelids, Frequently Black Spots flying before the Eyes, with Temporary Suffusion and Loss of Sight, Want of Attention, Great Mobility, Restlessness with Horror of Society. Nothing is more desirable to such Patients than Solitude, and nothing they more dread for Fear of Themselves, no Repose of Manner, no Earnestness, no Speculation, but a hurried Transition from one question to another.

These symptoms, if allowed to go on—which this Medicine invariably removes—soon follow *Loss of Power, Insanity* and *Epileptic Fits*, in one of which the patient may expire

During the Superintendence of Dr Wilson, at the Bloomingdale Asylum, this sad result occurred in two patients; reason had for a time left them, and both died of epilepsy.

Who can say that these excesses are not frequently followed by those direful diseases, INSANITY and CONSUMPTION? The records of the *Insane Asylums*, and the melancholy deaths by *Consumption*, bear ample witness to the truth of these assertions. In Lunatic Asylums the most melancholy exhibition appears. The countenance is actually sodden and quite destitute—neither Mirth or Grief ever visits it Should a sound of the voice occur, it is rarely articulate

'With woful measures wan Despair
Low sullen sounds his grief beguiled."

While we regret the existence of the above diseases and symptoms, we are prepared to offer an invaluable gift of chemistry for the removal of the consequences—

HELMBOLD'S HIGHLY CONCENTRATED FLUID

EXTRACT OF BUCHU.

THERE IS NO TONIC LIKE IT. It is an anchor of hope to the surgeon and patient; and this is the testimony of all who have used or prescribed it.

HELMBOLD'S FLUID EXTRACT BUCHU for Non Retention or Incontinence of Urine Irritation, Inflammation or Ulceration of the Bladder or Kidneys, Diseases of the Prostate Gland, Stone in the Bladder, Calculus, Gravel or Brick Dust Deposit, and all Diseases of the Bladder, Kidneys, and Dropsical Swellings.

HELMBOLD'S FLUID EXTRACT BUCHU,

In affections peculiar to females, is unequalled by any other preparation, for all complaints incident to the sex, whether arising from habits of dissipation, imprudencies, or in the Decline or Change of Life.

HELMBOLD'S FLUID EXTRACT BUCHU AND IMPROVED ROSE WASH

Will radically exterminate from the system Diseases of the Urinary Organs arising from habits of dissipation at little expense, little or no change in diet, and no exposure, completely superseding those unpleasant and dangerous remedies, Copaiba and Mercury in curing those unpleasant and DANGEROUS DISEASES.

USE HELMBOLD'S FLUID EXTRACT BUCHU

in all cases of the Urinary Organs, whether existing in male or female, from whatever cause originating, and no matter of how long standing. It is pleasant in taste and odor, immediate in its action, and more strengthening than any of the preparations of Bark or Iron.

Those suffering from Broken-down or Delicate Constitutions, procure the remedy at once

The reader must be aware that however slight may be the attack of the above disease it is sure to affect the bodily health, mental powers, happiness and that of posterity Our flesh and blood are supported from these sources,

PHYSICIANS, PLEASE NOTICE!

We make no secret of the ingredients. *HELMBOLD'S FLUID EXTRACT BUCHU* is composed of Buchu, Cubebs and Juniper Berries, se ected with great care, and prescribed by the most eminent physicians. Prepared in vacuo by *H. T. HELMBOLD* Druggist and Chemist of sixteen years' experience in the city of Philadelphia

[Dr. KEYSER is a physician of over twenty years' experience, and a graduate of the Jefferson Medical College, and of the University of Medicine an Surgery of Philadelphia.]

MR. H. T. HELMBOLD.—Dear Sir:—In regard to the question asked me as to my opinion about *Buchu*, I would say that I have used and sold the article in various forms for the past thirty years. I do not think there is any form or preparation of it I have not used or known to be used, in the various diseases where such medicate agent would be indicated. You are aware, as well as myself that it has been extensively employed in the various diseases of the bladder and kidneys, and the reputation it has acquired, in my judgment, is warranted by the facts.

I have seen and used, as before stated, every form of *Buchu*—the powdered leaves the simple decoction tincture fluid extracts—and I am not cognizant of any preparation of that plant at all equal to yours Twelve years' experience ought I think, to give me the right to judge of its merits and without prejudice or partiality I give yours precedence over all others.

I value your Buchu for its effect on patients I have cured with it and seen cured with it, more diseases of the bladder and kidneys than I have ever seen cured with any other Buchu, or any other proprietory compound of whatever name. Respectfully yours, etc.,

GEORGE H. KEYSER M. D.,
No. 140 Wood street, Pittsburg, Pa.

August 11, 1865.

HELMBOLD'S

FLUID EXTRACT OF SARSAPARILLA,

HIGHLY CONCENTRATED.

One bottle equivalent in strength to one gallon of the Syrup or Decoction.

It reaches the seat of the disease immediately, expelling all HUMORS OF THE BLOOD, and

BEAUTIFYING THE COMPLEXION!

These articles being of such strength, the dose is exceedingly small. From this fact it is used in the United States Army Hospitals and public Sanitary Institutions throughout the land.

PRINCIPAL DEPOTS

HELMBOLD'S DRUG AND CHEMICAL WAREHOUSE,

No. 594 BROADWAY, New York;

AND

HELMBOLD'S MEDICAL DEPOT,

No 104 S TENTH Street, below Chestnut, Philadelphia.

SOLD BY DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE.

BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS.

ASK FOR HELMBOLD'S

THIRD EDITION

EUROPE.

THE "CITY OF PARIS" AT NEW YORK.

HIGHLY IMPORTANT NEWS.

War Between Austria, Italy, and Prussia Inevitable.

THE PEACE NEGOTIATIONS BROKEN OFF.

Failure of the Conference Scheme.

A DECLARATION OF WAR HOURLY EXPECTED.

Extraordinary Demands of Austria.

FINANCIAL TROUBLES IN ENGLAND.

More Failures Reported.

Etc., Etc., Etc., Etc., Etc.

NEW YORK, June 16.—The steamship *City of Paris* has arrived, with Liverpool dates of the 6th inst.

It is fully confirmed that the proposed conference has been abandoned, owing to the demands of Austria, which were regarded by England, France, and Russia as tantamount to a refusal. All negotiations have been broken off by neutrals, and it remains for the armed powers to negotiate among themselves or commence war. The hopes of peace have almost vanished.

The latest London *Times* says that daily, almost hourly, the chances of peace fade away. It believes that the first events will occur in the Elbe Duchies, but that the great move of Austria will be the attempt to possess itself of Silesia.

The *Daily News* says, appearances indicate that a declaration of war, or a manifesto equivalent to it, will proceed from Prussia. The Prussian Government had issued a circular note to the neutral powers, charging Austria with a flagrant breach of treaties, by referring the Holstein question to the Diet.

Prussia has also sent a protest to Austria declaring that the measures announced by Austria in the Diet violates the treaty of Gastein, causes a suspension of the Duchies, and restores the two powers to the positions accorded by the Treaty of Vienna.

An Austrian circular declares that Austria will observe the Gastein Convention until the definite settlement of the question of the Duchies is effected. Her only object in referring the matter to the Diet was to effect such a settlement.

War preparations are reported from all quarters.

After a long debate on the Reform bill Mr. Hayter's amendment in favor of postponement was withdrawn and the bill was ultimately referred to the committee without a division.

An impression was about that the measure would be withdrawn, but the Government gave no indication of such a step

Spain increases her army to 85,000 men.

The London *Times* says Silesia would almost seem to be the prize of the conqueror in the coming campaign. Here Prussia must defend herself, for there is no one to help her. The only aid must come from Russia, and the Czar is now quite indisposed to take up arms on her behalf. If Prussia seizes Holstein it is therefore, not unlikely that Austria will at once cross the frontier.

AUSTRIA.

An imperial decree suspends the laws for the protection of personal liberty in Venetia and other southern parts of Europe. Authority to do likewise, and establish military courts, is given to the General commanding the Army of the North.

The Austrian army is now 800,000 strong, of whom 600,000 will comprise the army of operations—350,000 against Prussia and 250,000 against Italy.

GREAT BRITAIN.

The London *Times* says that the critical relations on the continent have saved the British Ministry.

Peto, Betts & Co. were to resume business in a few days.

INDIA

Bombay advices to May 13 state that serious disasters were anticipated from the state of the cotton market, and a few great firms were expected to suffer very severely. Half a million bales have been shipped since the 1st of January, and the shippers would have to sustain a loss of from 4d @5d. per pound.

In the London Money Market there is some expectation of a reduction of the bank rate next week.

The Prussian army consists of 452 battalions of infantry, 320 squadrons of cavalry, 1086 field pieces, etc., the largest that Prussia ever set afoot.

The Italian volunteers number 95,000.

The typhus fever is said to have broken out in the Italian army at the frontier

Troops are being forwarded daily, and headquarters are swarming with troops.

The Emperor of Austria was expected at Prague, should the war break out.

Advices from Berlin state that Bismark would accompany the King as soon as he proceeds to headquarters.

The Royal body-guard left Potsdam on the 5th.

The Italian Government is said to be engaging London steamers to carry troops.

The Austrian commander has convoked the estates of Holstein for the 11th of June, by order of the Emperor.

The Saxon Chamber of Deputies had voted the credit required by the Government, and approved the projected armaments.

THE LATEST.

LONDON, June 6.—Consols for money, 85¾@86; United States Five-twenties, 64@64¼; Illinois Central 75@75¾.

The firm of Alsa & Westermann's has suspended; the liabilities are heavy and widespread. The Directors do not doubt that all will be paid in full, and only an inconsiderable portion of the paid-up capital lost. The event caused considerable commercial depression, although not unexpected

The crisis on the Continent continues, and war was apparently inevitable.

LIVERPOOL, June 6.—The steamer *Bremen* has arrived. The sales of cotton to-day were 4000 bales, at a decline of ⅛d. Middling Uplands are quoted at about 13¾d. The sales to speculators were 1000 bales.

Breadstuffs inactive.

Provisions inactive and downward.

The Paris Bourse is very flat; Rentes, 62.

Arrived, from Philadelphia, ships *Elvira Owen*, at Antwerp, and *Magicians* at Flushing.

BERLIN, June 6.—Prince Frederick Charles will leave for the headquarters of the Prussian army in Silesia to-morrow evening. His staff leaves for the same point to day

FLORENCE, June 6.—Great agitation prevails in Venice, owing to the forced loan and refusal of the municipality to co-operate in collecting it.

Large numbers had deserted the city in consequence of the new conscription

The authorities have made arrangements to carry away the funds and valuables of the Basilica of St Marks.

PARIS, June 6.—The *Moniteur du Soir* states that the reservation of Austria to her acceptance of the Conference prevented any thorough examination of the Austro-Italian difference and adds that England and Russia considered that under these circumstances the deliberations of the Conference would have no real utility

The Government of the Emperor could not but share this opinion and relinquish for the present the hope it entertained from the immediate assembling of the plenipotentiaries

PARIS, June 6 8:30 P. M.—The Bourse is firm; Rentes closed at 62 .75c.

Commercial Intelligence.

LIVERPOOL COTTON MARKET.—The sales of three days amount to 35 000 bales. The market opened buoyant, with an advance of ⅛d, but closed heavy, with the improvement more than lost. The sales to speculators and exporters amount to 5000 bales.

STATE OF TRADE.—The Manchester markets are quiet, but steady.

LIVERPOOL BREADSTUFFS MARKET.—Breadstuffs are firmer except mixed Corn, which is quiet. Messrs. Richardson, Spence & Co., report Flour firm and holders demand an advance. Wheat steady. Corn has a downward tendency, and prices 2d. lower; sales at 29s 3d @29s 6d for mixed

LIVERPOOL PROVISIONS MARKET.—Provisions are dull. Beef dull; prices easier. Pork inactive, but steady. Bacon firmer. Butter quiet, but steady. Lard nominal. Tallow quiet but steady.

LIVERPOOL PRODUCE MARKET.—Ashes quiet at 30s for pots. Sugar quiet, but steady. Rice, no sales. Linseed Oil quiet. Bacon dull. Spirits of Turpentine flat and nominal.

LONDON MARKETS—Breadstuffs firmer. Sugar quiet but steady. Coffee steady. Tea easier. Rice firm. Tallow dull at 42s

LONDON MONEY MARKET.—Consols 85⅞@85¾; Five-Twenties, 64¼; Illinois Centra, 74¾@75¾; Erie Railroad, 40¾@41¼

MEXICO.

The News of Santa Anna's Movements Received at the Capital—Great Excitement Among Liberals and Imperialists—Maximilian Badly Scared—French War Vessels Despatched from Vera Cruz to Intercept Santa Anna—The Interview Between Mr. Seward and the General at St. Thomas—The Secretary tells Upon Santa Anna to Save the Republic of Mexico—Deplorable Condition of the Country—The Drowning Man Catching at Straws—He Raises Up Sticks to Break his own "Crown"—Imperialist Report of the Last Fight at Mazatlan—Maximilian's Budget for 1866, Etc.

SANTA ANNA'S VISIT TO NEW YORK—GREAT EXCITEMENT IN THE CAPITAL.

CITY OF MEXICO, June 3.—Great excitement has been created among all classes in this city by the news received at Vera Cruz, from St. Thomas, of the unexpected departure of General Santa Anna for New York. All parties seem to agree in the inference that this move is preparatory to his again taking a prominent part in the affairs of Mexico The imperialists, especially those holding office under the present *regime*, show decided symptoms of uneasiness; they fear that the prestige of Santa Anna's name and past history may prove so strong a reinforcement to the Liberal cause that Maximilian and his mercenaries will melt away before it.

The Liberals, on the other hand, are overjoyed, and the confidence in the approaching re-establishment of the republic which has sprung up among them since the coming evacuation of the French was announced, has increased tenfold. They regard the downfall of the empire as inevitable, and may claim at the time which must yet elapse prior to the departure of the last of the French troops appear to look upon the evacuation of the French as tantamount to a removal of the one insuperable obstacle to the triumph of the republican cause and the ousting of Max and suite; for they look upon the Austrians and Belgians as "hired assassins," utterly unable to stand alone against Mexican bayone s Maximilian's project of a grand imperial Mexican national guard, designed to replace the French troops is treated by the Liberals with ridicule and contempt.

Upon Maximilian and his advisers the news of Santa Anna's departure from St. Thomas seems to have created a decidedly unpleasant effect. That great alarm was caused by this move is evident from the fact that shortly after the news was received at the capital, a telegraphic despatch was received by the commandant of the French squadron at Vera Cruz ordering certain vessels to proceed to sea at once, and cruise about for the purpose of intercepting the *Georgia*, and effecting, if possible, the capture of Santa Anna and his party. The ex-President was, however, too quick for them.

THE SUPPOSED CAUSE OF SANTA ANNA'S VISIT TO THE UNITED STATES.

It is generally believed here that Santa Anna's sudden departure from his splendid estate at St. Thomas for New York is traceable to certain loud hints thrown out by Secretary Seward during his visit to Santa Anna at St. Thomas. Parties reputed "posted" assert that during the interview between the two statesmen Mr Seward expressed the opinion to Santa Anna that the republican cause in Mexico was going to ruin for lack of a man of distinction and ability to take the head of affairs, and that he told the General plainly that he (Santa Anna) was the only man capable of controlling and harmonizing the various Liberal elements and of insuring the the success of the liberal cause.

Whereupon Santa Anna, it is believed, took the hint and proceeded to New Yorkm, making the voyage, prince like, in his own vessel. It is likewise stated that Santa Anna received assurances from the Secretary of State before leaving St. Thomas that he would receive at least indirect aid from the United States Government in his attempt to restore the republic in Mexico and drive out Maximilian and his hirelings. It remains to be seen what Santa Anna will actually do, and how far the United States Government will modify the application of the principles of neutrality with a view to the enforcement of the Monroe doctrine and the encouragement of the Liberal cause in Mexico.

CHANGE OF MINISTRY.

The Council of Ministers has met every day for the past fortnight, and was presided over by the Emperor. Rumors of a general change of ministry gain credence. M. Salazar Illarregui, at present of the Interior Bureau, is to succeed M. Somero as Minister of the Interior. M. Salazar Illarregui turns over the portfolio of the Interior to M Marin.

FROM THE PACIFIC SIDE.

Latest advices from Alamos, Sonora, state that the people of Alamos are in a suffering condition, and that although the neighboring plantations are sadly impoverished, still they have to travel to them for subsistence of all kinds, Martinez (Liberal), when he entered Alamos, issued an order declaring traitors several persons who fled to Guaymas. He destroyed their estates, and authorized all persons to kill them, no matter where found. From the river Rosario, Sinaloa, to the United States frontier the whole country is in the power of the Liberals, except Mazatlan, Guaymas and Ures.

Sonora and Sinoloa are now at the mercy of the Liberal commands of Corona, Martinez, Pesqueira Garcia Morales, Otero, Angta Zuniga, and Aguirre No one can go out from the three last named places one league in safety. A short time since Otero with two hundred cavalry, moved to Rancho, a place situated at two leagues from Guaymas, and carried off several individuals who were making themselves obnoxious to the Liberal cause. Fistier, a French officer, hearing of this, moved to Rancho with two hundred infantry of the 62d, when Otero retired. The return of the Imperial Lozado Brigade to Topic is said to have enabled the Liberals to come out more freely.

IMPERIAL OFFICIAL ACCOUNT OF THE LAST ENGAGEMENT WITH CORONA.

MAZATLAN, May 11.—To the Minister of War, City of Mexico—SIR:—Since the withdrawal of General Lezodo's command nothing of particular importance has transpired except the organization of Captain Durand's French company, which has made several short excursions into the interior. In one of these it surprised a small detached force of the enemy, taking some horses and arms, and killing a number of their men Afterwards, on the 3d instant, a column moved from here to Palos Prietao, and thence to Urias, at which latter place it halted. On the 8th it continued its march to El Presidio, where the officer in command ascertained that Cerorio had reconcentrated his forces, numbering about two thousand men in the small roads of Barron, as far as Ua anso, a position which is considered quite strong, owing to the topography of the country.

Immediately the Imperial commander sent a column in the direction of the small roads, where the enemy was found in line of battle, fully prepared to fight. At 10 A. M. an engagement commenced with artillery, and was afterwards continued with small arms Is lasted only three-quarters of an hour, but was nevertheless a bloody one. At the expiration of the time mentioned the enemy retreated precipitately. * * * More than two hundred dead bodies were found on the field. We took in the engagement, two pieces of artillery, one hundred and twenty muskets, and some munitions of war. * * * Corona, on the day the battle took place, had by 6 P. M. retreated to Siqueros, nine leagues from the scene of the conflict in the morning. He had with him only between six and seven hundred men.

ANTONIO GROSSO, Prefect.

REPORTED IMPERIALIST VICTORIES.

A column of French troops, two hundred strong, despatched from Durango to Fresnillo Zacatecas, is reported to have gained a considerable victory near the latter place, taking two pieces of artillery and some arms and horses. Auza is said to have commanded the Liberals, whose strength was far inferior to that of the other side. Another triumph over a Liberal detachment is reported to have occurred at Cohotsan. The Liberal chief, Ramon Sanchez Roman is reported killed, and Trinidad Garcia de la Cadena Jesus Sanchez Roman, and Prejedis Banuelos are reported wounded.

AFFAIRS AT TLACATALPAM.

Tlacatalpam is in distress. Its citizens are suffering considerably. No commerce is being carried on, and everything in the provision line is enormously high. At the beginning of May the Liberals made a demonstration in it at neighborhood against the Imperialists but did not gain any particular advantages by the movement. On the 9th ult. they made another attack but were defeated. It was said that their intention was to burn several houses in the city On the 25th the imperialists sent out a reconnoitring party, eighty strong, who had a skirmish. On the 28th there was another fight, but, taken altogether, the operations have not been extensive enough nor sufficiently fruitful in results to merit further notice.

THE BUDGET

The estimates put in for expenses from May 1 to December 21, 1866, are as follows:—

State	$157,572 98
Foreign affairs and marine	182,045 95
Interior	442 962-18
Justice	892 536 71
Public instruction	273,561 35
Commerce	854,293 00
Total	$2 802 972-17

La Sociedad says that the total expenses of the Government for the year ending December 31, 1866, will reach, it not exceed, $30,000,000; $16,000,000 being the amount necessary to cover the expenses of the interior administration, and the rest for the general public debt.

DEATH OF A DISTINGUISHED GENERAL.

General Romulo del Valle died in Mexico a short time since, aged 74 years. He was born in the city of Morelos, served in many campaigns, and was always a staunch Liberal. His loss is deeply deplored by his countrymen.

There have been no arrivals of Austrian troops lately.

The French continue to accumulate coal at Vera Cruz

Considerable sickness is said to exist among people, principally foreigners, at Cordova.

Here, where there are fevers of all kinds, and the hospitals are full of patients, and the private houses not very generally exempt from these, the authorities recently wished to quarantine a vessel direct from New York "to prevent the introduction of cholera."

CHOLERA IN NEW YORK.

History of the Disease During the Present Season—First Results of House-to-House Visitation.

Thirteen cases of cholera have occurred in this city since the 1st of May—all provoked by local causes—five of which proved fatal. Four of these were reported to the Board of Health yesterday. Of the latter number one died—a woman at No. 188 Elizabeth street—while the remaining three were in partial collapse at a late hour last evening, with very slender hope of recovery. One of them, a gentleman who has been but a short time in the city, visiting a friend in Waverly place, near Christopher street, came down town yesterday morning after breakfast, was seized with the disease, and taken to his room at 10 o'clock in part al collapse. Another occurred in the same street and was reported to the Sanitary Superintendent at 6 o'clock last evening. The fourth was discovered by the house-to-house visitors in Cherry alley yesterday morning at 10 o'clock.

HISTORY OF THE DISEASE DURING THE PRESENT SEASON.

At the request of the Sanitary Committee of the Board of Health, Dr Harris prepared the following sketch of the victims, the places in which the disease has occurred, and their sanitary management during the present season, as recorded in the Bureau of Records and Vital Statistics. The record of special inquiry into the history of the fatal cases of diarrhœal disease in the city commenced on the 19th of April, and has extended to thirty-six localities and families, and to the history of thirty-four deaths The course of the cholera poison has been as follows, as reported by Dr. Harris:—

May 1, at 10 A. M., at corner of Ninety-third street and third avenue, Mrs. Jenkins died.

May 2 at 9 A. M., in No 115 Mulberry street, Mrs. Dooley was found sick with cholera. This case received constant medical care.

June 4, at 9 A. M., No. 303 Broome street, Mr. Frazier died. Mr. Frazier was in feeble health and susceptible to the poison of cholera The diarrhœa stage received no care.

June 7, at 2 A. M., at No 303 Broome street, Mrs. Davis died. Mrs. Davis probably was killed by direct infection from the soiled clothing. She was second killed.

June 9 in morning, at No 238 W. Twentieth street, Mrs. Bell was reported sick with cholera. Mrs Bell was several hours in partial collapse, but the vital functions were sustained, and she recovered.

June 10, at noon at No. 3 Hester street, Mrs Pearson reported in cholera. This was a marked case, produced by local causes, but plainly of the pestilential type of cholera. She recovered.

June 13, at 4 A. M., at No. 66 West Thirty-fifth street, Miss Kelly died. This woman was exposed in a region where cholera is destined to be epidemic if not searched.

June 13, at 8 P. M. at No 57 Cherry street, Patrick Shea died. Mr. Shea's death was caused solely by cholera.

June 14, at 3 P. M., at No. 35 Cherry street, a woman in partial collapse This case was in the centre of Gotham court, and out a stone's throw from the last.

June 15, 10 A. M., at No. 157 Waverley place, a gentleman in partial collapse. He went to his business down town on the morning of the 15th

June 15 at 10 A. M., in Cherry alley, a woman in partial collapse This woman, like the second case above, was discovered by the house-to-house visitors.

June 15, at 10 A. M., at No. 188 Elizabeth street, a woman died

At the same time and place a sudden colla se followed a common bowel complaint in a portly man.

Besides these cases, we might report to you the very strongly suspected character of some of the diarrhœal disease and deaths, which we have preferred not to consider as primarily dependent upon the cholera poison.

Gentlemen, we must speak of and treat cholera as a poison. It attacks the vital functions as a poison. It arrests the circulation, interrupts the respiratory processes, dams up all excretions by the great emunctories of the liver and kidneys, decomposes the blood, and kills as a virulent poison kills.

That cholera is an infectious poison every one of your medical officers ought to believe. That this infection may be controlled and destroyed by our agency, if means are well chosen and promptly applied, I believe so fully that I would as soon see the torch applied to a thousand mansions in our city as to hesitate to assume what we know. The rice water or ominous water of cholera patients have the property of creating, very soon after being voided and exposed to the atmosphere. In every instance I rejoice to say, you, the Superintendent, and the President of the Board, have promptly indorsed this view of the danger and the duty, and in every instance, I believe, every precaution has been used that science, experience, and exact knowledge could suggest. That there are other and widely diffused factors of an epidemic of cholera to be feared we very well know, but with profound reverence we can fearlessly assert that all such factors of cholera which human agency can control are actually controlled by the Board of Health and the inhabitants of the city. In dealing with these controllable poisons that make up the epidemic causes of cholera there is greater demand for vigilance than in the management and control of nitro-glycerine or the most subtle chemicals. Instant cleansing and absolute disinfection must be enforced wherever the germs of cholera seek a foothold, or we may re-enact the so emn farce that was witnessed in Paris last autumn, when the French Government withheld from the public the information and the warn in that were required to save the 8000 lives which were sacrificed to the epidemic in ninety days We did the chief medical officer of registration in England say, in a note to me at that time, "They (the Parisians) do not see as we do that an accurate knowledge of facts, far from terrifying, reassures and braces up the nerves of our people." Let the inhabitants of New York know what exists, what is needed, what are sources of danger, and what are the best means of sanitary protection, and there will be no pestilence. This statement is due to ourselves when ignorant men and theorists may brand us as a panic-ists, or may exclaim that we fight against Providence. That the cholera poison is in this city we know, and that it has thus far struck down its victims in accordance with the principle that removable causes have localized it or excited it into fatal activity, we have seen proof in the twelve cases that have occurred. Could we read a more important lesson?

FIRST RESULTS OF HOUSE-TO HOUSE VISITATION.

Dr. Harris presented the following report of the results of house-to-house visitation in the Fourth Ward, on the 14th inst., showing two cases of cholera and eighteen other cases of diarrhœal disease, all of which were treated by physicians under the employ of the Board of Health.

In the block bounded by Cherry, Roosevelt, Water, and Dover streets the visitors found 167 families, comprising 810 persons. The disease was dysentery; one case at No. 29 Cherry street; the patient is a sailor, twenty-four years of age; the attack began at sea, and had been three weeks in progress At No. 304 Water street, child five years of age sick with diarrhœa, one day in progress. At No. 36 Cherry street, child two years of age sick with diarrhœa, one week in progress. At No. 33 Cherry street, woman fifty-six years of age, three days sick with diarrhœa.

In the block bounded by Cherry, Pearl, Oak, and Roosevelt streets, are 408 families, comprising 2310 persons. Two cases of cholera morbus were found; one, of a woman 19 years of age, who had been sick three days at No. 362 Pearl street; the other of a woman aged 40 years, who had been sick one day at No 36 Cherry street. Of diarrhœa there were four cases; one, of a man 21 years of age, sick two weeks at No 76 Oak street; second, a woman aged 40 years, 12 hours sick at No. 36 Cherry street; third, a man aged 35 years, had been sick 12 hours at No. 9 Oak street; fourth, a child two years of age, 10 days sick at No. 22 Cherry street

In the block bounded by Cherry, Roosevelt, Water streets and James slip live 152 families. A man aged 26 years had been eight hours sick of cholera morbus at No. 57 Cherry street.

In the block bounded by New Chambers, Cherry, and Roosevelt streets are 122 families A woman aged 38 years had been three weeks sick of dysentery at No. 66 Cherry street A boy 6 years of age, three days sick of dysentery, at No. 52 Cherry street. A man aged 47 years had been two weeks sick of dysentery, at No. 64 Cherry street.

In the block bounded by Cherry, Oliver, Water, and Roosevelt streets are 106 families. A child two years of age had been four days sick of cholera infantum at No. 93 Oliver street. A child aged four years had been one week sick of cholera infantum at 372 Water street. A child aged four years had been sick two days of cholera infantum at No. 368 Water street A child aged three years had been two days sick of diarrhœa from teething at No. 99 Cherry street.

In the block bounded by Water, Front, James, and Roosevelt streets are 100 families, and therein but one case was found. It was that of a woman aged forty years, sick one day of vomiting at No. 345 Water street

The totals are 1115 families, estimated at 4½ persons to a family, making 4907 persons.—*New York Tribune.*

FROM BALTIMORE TO-DAY.

The Presbyterian Loyalty Troubles—Another Secessionist, Etc.

[SPECIAL DESPATCH TO THE EVENING TELEGRAPH.]

BALTIMORE, June 16.—Rev. J. A. Lefebvre, of the Fourth Presbyterian Church, Franklin street, addressed his congregation last night *a la* Bullock, and announced his intention of withdrawing from the Old School General Assembly and the congregation consequent upon Northern dogmas of loyalty issued by that body. His congregation goes through the formula of voting to sustain him next Wednesday evening. Rev. Dr. Backus, Cyrus Dickinson, and about one-fourth of the congregation protested. The contagion, however, is likely to spread until most of the Old School congregations withdraw. The movement causes much excitement. The question of the right to Church property is likely to be tested in our courts.

From California.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 15.—The Chamber of Commerce has published the proceedings of a special meeting, recommending Congress to pass an act to relieve the steam line to Japan and China from the necessity of stopping at Honolulu, as five days would be lost in each passage, or ten days in the round trip. They also suggest the passage of a bill to authorize a line of mail steamers between the Sandwich Islands and San Francisco.

Nearly all the Russian telegraph fleet have gone North. Reports from crops in the field are highly encouraging Reports from San Joaquin county and other parts of the State indicate heavy crops, the late rains having done no damage. The steamer *Moses Taylor* sailed to day for San Juan del Sur. Mining shares are unchanged.

From Cincinnati.

CINCINNATI, June 16.—The Masonic Temple at the corner of Third and Walnut streets was damaged by fire yesterday, to the extent of $15,000. The loss is covered by insurance.

Walter B. Watson, the murderer of Capt. Menter, was tried at Newport, Ky., yesterday, and found guilty.

Mortimer Gibbony, one of the murderers of Abraham Durns, was hung at Parkersburg, West Virginia, yesterday.

Death of the Mother of Senator Sumner.

BOSTON, June 16.—The mother of Senator Sumner, of Massachusetts, died yesterday, aged about eighty-one years.

Shipment of Gold.

NEW YORK, June 16.—The steamers *Ville de Paris*, *Etna*, *Alemannia*, and *Hibernia* sailed for Europe this morning, taking $2 087,000 in gold.

Arrival of the "Borussia."

NEW YORK, June 16.—The steamer *Borussia* has arrived from Hamburg. Her advices are anticipated

FINANCE AND COMMERCE.

OFFICE OF THE EVENING TELEGRAPH,
Saturday, June 16, 1866.

The Stock Market opened very dull and unsettled this morning. Railroad shares continue the most active on the list. Catawissa preferred sold at 25½, a decline of 1; Pennsylvania Railroad at 54¼, no change; Norristown at 55, no change; and Philadelphia and Erie at 31½, a decline of ½ on the closing price last evening; 129½ was bid for Camden and Amboy; 54¼ for Reading; 56 for Minehill; 38 for North Pennsylvania; and 43 for Northern Central.

Government bonds are firmly held 5-20s of 62 and 10-40s at 96¾ 110¼ was bid for 6s of 1881 and 102¼ for 7 30s. City loans are in fair demand with sales of the new issue at 97

City Passenger Railroad shares are unchanged Ridge avenue sold at 14 26 was bid for Second and Third; 40 for Fifth and Sixth; 22 for Thirteenth and Fifteenth; 38½ for Spruce and Pine; 59 for Chesnut and Walnut; 18½ for Hestonville; and 27 for Girard College.

In Canal shares there is very little movement. 26 was bid for Schuylkill Navigation common; 34 for preferred do.; 56½ for Lehigh Navigation; 120 for Morris Canal preferred; 15 for Susquehanna Canal; 52 for Delaware Division; and 69½ for Wyoming Valley Canal.

Bank shares continue in good demand, but we hear of no sales. 228 was bid for North America; 141 for Philadelphia; 123½ for Farmers' and Mechanics'; 58 for Commercial; 90 for Northern Liberties; 30½ for Mechanics'; 50 for Penn Township; 52 for Girard; 80 for Western; and 64 for City.

Gold has advanced 10 per cent. on the closing price last evening, owing to the late warlike news from Europe—opening at 154½; advanced and sold at 157½ at 11 o'clock; 158½ at 12 M.; and 158 at 1 P. M.

TREASURY TRANSFER ORDERS—FRACTIONAL CURRENCY.—The following circular has just been promulgated:—

TREASURY DEPARTMENT, TREASURER'S OFFICE, June 15, 1866.—The circulars of March 15 and June 2, 1864, issued from this office, having been in some respects misunderstood by the depositories, and by agents of the express company, the following is substituted for those portions relating to the payment of transfer orders:—

"Transfer orders made upon national bank depositories may be paid in either of the following modes:—First, wholly in United States notes or the notes of the national banks, or both; second, wholly in drafts on the conditions stated below: third, partly in United States notes, or the notes of national banks, and partly in drafts When payment of such orders, in whole or in part, is made in United States notes, or the notes of national banks such notes shall be by the depository put up securely in packages and sealed with the seal of the institution, so that such packages may remain intact, with the amount therein contained distinctly marked thereon, which packages shall be addressed to the Treasurer of the United States Assistant Treasurer or United States Depositary, to whom the transfer order shall have been directed to be made, and delivered to the Adams Express Company or its agent, taking receipt therefor Such packages shall contain none other than United States notes or the notes of national banks. When a depository prefers to make payment of such transfer orders in whole or in part in Boston, New York, or Philadelphia, or at another office in the place where the delivery is to be made, the agent of the Express Company shall receive the draft of said bank payable to the order of Adams Express Company, on either of said named cities where its funds may be, or on the place where such delivery is to be made, for the amount desired to be paid in this manner giving a conditional receipt for said draft. To be valid when it shall have been collected, such drafts are not to be put in any package or envelope but must be delivered open directly to the Express Company, so as to be receipted for separately and conditionally. The proceeds of such draft, it drawn on a point other than the place named in the transfer order, where delivery was directed to be made by said order, shall be collected by the Express Company, and deposited with the Assistant Treasurer or designated depository of the United States other than a national bank depository, in the city where the draft is payable. When the draft is only a partial payment of the transfer order, notes equal to the amount of the remainder of such order shall, at the same time be delivered to the express company or its agents, in the manner hereinbefore prescribed. In all cases the drafts, whether for a whole or a portion of the transfer order, must express upon the face that they are payable in United States notes, or notes of national banks. The circular of May 14, 1864, in relation to the reimbursement of depositories for postage or fractional currency redeemed is so modified that the depository may, should it prefer, be reimbursed therefor by fractional currency forwarded from this office. Fractional currency will be furnished to a depository on receipt of his certificate of deposit, that an amount equal to the the amount of currency desired, which must in all cases be one thousand dollars, or its multiple, has been placed with said depository to the credit of the Treasurer of the United States. Fractional currency in like amounts will be furnished to others on receipt of a certificate of deposit, that the amount has been placed to the credit of the Treasurer of the United States in a depository of the United States. The expense of transmission of fractional currency in either of the above cases, will be borne by the department. The officer or bank remitting parcels of United States currency which have been deposited with them for redemption by the holders thereof, in accordance with Circular No 2 from this office, January 31, 1866 will make such parcels into packages containing as near one thousand dollars as its multiple as may be, and write upon such packages the name of the bank or person remitting, and the amount contained therein, and state on the outside of each package "Forwarded under contract with the Adams Express Company," which packages should be addressed to the "Treasurer of the United States Washington, D. C

LITERATURE.

THIRTY YEARS OF ARMY LIFE ON THE BORDER. By Colonel R. B. Marcy, U. S. A. Harper & Brothers. Philadelphia Agents: J. B. Lippincott & Co.

A richly bound and finely printed work, abounding in well-executed illustrations, cannot fail to be an attractive volume to the lover of the luxurious in literature, but when its diction is pure, its description graphic, and its subject matter new, it is a welcome companion, a friend and an entertainer, as well as an ornament. The work of Colonel Marcy comes partially under such a description. In some parts the author is inclined to be too diffuse, but as a whole it is both original and well written, while all must admire its typography. Colonel Marcy, in an experience of thirty years, has been enabled to collate a vast supply of materials, for which he has copiously drawn on his "army life." It is full of anecdote, adventure, and valuable information. Many parts of it are of deep interest, and much new light is let in upon that rapidly diminishing race, the prairie Indians. The main portion of the work is generally so continuous that we cannot quote from it, but the more humorous portion will well bear republication. The following excellent description of a frontiersman we give entire:—

I had made a new road from New Mexico that was extensively travel ed by California emigrants, and was a very great advantage to the settlers along its line. Some years after its completion I stopped over night with one of them, a Virginian, who was delighted to see me, regarded me as a benefactor, would have liked to give me a barbecue, extended the hospitalities of his house, and said that I could be elected to Congress from that district. I thanked him for his kind wishes in my behalf, and informed him that I should not be able to stay for the barbacue, but that, if it was perfectly convenient, we would with pleasure dine with him. After dinner I hesitated for some time about offering compensation to our host, but finally did so by asking him how much we were indebted for our dinner. He replied, "Only six bits apiece, Cap." (The usual price in that country was two bits.) As we were preparing to leave, he remarked, "You must give us a call on your return, sir, and stay over night with us, sir; I want to show you a specimen of genuine old Virginia hospitality, sir." He then directed one of the negroes to bring up our horses; and, as we were mounting, said, "Gentlemen, don't give that boy Jake two bits apiece for taking care of your horses; don't do it, gentlemen." (We had then made no demonstration towards rewarding the boy.) From the price we paid for our dinner, it occurred to me that if the barbacue had come off, the Virginian's hospitality might have proved rather an expensive affair to me.

Again, referring to the well-known hospitality of Virginia, he says:—

"Are you gwine fur to jine ole Zack down in Mexico?"

"No, sir, the Mexican war is ended, and we are now on the way for the Choctaw nation."

"Whar did ye come from, stranger?"

"We came last from Pascagoula."

"Mought you be the boss hossifer of that thar army?" pointing to the men.

"I am the commanding officer of that detachment, sir."

"Wall, Mr. Hossifer, be them sure 'nuff sogers, or is they make b'lieve chaps, like I seen down to Orleans?"

"They have passed through the Mexican war, and I trust they have proved themselves not only worthy the appellation of real, genuine soldiers, but of veterans, sir."

"Now I gest want to know one thing more, boss; be them chaps reglars, or be they melish?"

"I assure you that they belong to the regular army of the United States."

Then, pointing to my uniform, he added, "Apperiently, then, fightin's your trade?"

"I adopted the profession of arms at an early age," I replied.

"War you at the Orleans fight, whar our boys gin sich particular fits to ole Pack?" (Packenham I suppose he meant.)

I answered that, though a pretty old soldier, my commission did not date quite so far back as 1814.

"Wall, ole boss, you moughtn't a been thar, but you ain't no chicken now, sure." He continued:—"One time me an' him, Ike Thompson, we went on a sogerin' spree."

"Ah! indeed; in what place did you serve, pray?"

"In several places; but the last pop we fout at the battle of the Hoss-shoe, whar we and ole Hickry cleaned out the Ingines."

"That was a most decisive and sanguinary battle," I observed.

"I calkerlate, Mr. Hossifer, that war the most *de*-cisivest and the most san-*guin*-ariest fight you ever seen in all yer born days. We boys we up and pitched in thar, and we gin the yaller-bellies the most *parr*-ticlar hall Columby. We chawed um all up; we laid um out cold'r nur a wedge; we *saved* every mother's son of um—we did that thar little thing, boss.'

I replied that I had no doubt very many of the Indians were killed, but that I had always been under the impression that some of them made their escape; and, in fact, I was very confident that several Creek Indians were then living upon the Canadian river who participated in the battle of Horse-shoe. He said he "rayther reckon'd not;" but, at all events, he was quite certain "ef any of the dogond varmints did git away, they war d——d badly wounded, sartin sure."

He then produced a bottle of whisky, and gave me a pressing invitation "to liquor," remarking that "he war not too proud to take a horn with a feller soger, even if he war a reglar."

After having taken the drink, he approached me, and in a serious tone said, "Thar's nary paper tuck in this yere settle-*ment*, but I hearn tell that Gin'ral Jackson ar dead; maybe you mought heer'd some talk 'bout it as you com'd 'long the road, stranger?"

The author tells of a Virginian travelling in the same locality, who, on testing the whisky of his Arkansas host, found it rather raw and unpalatable, and mixed it in the shape of a "mint-julep," which was a novel idea to the Arkansian. The latter, however, was delighted with the new style of drink, indulged in it quite liberally, and learned the method of concocting it. The mournful result is told thus:—

"THE OLE MAN'S DEAD, STRANGER."

The Virginian continued on his journey towards Texas, and in due course of time set out to return. On arriving at the house before mentioned, he concluded he would call and renew his acquaintance with his friendly old host. Accordingly, he rode up to the gate, and seeing one of the boys of the family standing near, asked him, "How is the old gentleman, your father, my son?"

The boy, with an air of the most perfect indifference, replied:—"Why, the ole man's dead, stranger."

"Is it possible! How long since?"

"About two weeks, stranger."

"Ah, indeed! Pray, what was the matter with the poor old gentleman, my son?"

"Waal, now, stranger, I'll tell ye what it war. Thar war an old fellar from Virginie; he com'd along this way last summer, and he list ups and larns the ole man to drink greens in his licker, and you can bet your life on't it knocked him higher nor a kite!"

Upon the Virginian's suggestion to the boy that it might have been possible the bad quality of the whisky exercised a more deleterious influence upon his father's health than the mint, he replied:—

"No, stranger, it war not the whisky, for we've allers used licker in our family, and though it made old mom powerful weak, yet it never phazed old pop any time—no, it war the greens, as sure as yer born."

The work is one of deep interest, and will be read with profit, as well as pleasure, by all who desire information and seek entertainment.

Among the amusing army stories is one of a green young cadet from Arkansas, who passed through a variety of adventures in getting to West Point, and finally arrived there. What followed our readers shall see:—

THE ARKANSAS CADET.

Now his letter of appointment required him to report in person to the superintendent, Colonel Thayer, who was a very refined, courteous, and dignified gentleman, but, at the same time, he was exceedingly rigid in enforcing the strictest discipline, and the highest respect for rank and military authority. My young friend, after ascertaining where the Colonel's quarters were situated, shouldered his trunk (he was then about six feet high, and powerfully developed), and staggered under its weight up the steep hill to the Superintendent's house, put down his trunk upon the steps, and was at once admitted into the Colonel's presence.

Unlike most of the cadets on their first introduction to this dignitary, he was not in the slightest degree abashed, but felt entirely self-possessed, and, taking a chair close to the Colonel, and looking him attentively in the face, said, "Ole man, ar you Colonel, or Captain, or whatever-you-call-um Thayer?" To which the old gentleman very gravely replied, "I am Colonel Thayer, sir." "Wall, now, look-a yere, Kurn," said the youth, "this yere hill of yourn am a breather; ef it ain't, d—n me."

The Colonel soon comprehended what kind of a specimen of humanity he had before him, and directed his orderly to show him to the barracks, where he was soon inducted into the mysteries of wholesome discipline.

As it may be a matter of curiosity with some to know what success this untutored youth of the forest met with in his academical career, I add, for their information, that he applied himself industriously to his studies, attained a good standing in his class, and, on graduating, was an accomplished gentleman and scholar.

PICTURES OF COUNTRY LIFE. By Alice Carey. Hurd & Houghton. Philadelphia Agent, J. B. Lippincott & Co.

We have seldom been more pleased with any light work than with "Pictures of Country Life." It is written in a genial, pleasant style, and abounds in little sketches drawn from rural life, and depicts society as it exists far from our great commercial centres. Every story is interesting, and just of the proper length. If Mrs. Carey will give us a few more works of similar excellence, she will make a permanent reputation. There is a resemblance about a few of these sketches which make them appear almost the same, but the flow of plot and pleasantry soon drowns all critical censure. The work is beautifully printed in the best style of the enterprising firm of Hurd & Houghton. It comes from their "Riverside Presses."

SELF-LOVE. A novel. T. B. Peterson & Bros.

The third and last of this entertaining series of novels, published by our enterprising neighbors, lies before us. It is a fiction of singular power, written with force, and gives a fine opportunity for the display of an iron style of literature. It depicts an old maid on the downward path of life. We do not know the authoress, but judge that she must be either an old maid herself, or else she possesses a singular power of depicting the sentiments and actions of others. It will have an extensive sale, because of the interest with which it abounds.

—We find from official statistics that at the beginning of this year 372 newspapers were published in the kingdom of Italy. Of these 41 were published in Genoa, 42 in Florence, 44 in Milan, 44 in Naples, and 51 in Turin; the rest in smaller towns. When compared with the population returns these figures give one paper to 93 inhabitants in Milan, one to 111 in Florence, one to 120 in Naples, one to 136 in Genoa, and one to 171 in Turin. The enthusiasm which pushed Italy to its national unity, and now makes it eager for war, and which made the *consorzio* for paying off the national debt popular with all classes, is also displaying itself in literature. The well-written articles in *La Nazione* and *La Perseveranza* show that good minds are devoting themselves with zest to political discussion, and the excellent articles which have appeared in the *Nuova Antologia* since it was revived at Florence display an equal effort in higher literature. The desire of all writers and thinkers in Italy, as is apparent in all their articles, is to make Italy again what it once was, and to arouse and call out the dormant energies of a great and quick-witted people.

—In the Emperor Napoleon's "History of Julius Cæsar" there is a note which contains a list of the sovereigns and princes who have busied themselves about Cæsar's campaigns in Gaul, showing that somehow they have peculiar attractions to persons in exalted positions. Charles the Eighth of France, particularly admired "Cæsar's Commentaries," and the celebrated monk, Robert Gaguin, presented to him in 1480 the French translation he had made of the Gallic war. The Emperor Charles the Fifth left a copy of the "Commentaries" filled with copious marginal notes written by his own hand. The Viceroy of Sicily, Ferdinand Gonzaga, sent a scientific mission into France to study Cæsar's campaigns in the localities. Henry the Fourth translated the first two books of the "Commentaries," and Louis the Thirteenth the last two; an edition of both was printed at the Louvre in 1630. Louis the Fourteenth also translated the first book; Christina, Queen of Sweden, composed "Reflections on the Life and Actions of Cæsar;" Philippe Egalite, the Duke of Orleans, was a great reader of the "Commentaries," and had a map of Cæsar's campaigns in Gaul made. The first Napoleon employed himself at St. Helena in dictating a summary and criticism of Cæsar's wars, which was published in Paris thirty years ago.

—The seventh volume of the most excellent Cambridge edition of Shakespeare is just out, and the eighth, which completes the work, will follow soon. Mr. J. O. Halliwell is preparing for publication, for subscribers only, "Illustrations of the Life and Writings of William Shakespeare." His purpose is to issue in a series of folio volumes a collection of elaborate treatises on Shakespeare's life and works, and on subjects which elucidate them, profusely illustrated with wood-cuts of ancient objects and fac-similes, and printed in the best possible style. After the subscription list closes, no more subscribers will be admitted and no more copies will be printed. The wood blocks will be destroyed, a seemingly barbarous act, but necessary to prevent their subsequent use. All communications respecting the work may be addressed to the author, at No. 6 St. Mary's Place, West Brompton, London. The "German Shakespeare Society," which was founded a year ago at Weimar amid the applause of the German and English public, held recently its anniversary meeting. The society complains that though their efforts are to cultivate the study of German literature as well as of Shakespeare, and to elevate the German stage, yet they have met with small success, and the publication of the "Shakespeare Annual" did not increase their numbers. They do not, however, despair, and as they have still five hundred and seventy-three thalers in the treasury, they are going to continue the work for at least another year.

—Hardly any offense in literature is deserving of as much contempt and reprobation as the too frequent practice of using false quotations from reviews of books to help along the sale of the works. The beginning of one sentence is sometimes joined to the end of another so as to alter entirely the sense of the opinion expressed. This is so common that, except in advertisements by the most honorable publishers, such quotations should be ent rely disregarded by persons thinking of buying the book. Two very reputable firms in London have recently got by the ears over a question of this kind. The *Quarterly Review*, in the April number, had a very severe article on "Ecce Homo," condemning it as unsound in faith, untrue in fact, and uncritical in style. Messrs. Macmillan, the publishers of "Ecce Homo," thought that no advertisement would be so good as this sweeping condemnation, and accordingly reprinted this sentence from the *Quarterly*:—"The shallowest theories and the flimsiest arguments find a ready reception in an empty mind, and their sole strength is in the weakness and credulity of their dupes. Happily there is a vast body of educated men who are better informed." Mr. Murray, the publisher of the *Quarterly Review*, complained of this citation on the ground that many persons were led to infer that the *Quarterly Review* had commended "Ecce Homo" as an antidote against "shallow theories" and "flimsy arguments," and he published an advertisement containing the whole passage. Messrs. Macmillan printed a counter advertisement repudiating the charge of "garbling," to the effect that "the first sentence of the extract fully expressed the unfavorable opinion formed by the reviewer; and that, in fact, had it not done so, the object of the publishers in reprinting it would not have been answered." To this statement Mr. Murray replied:—"'The first sentence of the extract,' which the publishers of 'Ecce Homo' say 'fully expressed the unfavorable opinion formed by the reviewer,' was as follows:—'To refute all the errors which abound in "Ecce Homo" would be tedious and useless.' This sentence was not in the original advertisement, and was only added by the publishers of 'Ecce Homo' after their first extract had been a subject of comment."

—Among the recent attempts at glossaries of special periods and authors none is more deserving of praise than "The Bible Word-Book," by the late Rev. J. Eastwood and Mr. W. Aldis Wright, the Librarian of Trinity College, Cambridge. This is a small volume, containing a glossary of all the words in the authorized version of the Bible and in the Book of Common Prayer which are there used in a sense different from that which they bear at present. The authorized version does not represent the actual language of 1611; but it is a mosaic of all the different translations that were made, beginning with Tyndale's New Testament, in 1525. The illustrations of the senses of the obsolete words used in the Bible are, therefore, scattered through all the literature of this period. Many of these illustrations, from over a hundred authors, Mr. Wright has here brought together, for Mr. Eastwood died after forming the plan of the book, having done but little to its execution; and the result is a valuable handbook not only for all readers of the Bible, but for all readers of the English literature of the sixteenth century.

—M. Octave Delapierre, one of the secretaries of the French Legation at London, and an active and learned member of the Philobiblion Society, has just printed twenty-five copies of a curious and interesting essay, written for that society, in which he gives an account of all those visions of hell and heaven which have been seen at various times by religious enthusiasts. "Le Livre des Visions en l'Enfer et le Ciel decrits par ceux qui les ont vus," is the title of the narrative. These are not mere descriptions of heaven and hell, of which thousands were written during the Middle Ages, some of them with a pretense of scientific knowledge, but visions which the visionary believed himself, in good faith, to have seen not in dreams or in imagination, but by direct sight. They occurred generally while the patient was in a state of catalepsy and seeming death, and when the soul was supposed to be absent from the body.

—M. Guizot has published a new instalment of his contribution to the most popular literature of the day—that which concerns the origin and history of Christianity. The volume is called "Meditations on the Actual State of the Christian Religion." The volume which he had promised on the origin of Christianity he has postponed for the present, probably to make it more responsive to Renan's "Apostles." The first part of the book presents the picture of the Christian revival in France since the beginning of this century. The second offers a brief explanation and a judicious and rapid appreciation of the systems of philosophy, rationalism, materialism, pantheism, etc., that dispute the ground with religion. The book is well written, and quite equal to the former volume of "Meditations" published last year.

—Mr. Ralph Waldo Emerson, who has published nothing of late except the admirable article on "character" in the last number of the *North American Review*, has been delivering a course of lectures in Boston and elsewhere. These lectures are announced for speedy publication in England, under the name of "Philosophy for the People." The titles of the lectures or chapters are:—The Seven Meters of Intellect, Instinct, Perception, Talent, Genius, Imagination, Taste, Laws of the Mind, Conduct of the Intellect, and Relation of Intellect to Morals. We suppose Messrs. Ticknor and Fields will soon announce the American edition, which is probably printed in England for the sake of cheapness.

A PIANIST IN A DUEL.—A letter from St. Petersburg gives an account of a duel fought between Joseph Braga, a pianist, and a Russian cavalry officer. The latter declared at a court concert that the pianist's attack upon his sonata was so fierce that, had it been made with a sabre instead of the fingers, the instrument would have been hacked to pieces. The pianist challenged the officer, accepting the weapon chosen by the latter—the curved cavalry sabre—although entirely ignorant of its use. He made, however, such a terrific onslaught upon his adversary that he actually split his skull in two.

THE NEW YORK PRESS.

EDITORIAL OPINIONS OF LEADING JOURNALS UPON CURRENT TOPICS.

COMPILED EVERY DAY FOR EVENING TELEGRAPH.

The Consecration of Crime.

From the World.

We learn with some astonishment from the Philadelphia journals that the bones of Probst, the young German who was hung in that city the other day for the cold-blooded murder of a whole family, are to be neatly set up on wires, and preserved, *in æternam rei memoriam*, in the collection of the Jefferson Medical College. There must surely be some mistake here. It is hardly possible that, for the mortal remains of a being of whom just before his execution his attendant clergyman solemnly declared that he was "perfectly fit to approach the throne of his Maker," no better sanctuary can be found than the glass cases of a student's lecture-room.

When we remember that great wars have been, in times past, waged between Christian communities for the possession of the relics of persons reputed superior to their fellows in the power and purity of their faith; when we consider that no more than a year ago the head of the Church at Rome could hit upon no better way of testifying his regard and affection for the exiled King and Queen of Naples than to present them with the newly discovered body of an early Christian martyr; and when we reflect upon the extreme improbability of finding, more than once or twice, even in Philadelphia, a child of grace "perfectly fit to approach the throne of his Maker," we cannot refrain from protesting, in behalf of the spiritual interests of mankind, against the sacrifice to science and to curiosity of these mortal remains of the glorified Probst.

Such a mausoleum as the piety of Philip of Spain erected in the vaults of the Duomo of Milan, to enclose in its shrine of virgin gold and glittering jewels the body of St. Charles Borromeo, would hardly have been too splendid to preserve this pure and wholesome memory. Edward I, "the Hammer of Scotland," enjoined it upon his son and successor to carry his bones, boiled down and sewn up in a sack of leather, at the head of the armies of England, that the awful clatter of their coming might strike the rebellious Scotch into submission; and a similar disposition made of the bones of Probst at Sunday School picnics might have turned them to good uses in the instruction of the young. For merely anatomical purposes, the skeleton of Probst can be of no greater value than that of any commonplace Christian who, after years of a simple and honest life, unilluminated by the revelations of infanticide, passes away in a modest and trembling reliance upon the mercy of the Allwise.

Arbogastus, an Irish saint, once Bishop of Spires, in Germany, desired, we are told, at his death, that he might be buried near the gallows. If such a sepulture became the humility of a bishop, why should it not have befitted the merits of a murderer, upon whom the prospect of the gallows, earned by one of the most cruel and revolting crimes which stain the dark annals of mankind, had wrought such a surpassing marvel of spiritual development as was borne witness to by the clerical attendants of Anton Probst?

Justice done to Probst in this matter, too, would be justice done to a whole class of "latter-day saints" whereof Probst is only the most recent and the most shining exemplar. Mr. Green, the loyal postmaster of Maiden, in Massachusetts, who stealthily slew a youth confiding in his friendship in order that he might steal other people's money to pay his debts withal, and over whose untimely grave Mr. Wendell Phillips has strewn such flowers of philanthropic sympathy; Mrs. Grinder, of Pittsburg, in Pennsylvania, who rivalled the Voisin and the Brinvilliers in a humble way, and passed many years in the unobtrusive extermination by poison of a considerable circle of her friends and relatives; Miss Harris, of Washington, who shot a Treasury clerk in his office to soothe her disappointed affections, and who, upon her acquittal by a weeping jury, was embraced with tears and kisses by her counsel and by the Court—these are but a few of the most prominent instances which at once occur to us in illustration of that recently discovered law of human emotions by which we find that the indulgence of the most intensely selfish passions of our nature conduces directly to the unfolding and blossoming of the soul's sweetest essence, fits us to command the finest sympathies of our fellow-beings, and opens to us the pearl-gates of the better land, "on golden hinges turning." Of this law Victor Hugo is, undoubtedly, the most eloquent living teacher and prophet. The reverence in which it is held throughout France is shown in the perpetual recurrence of jury verdicts, in which individuals who beat their mothers to death with red cotton umbrellas, and roast their fathers alive in hay-ricks, are found "guilty with extenuating circumstances."

In our own country, the progress of similar notions of crime in its spiritual aspects must, so far, be carried mainly to the credit of the clerical profession. To effect the conversion of a brutal and besotted assassin into an incipient angel, is such a piece of spiritual practice as may well tempt both the professional and the personal vanity of an average clergyman. The case of a Probst made "perfectly fit to enter the presence of his Maker," for example, offers a fascinating parallel to the "perfect cures" which make the fortune of an ambitious physician. Whether the carnal or the spiritual hygiene of the people at large is advanced by the advertisement of such marvels is, however, quite another matter.

The greedy joy with which the multitude hang upon the tale, in either instance, would seem to show a popular belief that this is really the case. But if such be the popular belief, it is sad that men should be so inconsequential and illogical as to wreak an antiquated disrespect upon the early tabernacles of beings whose moral qualities extort from them homages which they of old time hesitated to bestow upon the purest and the loftiest of men.

Expulsion of Turkey from Europe.

From the Times.

It has long been asserted in histories of Turkey that a prophecy was preserved by the reigning family to the effect that after a certain number of centuries the Turks would be driven from Europe; that in view of this event, for some considerable time, an especial sum of money was laid aside in the royal treasury. Whether the money still exists among the Sultan's hoards may be doubted, but the prophecy seems at length about being accomplished in this year, destined to be so full of events.

It will be remembered that the two Principalities at the mouth of the Danube have been long under the protectorate of Turkey, each having a separate Prince or Hospodar; though contrary to the stipulations of 1815, the people at length united the two provinces under one Hospodar, Prince Couza. Finally becoming dissatisfied with him, they deposed him, and during this spring have offered a new crown and kingdom, with four millions of inhabitants—say as large as New York State—to a son of Leopold of Belgium. He declined it, and then it was for some mysterious reasons offered to a Prince allied with the reigning house of Prussia—Charles, of the famous royal family of Hohenzollern, a young man of twenty and over, but a person of much spirit and enterprise.

He accepted it at once, crossed Germany in disguise, with only a carpet-bag in hand, went down the Danube, and suddenly appeared at Bucharest, and was crowned Prince of the Principalities with great rejoicings. This action of the "Christain" population of these Provinces is in effect a revolution against the Turks, and will destroy their influence, and finally drive them both from this district and the neighboring country. It is to be borne in mind that the Turks, with their wonderful power of governing (which they have shown in all past history, and which belonged to them as a great conquering race), held millions of Europeans in subjection with only a few hundred thousand Turks.

Though they have been in Europe for centuries, they have always been merely encamped there. No good-will or interest, or useful works that they have done, or civilization that they have upheld, bind them there. They will withdraw their few troops at length (if withdraw they must) with the curses and hate of the various races they have ground down and trampled upon.

The country on the Danube has now in effect revolted against the Turkish Empire. Will Turkey suppress the revolt, or will she submit to the new Government and the young Prince suddenly crowned in this dramatic manner? Will Austria endure an independent and new power at the mouth of her great river? Will Russia allow a new obstacle to be placed between her ambition and Constantinople? Finally, what will assembled Europe say to this new violation of the compacts of 1815? The fact, too, of a Prussian prince thus suddenly put in power, in the rear of Austria, adds another element of anxiety to the problem.

The sympathy of Europe is undoubtedly with the gallant young adventurer who has so suddenly leaped into the arena, and borne off the prize in the midst of most formidable rivals. And the very power of his antagonists is the safeguard of the bold knight-errant. The first rumor was that Turkey was about to march an overwhelming army into the Principalities, and take possession.

But this, again, is met by the counter rumor that Russia and France protest against such occupation. Again, if Russia invade, not only Turkey but Austria must oppose, as well as England and France, for fear of that power's gaining a foothold so near to Constantinople. Or if Austria should occupy the coveted provinces, she would not only have to fight the people (who are bitterly opposed to her), but, in all probability, would find herself in antagonism with Russia.

And therein lies the improbability of her accepting the principalities as an offset to the loss of Venetia, supposing such a proposition should be made by the Conference of Paris, which we do not believe. The strength of Prince Charles lies in the contests of his rivals.

The one result clear is that Turkey must in effect abandon Europe. No intelligent person in any country desires to see her corrupt rule and effete civilization longer in Eastern Europe. The easiest settlement for all the great powers is to leave the young Prince on his well-won throne. Then no one encroaching power will hold the mouth of the Danube or the road to Constantinople. The principalities may unite other neighboring provinces with them, and a Greek Christian kingdom at length be formed on the Danube.

Still, this tempting prize lies close to these great military powers, and in a general European war might easily be swallowed up by any one of them. Or its attractions alone may enkindle the passions of some of the combatants, and the great war begin there. We shall watch the same with interest.

Virginia.

From the Tribune.

The Richmond *Whig* thus explains the action of the Virginia Convention in April, 1861:—

"Knowing the call of Mr. Lincoln for troops to be utterly without authority of law, the State of Virginia did not hesitate to refuse it; and knowing it to be violative of the Constitution and subversive of the system of government, she did not hesitate to resist. She was a party to the Union only under and through the Constitution. Not so, says the *Tribune*; and when the instrument was thrown aside by the Government she regarded herself, *ipso facto*, discharged from all further obligation. The adoption of an ordinance of secession was an unnecessary formality. The unwarranted act of the Federal Government broke the bond of Union, and she stood released. What was her fault in that? The equally unwarranted act of the Federal Government in sending a hostile army to invade her soil compelled her to take up arms in self-defense. What was her fault in that? All that followed came unavoidably from these beginnings. She was overcome and has submitted. But will the *Tribune*, or will anybody, viewing the matter without prejudice or passion, tell us in what Virginia was wrong?"

Answer.—The Virginia Convention was abominably wrong in not recognizing the right of the nation to exist. That right inheres in the very nature of a Government, and no special charter or permit is essential to its exercise. South Carolina had said, months before, "I will destroy the Union, no matter though every other State should protest; for I will secede, and there is no power to coerce me; and then—the Union being dissolved by one State—the others can have no choice but as to which fraction they will belong to." Virginia, in full view of this action of South Carolina, elected, by a great popular majority, a Convention to maintain the Union. That Convention was bullied into betraying its trust; and then her people were told—"You may vote on the question of Union or Secession; but, if you veto for Union, you vote to betray your Southern brethren, who have come here, at the invitation of your authorities, to protect and defend you." "If you vote for the Union and are overruled, you must leave the State," said Senator James M. Mason. "Let us all stand together," said Alexander H. H. Stuart, "and then we can make terms between the belligerents." (We give the idea, not the words.) Thus the people of Virginia were swindled into voting secession by deceiving assurances and misleading issues. On a fair, square issue and a hearing of both sides, she would never have voted herself out of the Union. We have heard that the *Whig* was bought over to the side of Disunion, but are not sure as to that. We know, however, that the secession of Virginia was the product of violence and fraud—of deception and terrorism. It has been a terrible lesson. If her fault was grievous, grievously hath she answered it. Henceforth, be peace within her borders and prosperity her lot!

Nebraska.

From the Tribune.

The latest despatches from Nebraska Territory state that the State Constitution has been adopted, and that the Union party has a majority in each branch of the Legislature. The vote on the adoption of the State Constitution was not a strictly political party vote. We have received the following returns:—

VOTE ON STATE CONSTITUTION.

Counties.	*Maj. for.*	*Counties.*	*Maj. against.*
Burt	125	Cass	150
Dodge	55	Douglas	76
Gage	60	Hall	25
Jones	30	Kearney	15
Lincoln	60	Nemaha	183
Pawnee	202	Otoe	438
Richardson	130	Saline	30
Platte	50		
Washington	525	Total	867
Total	1037		

Total majority for Constitution, 170. Eleven counties yet to be heard from.

The vote on Governor, in the counties heard from, compares as follows with the vote in 1865:—

Counties.	Treas. 1865. U. D.	Gov. '66. U. maj.	Counties.	Treas. 1865. U. D.	Gov. '66. D. maj.
Richardson	489	237 — 69	Otoe	422	714 — 410
Pawnee	148	— — 206	Douglas	413	550 — 150
Nemaha	500	82 — 184	Sarpy	149	300 — 184
Gage	36	12 — 35	Cass	433	402 — 16
Jones (with Gage)		20	Saline	—	— — 30

These returns indicate a loss on the Union vote of 1865 of 394, and a further Democratic gain of 152; but the success of the Union ticket is said to be beyond peradventure.

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EASTON, Pennsylvania, April 4, 1866. 5 10

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Harlan, Iowa.	212 80	Wade, Ohio.	955 53
Harris, N. Y.	624 00	Wilkinson, Minn.	3952 00
Henderson, Mo.	1979 20	Wiley, West Va.	55 1 40
Hendricks, Ind.	2012 20	Wilson, Mass.	739 20
Hicks, Md.	208 00	Wright, N. J.	398 00
Howard, Mich.	1819 20		
Total mileage.			$423,936 18
House.			1 444,160 41
Total			$1,882 986 59

CITY INTELLIGENCE

For Additional City Intelligence see Fifth Page.

THE PHILADELPHIA GAS WORKS.—The Committee of Select Council appointed to examine into the affairs of the Philadelphia Gas Works, held an adjourned meeting last evening, Colonel Page presiding. Colonel Page stated that he had received no answer from the Trustees to the communication of the 30th of May. At the last meeting of the Committee Colonel Jones had promised to answer certain interrogatories. He was not yet ready, as he had not secured the necessary information.

Mr. John Roberts, Foreman of the First Ward Works, was present, and testified as follows:—Have been foreman about six years; at the present time we have from 325 to 350 men employed at the Point Breeze Works; the "stokers" are required to be skilled; the result of employing unskilled labor would be to injure the materials and works; in order to make good coke it is necessary for the coal to be fully carbonized; since January, 1865, we may have had the requisite amount of skilled "labor;" early in 1865 we discharged, with one or two exceptions, all who were not of the same political party as the majority of the Trustees—this was done at the order of the Engineer. The places were filled by taking "helpers," and making them "stokers," and employing new hands "helpers;" this did not require us to pay men to instruct the "helpers;" the "helpers" receive $2·15 per day; the "stokers" receive $2·25 per day; never heard of a man receiving pay for services not rendered, except when he has been injured at the works; from 4½ to 4½ cubic feet is the average for a pound of coal; there can be a leakage of gas after it is put into the holder; gas may leak at the retort or in the pump; we had but one "blow" of gas in 1865, and lost about 60,000 cubic feet of gas; it was considered to be the result of carelessness, and the man was discharged; it was one of the old hands; in 1864 the men at the works in the First Ward stood two-thirds Democrats and one-third Republicans; in 1864 Mr. McCready, an efficient foreman, was discharged by Mr. Stewart, their Engineer, as he alleged, for political cause.

Mr. Stewart was a Democrat, and Mr. McCready a Republican; the break in the holder occurred in 1864; I don't know of a return of a less amount of coal than that actually consumed, in order to cover up the deficiencies in the yield; such a thing could have been done without my knowledge; the average consumption of coal per day is now about 100 tons; in the winter we use more; the exact heat required in the manufacture of gas is ascertained through practice; that is the reason why skilled labor is required; iron retorts will last, on an average, seven months, we have had some that gave out in eleven days; the worst retorts we ever had were received in 1864 and 1865; Stineman & Ellis furnished retorts in May, 1865, and they suffered the loss; I saw the Cameron coal; tested it, and its average yield was about 4·17; in combination with other coal, the yield was 4·60; the greatest yield with Cameron coal alone was 4·38; the highest of Penn and Westmoreland on section work is 5; the average last month was 4·33, with a portion of Cameron coal used; would prefer the Penn and Westmoreland to the Cameron; have had something less than 1000 tons of the Cameron coal; so far as the works are concerned, I think they are as well managed as ever before; I mean the Point Breeze Works; I cannot explain how it is that there was a loss, but getting all our bad retorts in 1865, it shows a bad exhibit; in 1862 the average yield was 4·39, while in 1865 it was 4·08 to the pound; I put this entirely upon the defective retorts; unskilled labor and want of management had nothing to do with it; the men now employed are men of experience; some of them have been engaged over six years.

At the close of Mr. Roberts' examination, a sub-committee of two was appointed to examine the books.

The Committee adjourned until Friday evening next.

POLICE ITEMS.—Lafayette Myers had a hearing at the Central Station yesterday, on the charge of obtaining boarding under false pretenses. Several proprietresses of boarding-houses testified that the defendant and wife had taken board with them, promising to pay their board promptly, but had not done so. Mrs. Catharine Enelish, with whom they boarded for six weeks, testified that Mrs. Meyers had represented her husband to be a Private Secretary in the War Office, but afterwards said that he was selling cigars in Philadelphia. None of the witnesses had heard any representations by the defendant in regard to his means or otherwise. The case was continued for a further hearing.

Jefferson Ely was arrested at the foot of Noble street, on Thursday, in the act of committing what was literally a heavy larceny—the carrying off of a fifty-six pound weight. He was taken before Alderman Toland and held for his appearance at Court.

A movement is about to be made with a view to substitute here a summer police uniform for the winter one, as is done in New York. The police of this city complain very much at being compelled to wear the same uniform in midsummer as in midwinter, no change being permitted by the regulations.

Charles Roehl, manufacturer of hoop skirts, at No. 548 N. Second street, had a hearing before the Recorder yesterday, on the charge of secreting his goods, with intent to defraud Messrs. Moen & Co., of New York, of $2730, and Messrs. Osborne and Cheeseman, of the same city, of $2394·53, the value of material purchased of them by the defendant. Amiel Hundemark, formerly in the employ of the accused, testified that early in the month of June, Roehl had a conversation with him, in which it was arranged that the sum of $6765 should be counted out in the presence of certain females in the factory, and that it should be handed to Hundemark, with instructions to take it to the Farmers' and Mechanics' Bank and obtain checks for it, with which to pay the New York creditors. Hundemark was to have a bogus package, which he was to throw away, and represent that the money had been stolen from him on the way to bank. The false package was taken by Hundemark and thrown overboard, and he went the following day to the Mayor's office and made a statement that the package of money had been stolen from him. He afterwards made an affidavit to that effect, which was taken to New York by the defendant and exhibited to his creditors, with the remark that he could not pay his indebtedness, because of the theft of the money. There was also testimony that some of the goods of the accused were sold for less than cost, and that he had in his possession a considerable amount in money and Government securities. He was held in $5000 bail for a further hearing.

THE HIGH SCHOOL CASE.—Next Tuesday the Board of Control hold a special meeting. Its object is to take action relative to the deplorable condition of the Boys' High School, in consequence of the antagonism of so large a portion of the Professors to Principal Maguire. A resolution will be reported by the Committee to clear out the whole faculty, so that next year harmony may be restored to the now distracted school. To predict the result of the meeting of the Board is impossible. In the meantime, however, there is a vast deal of canvassing in progress, and the friends of Professor Maguire are leaving no stone unturned to secure his retention in his present position.

EXCURSION OF THE VIGILANT STEAM ENGINE COMPANY.—To-morrow evening, the Vigilant Steam Engine Company will leave this city on an excursion of a more extensive character than was concluded by the Pennsylvania Hose Company last week. They will take the Pennsylvania Railroad for Pittsburg, and after a brief stay there, leave for Buffalo and the Falls of Niagara; thence they will go to Chicago, and from there to Albany, returning by the way of New York city and Jersey City, in which last-named place they will remain for a day or two. About fifty members will participate in the excursion. The carriage of the Company will be taken, and a full band of music will accompany the excursionists.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD COMPANY.—As will be observed by an advertisement in another column, great facilities will be extended to the public during the coming summer by the Pennsylvania Railroad Company. There are a number of attractive places of resort along its line, and the managers desire to make arrangements to suit the convenience of their patrons. There are many who wish to leave the heated city to inhale the fresh air of the country, who can only spare a few hours from business. From Saturday afternoon until Monday morning special trains will be run for the convenience of all such, and we have no doubt that it will be an extremely popular movement.

CASUALTIES.—Thomas Fitzgerald, aged nineteen years, a resident of Hestonville, had his left leg broken yesterday afternoon by one of the walls of the Satterlee Hospital falling on him.

Timothy Mooney, aged twenty-eight years, residing in Union street, near Second, had one of his knees severely fractured yesterday by a kick from a horse at Germantown. Both these persons were admitted into the Pennsylvania Hospital.

GREAT HAUL OF BOGUS MONEY.—Yesterday morning, a gentleman passing down Chesnut street, when at the corner of Eighth, noticed a large roll of notes lying on the sidewalk. He picked it up, under the impression that he had secured a prize. His expectations were destroyed when an examination disclosed the fact that the entire bundle was made up of counterfeit $20s, $10s, and notes of smaller denominations.

SUDDEN DEATH.—A mulatto woman, named Hettie Peyton, died suddenly last evening, in a store at the corner of Eighteenth and Chesnut streets. The body was removed to her late residence, near Tenth and Rodman streets, and the Coroner notified to hold an inquest.

FIRE.—Yesterday afternoon, a fire broke out in the third story of No. 1208 N. Fourth street, which destroyed furniture and clothing to the value of about $100.

INSPECTION OF FLOUR AND MEAL for the week ending June 14, 1866:—Barrels superfine, 6197; do. Middlings, 5; do. rye, 261. Total, 6413.

CLOTHING PRICES REDUCED.
CLOTHING PRICES REDUCED.
CLOTHING PRICES REDUCED.
COMMON SENSE.—*Large purchasers always have advantages in laying in their stock, and so get "Bargains" that small dealers never hear of. This is our experience, and thus we can afford to sell at low prices. Our stock is gotten up in handsome style, and every garment made in the most substantial manner, embracing all grades of Men's, Youths', and Boys' Clothing, and special department for those who prefer their goods made to order. We have MARKED DOWN all our goods whilst we are altering our Store.*
WANAMAKER & BROWN,
POPULAR CLOTHING HOUSE,
OAK HALL,
S. E. CORNER SIXTH AND MARKET STREETS.

FEMALE TRUSSES, Braces, Supporters, Elastic Belts and Stockings, light and elegant in finish, adjusted by a lady, at Needles', Twelfth street, first door below Race.

IF YOU must take medicine then take AYER'S, which are by far the most effectual remedies to be had anywhere.

THE FENIAN'S ESCAPE.—

As the Fenian sat in prison
Thinking of his wretched fate,
Came an order bold and cheering,
"Bring the prisoner to the gate"

Merging from that loathsome dungeon
Into life and open air,
He was met by some old Briton,
Whose hoary head seemed bowed with care.

"Tell me," said he "you bad Fenian—
For I cannot understand—
How it is my charming daughter
Would bestow on you her hand?

"I will give you wealth and freedom,
If you will but break the spell
You have cast upon my daughter,
My own darling Isabel."

Quickly then replied the Fenian,
In a voice with spirit bold:—
"Sir, I will accept my freedom
But I scorn your English gold.

"For the still unconquered Fenian
From the Briton wants no boons;
In return for what you grant me,
Take my coat and pantaloons.

"Take them, sir; then find the poorest,
Roughest Briton that you can;
Put them on him, they will change him
To a polished gentleman."

It was done, the daughter saw him,
He found favor in her eyes;
The Fenian left, and Isabella
Always thought she drew a prize.

But, my friends, before he left them,
He remarked his clothing one
Was procured in Philadelphia,
At the "STAR," SIX HUNDRED NINE.

WE ADVERTISE BEST ON THE BACKS OF OUR CUSTOMERS. EVERY GARMENT WE SELL IS A FIRST CLASS RECOMMENDATION. Therein lies the secret of the long continued and still increasing rush to the "STAR." Our stock of READY-MADE CLOTHING IS IMMENSE, and from it all can be accurately fitted. Piece goods of every variety. Cutters of well-known ability and all who leave their measure are sure to be pleased. PRICES THE LOWEST IN PHILADELPHIA. Call and be satisfied.
STAR CLOTHING EMPORIUM,
LOW PRICES AND FASHIONABLE GOODS.
No. 609 CHESNUT STREET, (SIGN OF STAR.)
PERRY & CO.

ORIGINALITY.—
Columbus, when he found our shore,
Found, too, a fadeless fame;
His track is ploughed by millions more,
And yet *they* win no name;
Each imitator tribute pays
To true, self-taught renown;
So we will take our proffered bays—
For in this famous town
'Twas Tower Hall first taught sweet rhyme
To make the Clothing art sublime.

WE HAVE—

All-wool Fancy Cassimere Pants, as low as			$4 00
"	"	*Vests*	" 2 50
"	*Black*	*Pants*	" 5 00
"	"	*Cloth Vests*	" 4 00
"	*Fancy Cassimere Suits, to match*		14 00
"	*Black Suits*		20 00

Advancing from these rates we have goods of all grades, up to the very finest fabrics, at prices reduced in proportion—Men's, Youths', and Boys'. THOUSANDS HAVE FOUND WITHIN THE PAST FEW WEEKS THAT WE ARE ACTUALLY SELLING GOOD, SERVICEABLE GOODS AT THE PRICES NAMED.

☞ TO CLOTHING DEALERS. ☜

Our purchases for this season having been delayed, waiting the expected decline in goods, we have now on hand the largest and best assorted stock of Clothing in Philadelphia purchased for CASH EXCLUSIVELY, AT THE VERY LOWEST RATES OF THE SEASON, *which enables us to realize a fair profit, and sell at prices less than the cost of the same goods in most other establishments. We can supply Clothiers doing a fine city trade with goods adapted to their sales, at prices so much lower than the cost of their present stocks, that, by making an average of the whole, they will be enabled to dispose of their goods at prices covering the average cost, and even paying a profit.*
BENNETT & CO.,
TOWER HALL,
No 518 MARKET STREET.

HYGIENIC WINE—
A WINE, grown on the sunny slopes of Spain—the genuine juice of the grape in all its purity, as bestowed upon us by the beneficent GIVER, and such as is, alone, consistent with Christian teachings—not intoxicating in the least—will supply a want greatly felt in this country.
SUCH IS HYGIENIC WINE,
the Great Imported Tonic, Aromatic.
It is conscientiously recommended to LADIES, as it will soothe the nerves, renew the blood, and gently stimulate and invigorate the system.
All of sedate habits—ministers, lawyers, and professional men, possessing constitutions more delicate than others of less confining labors—those who expend a great deal of vitality in brain-work, will at once acknowledge the superiority of this restorative REMEMBER, it leaves behind none of the baneful influences of alcoholic preparations.
IT CREATES A HEALTHY APPETITE.
We warrant that, upon trial, HYGIENIC WINE will be found to be the finest most *delicious*, and HEALTHFUL Tonic known. Try it to be convinced
SOLD EVERYWHERE.
FRENCH, RICHARDS & CO.,
Agents for Pennsylvania.
N. B.—HYGIENIC WINE is an IMPORTED Tonic; it has the approval of the "IMPERIAL SCHOOL OF MEDICINE OF PARIS," and was tested by the Committee on Chemistry of the American Medical Association which assembled in Baltimore, May 1, 1866 and indorsed by fifty-six prominent members *with their signatures.*

HAVANNA CIGARS.—Partagas, Cabanas, Figaros, Espanolas, etc.
ex Steamer "Stars and Stripes."
WARD J. CAFFEE, Importer,
S. E. corner Chesnut and Front.

GROVER & BAKER'S Highest Premium Elastic Stitch and Lock-Stitch Sewing Machines. No. 730 Chesnut street.

THE VANILLA CREAM sponge cake made by G. Byron Morse, No. 904 Arch street, is not excelled

7·30s, 5-20s. 1881s, 10-40s, Compound Interest Notes, and Gold and Silver bought and sold by
DREXEL & Co.,
No. 34 S. THIRD Street.

COMPOUND INTEREST NOTES 7 3 10 and 5-20 wanted De Haven & Brother, No 40 S. Third St

POPULAR TAILORING.—
READY-MADE CLOTHING,
AND
FINE CUSTOM WORK
WANAMAKER & BROWN,
OAK HALL,
Southeast corner SIXTH and MARKET Streets.

HARRY B. McCALLA, HATTER, informs his numerous friends and customers that have not yet been deceived by the new occupants of the store he established in Chesnut street above Eighth, that he is in no way connected with it, notwithstanding their numerous misrepresentations to that effect, to sell to his customers, but that he can be found at C. McCALLA'S NEW HAT STORE No 613 CHESNUT Street third door above New Bulletin Office where he can offer them better bargains and larger stock to select from.

McCALLA'S NEW HAT STORE, NO. 613 CHESNUT Street.—Every hat has the lowest price marked on it in plain figures. Call and examine the immense stock and get a bargain

STRAW HATS AND SUMMER HATS.—Five thousand of the newest style Hats, at prices 25 per cent less than elsewhere, at McCALLA'S NEW HAT STORE, No. 613 CHESNUT Street, third door above New Bulletin office.

STRAW HATS RETAILED AT WHOLESALE prices. Biggest assortment in this town at McCALLA'S NEW HAT STORE, No. 613 CHESNUT street. Every article has price marked on it in plain figures.

STRAW AND SUMMER HATS.—Biggest stock, biggest variety, and lowest prices in this city, at McCALLA'S NEW HAT STORE, No. 613 CHESNUT street, third door above New Bulletin Office. You can save from 50 cents to $1 on a single article.

HARRY B. McCALLA RETURNS HIS sincere thanks to his numerous friends and customers who have followed him from Chesnut, above Eighth (of which he had so large a share from 1849), to the NEW STORE, No. 613 CHESNUT Street and informs them that he can now sell them Hats and Caps 25 per cent less than heretofore. Don't forget the Number, 613. 6 13

MARRIED.

RILEY—MILLER.—On Thursday morning, the 14th instant, at Grace Church, by the Rev Benjamin Watson, D. D., GEORGE T. RILEY to LYDIA M. MILLER, both of this city.

DIED.

BERRY.—On the 14th instant, Lieutenant-Colonel CASPER M. BERRY, in his 44th year.

His relatives and friends and the members of the 26th Regiment Pennsylvania Volunteers; Interest Lodge, No. 167, A. Y. M.; Hope Lodge, No. 93 I. O. of O. F., and the Order in general; the Minute Men of '76; and the Patriotic Order of Washington, are invited to attend his funeral, from his late residence, No. 418 Reed street, on Sunday afternoon at 2 o'clock. To proceed to Odd Fellows' Cemetery.

EPSTEIN.—On the 14th instant CLARA CORDELIA, daughter of Charles H. and Matilda Epstein, aged 7 months 2 weeks, and 4 days.

The relatives and friends are invited to attend the funeral from her parents' residence, No 1204 Carlton street, on Sunday afternoon at 2 o'clock. To proceed to Odd Fellows' Cemetery.

FIGNER.—On the morning of the 15th instant, HANNAH FIGNER, relict of the late Andrew P. Figner, in the 82d year of her age.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from the residence of her son-in-law, E. W. Bushnell, No 1806 Camac street, on Monday afternoon at 4 o'clock, without further notice.

LEWIS.—On the morning of the 16th instant, JOHN LEWIS, late of Springfield, Delaware county, in the 90th year of his age.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend his funeral, without further notice, from the residence of his daughter, in Upper Darby, on Second day afternoon, the 18th instant, to leave the house at 2 o'clock. Interment at Springfield.

PATTON.—On the 14th instant JOSEPH PATTON, late Lieutenant of the Sixth Police District, in the 42d year of his age.

The relatives and friends of the family, also Melita Lodge, No 295, A. Y. M., the Henry Guards, and the members of the Police Department, are invited to attend his funeral, from his late residence, No 43 N. Twentieth street, on Sunday, the 17th instant, at 2 o'clock P. M. To proceed to Mount Moriah Cemetery.

JORDAN'S TONIC ALE.
JORDAN'S TONIC ALE.
JORDAN'S TONIC ALE.
JORDAN'S TONIC ALE.
It is recommended by physicians of this and other places as a superior article and requires but a trial to convince the most skeptical of its great merit. To be had, wholesale and retail, of P. L. JORDAN,
No. 229 PEAR Street
Champagne Cider by the dozen, bottled or by the barrel 2 14§

UNADULTERATED LIQUORS ONLY.
RICHARD PENISTAN'S
STORE AND VAULTS,
No. 439 CHESNUT STREET,
Near the Opposite the Post Office,
PHILADELPHIA.
Families supplied. Orders from the Country promptly attended to. 5 31§

AMUSEMENTS.

RISLEY'S CONTINENTAL NEWS EXCHANGE.
Choice seats to all places of Amusement may be had up to 6½ o'clock any evening. 1 31§

UNION NATIONAL
GIFT CONCERT!
TO BE GIVEN AT
SMITH & NIXON'S HALL,
CHICAGO, ILLINOIS, JULY 5, 1866.
100,000 Gifts, Valued at $990,000!
Number of Tickets, 1,000000!
AT ONE DOLLAR EACH!
$140,000 in Greenbacks!
TITLE TO REAL ESTATE PERFECT, AND WARRANTY DEEDS GIVEN.

1 Gift in Real Estate (several parcels) in and near Chicago	$50,000
1 Gift in Greenbacks	30 000
5 Gifts in Greenbacks, each $10,000	50 000
10 Gifts in Greenbacks, each $5000	50,000
5 Gifts in Greenbacks, each $2000	10, 00
1 Gift in Real Estate, 80 acres 5 miles west of Chicago	10,000
1 Gift in Real Estate in Juneau county, Wisconsin	2,200
50 Gifts in Real Estate (50 Lots in Brand's Addition to Chicago, each $1 00	50,000
50 Gifts in elegant Pianos, each $800	40,000
	$292,200
19,876 other valuable Gifts—many of them large—valued at from $1 to $500	697,800
Total value in Prizes	$990 000

For full descriptive list of Prizes, see small bills, accompanying orders.
The drawing will take place in the Hall immediately after the Concert by a Committee appointed by the audience—the first number drawn entitling the holder of the ticket corresponding to its number to the highest prize, the second to the second highest, and so on, until the whole is completed.
GOOD AND RELIABLE AGENTS wanted in every town and city in the Union, to whom great inducements are offered.
SPECIAL TERMS TO CLUBS FOR FIVE OR MORE TICKETS.
We will send—

5 Tickets, 1 address	$ 4 50	40 Tickets, 1 address	$35 00
10 do do	9 00	50 do do	43 00
20 do do	17 00	100 do do	85 00
30 do do	26 25	Send stamp for postage.	

In every case send the name of each ticket holder, with full address as to Post Office, county and State. Money may be sent at our risk by Express, Draft, Post Office Order or Registered Letter.
Address all communications to
BRYAN, ROSBROOK & CO.,
No. 100 MADISON Street, Chicago.
(P. O. Drawer 5927.) 6 8 16t*

WALNUT STREET THEATRE.—S. E. corner NINTH and WALNUT Streets.
Begins quarter to 8.
LAST NIGHT BUT THREE
OF
MR EDWIN BOOTH.
THIS (Saturday) EVENING, June 16,
Sheil's Tragedy in 5 acts of
THE APOSTATE.
Count Pescara.....EDWIN BOOTH
Monday, THE FOOL'S REVENGE.
Tuesday, EDWIN BOOTH as HAMLET.
Wednesday, Farewell Benefit of
MR. EDWIN BOOTH,
and fifty-first night of his remarkable engagement
RUY BLAS and TAMING OF THE SHREW.
EDWIN BOOTH
in both plays.
The renowned spectacle of the NAIAD QUEEN has been prepared on a scale of magnitude.

MRS. JOHN DREW'S NEW ARCH STREET THEATRE.
CHANGE OF TIME. Begins at 8 o'clock.
Sixth Night of the favorite Comedietta,
ETTIE HENDERSON,
ETTIE HENDERSON,
IN
FOUR CHARACTERS,
FOUR CHARACTERS,
with Songs and Dances.
THIS (Saturday) EVENING, June 16,
Last time of the beautiful Drama of
KATHLEEN MAVOURNEEN.
Kathleen.....Ettie Henderson
To conclude with the Military Drama of
THE FRENCH SPY.
ETTIE HENDERSON
in Three Characters.
In rehearsal the new Play of the
TICKET-OF-LEAVE MAN'S WIFE.
Seats secured six days in advance

VALER'S (LATE MILLER'S) WINTER GARDEN—Nos 720–722 VINE Street.
GRAND INSTRUMENTAL CONCERTS
NIGHTLY.
By two large and efficient Orchestras.
TO-NIGHT,
And EVERY NIGHT in connexion with our
EXCELSIOR STRING BAND.
a Brass Band comprising the best Artists in the city, will perform.
OPEN FOR THE SEASON.
Our spacious Summer Garden, artistically laid out with Shrubbery Fountains, etc.
IN THE LADIES' SALOON,
Especially set apart for FAMILIES, the best of Creams and other Refreshments will be served. 6 16§

THE PIANOS WHICH WE MANUFACTURE recommend themselves. We promise to our patrons clear beautiful tones, elegant workmanship, durability, and reasonable prices combined with a full guarantee. For sale only at No. 1017 WALNUT Street.
5 29§ UNION PIANO MANUFACTURING CO.

AMUSEMENTS.

NEW AMERICAN THEATRE—WALNUT Street, above Eighth.
LAST WEEK OF THE RENOWNED
HARRISON BROTHERS.
Mad'lle ZANFRETTA, the great Tight Rope Artiste, and the celebrated SIEGRIST FAMILY, who will perform their wonderful feats every evening.
BRILLIANT BALLET TROUPE.
Popular Drama and Laughable Farce.
Matinee every Saturday Afternoon. 6 11

GYMNASIUM
FOR LADIES, GENTLEMEN, AND CHILDREN, S. E. CORNER OF NINTH AND ARCH STREETS.
OPEN EVERY DAY AND EVENING.
ALL SUMMER.
Dodd's exercise imparts health and strength the best preventive against sickness of the coming summer.
5 24 3m Professors HILLEBRAND & LEWIS.

MILLIN

Evening Telegraph

Is published every afternoon (Sundays excepted) at No. 108 S. Third street. Price, Three Cents Per Copy (Double Sheet), or Eighteen Cents Per Week, payable to the Carrier, and mailed to Subscribers out of the city at Nine Dollars Per Annum: One Dollar and Fifty Cents for Two Months, invariably in advance for the period ordered.

To insure the Insertion of Advertisements in all of our Editions, they must be forwarded to our office not later than 10 o'clock each Morning.

SATURDAY, JUNE 16, 1866.

The Paris Conference Abandoned.

THE news by the *City of Paris* is highly important, though not unexpected. The Conference has been abandoned, the neutral powers, France, Russia, and England, regarding the reservations of Austria as tantamount to a refusal to submit the questions at issue to negotiation. The last effort of diplomacy to stay the red hand of war is, therefore, a failure. The sword alone can now decide the contest.

It is significant that the blame for this failure of negotiation is laid at the door of *Austria*. The general impression has been that NAPOLEON is really in league with Italy, and this circumstance points in that direction. Austria's possession of Venetia, which was the point that she refused to submit to discussion, is one of the stipulations of the "treaties of 1815"—those treaties for which NAPOLEON, in his recent speech, expressed such hearty detestation.

It is expected that the formal declaration of war, or a manifesto tantamount thereto, will be made by Prussia. She has already issued a circular to the neutral powers, charging Austria with a flagrant violation of treaties, in referring the Holstein question to the Diet.

Prussia, Austria, and Italy have their armies already mobilized and in the field, so that the very next arrival from Europe may bring to us the news of the commencement of the war. France has her vast army in a state of almost constant readiness for the field, so that upon a week's notice she could throw half a million of armed men into the arena of strife.

Where a war of such magnitude as this promises to reach will end—what its issue will be—no one can tell. It is quite likely to involve all Europe. Let us hope that the masses, the toiling struggling millions upon whom the woes of war will fall most heavily, may come forth from the strife with their rights more firmly established, and with a more promising future before them.

The Law and Practice Concerning Constitutional Amendments.

SPEAKER COLFAX yesterday gave a summary of the precedents and of the judicial decisions in regard to the matter of Constitutional amendments proposed by Congress. In 1798 the question of the necessity of such amendments being signed by the President was decided by the Supreme Court. An amendment had been made in 1794, and the counsel, in argument before the Supreme Court, insisted that the amendment was not valid, not having been approved by the President of the United States. Mr. LEE, the Attorney-General, in reply to this argument, said:—"Has not the same course been pursued relative to all the other amendments that have been adopted, and the case of amendments is evidently a substantial act, unconnected with the ordinary business of legislation, and not within the policy of terms of investing the President with a qualified negative on the acts and resolutions of Congress." The Court, speaking through CHASE, Justice, observes there can surely be no necessity to answer that argument. The negative of the President applies only to the ordinary cases of legislation. He has nothing to do with the proposition or adoption of amendments to the Constitution.

In 1803 the question was again raised in the Senate, when the amendment making the changes in the method of electing President and Vice-President was proposed; and, by a vote of 23 to 7, it was decided not to send the amendment to the President for his signature, and it was not sent. In the last Congress, after the Constitutional amendment was submitted to Mr. LINCOLN, it was sent back by him with the remark that he thought he had no right to sign it, but as it was submitted to him by Congress he signed it; and a resolution was afterwards reported by the Committee on the Judiciary in the Senate, and adopted without a division, stating that "that was done through inadvertency," and the Secretary was directed not to notify the House of the Senate having received notice that the President had signed the Constitutional amendment. The precedents and decision above quoted leave no doubt whatever in regard to the matter. Constitutional amendments are among the things with which the President has nothing to do.

Senator Patterson.

HON. JAMES N. PATTERSON was yesterday elected United States Senator by the Legislature of New Hampshire, to succeed the present incumbent, Senator CLARK. Mr. PATTERSON is at present a member of the House of Representatives from the Third District of that State, and is a most faithful and efficient Representative. He was born in Henniker, Merrimac county, New Hampshire, July 2, 1823. He received his education at Dartmouth College, from which he graduated in 1848. From 1854 to 1859 he was a Professor of Mathematics in Dartmouth College, after which he was transferred to the chair of Professor of Astronomy and Meteorology in the same institution. From 1858 to 1861 he was School Commissioner for Grafton county, and also Secretary of the Board of Education for the State. In 1862 he was a member of the State Legislature, and subsequently was elected to the Thirty-eighth Congress.

Matters in England.

AFFAIRS do not improve in England. The failure of the Paris Conference and the imminency of a great war have cast everything down again. Stocks, consols, breadstuffs, cotton—all are flat. Nothing tends upward except money. More failures have occurred, and the confidence that was beginning to be re-established is again rudely shaken. The immense receipts of gold from this country produce scarcely any perceptible effect.

Thus far, this state of affairs has produced but little effect upon the financial condition of this country, aside from the rise in gold. How long we can maintain our equilibrium in the midst of such violent convulsions in the great money market of the world remains to be seen.

"When Doctors Disagree, Who Shall Decide?"

THE Reverend JOHN CHAMBERS has, we fear, fallen from grace. Some time since we referred to the presentation made to him by certain members of his congregation of eleven pieces of silver. On that occasion he made some remarks, which we take from the Sunday *Mercury*, and which we understand were correctly reported for that paper:—

"He had been dealt with unfairly, unkindly, by his brethren, and he had felt this deeply, and one case he would refer to where an advantage had been taken of him during his absence from the city in the summer of 1864. Previous to his taking his usual summer jaunt, he had looked around him, as was his custom, to see what provision he could make to supply his pulpit during his absence. He called upon the Rev. JAMES NEILL—a man he had honored and loved. He called upon him as a brother in Christ, and engaged him to supply his pulpit on one portion of the Sabbath, and for which he paid him *ten dollars in advance*; and so great was his confidence in him, that he asked of him to recommend some other brother to him for the other portion of the day, which Brother NEILL did, and a Brother McKEE was engaged. Judge of his mortification and consternation on having had delivered to him at Bedford the report of a sermon delivered at the First Independent Church, and which proclaimed views contrary to those he had ever held and expressed. He believed that sermon was rushed through the press and hurried through the mails, and gratuitously circulated with malicious intent. He had looked upon NEILL'S conduct as the unkindest act that had ever been perpetrated upon him during his ministry. He had never in his pulpit concealed his views; it would have been better in some respects if he had worn a false face, but he was no sneak, and he despised them."

We have received a copy of the sermon which gave such offense to the righteous "War Horse." Of all its contents there is but one paragraph relating to national affairs; and in that paragraph we are at a loss to find anything at which any exception could be taken. It merely states:

"War is sometimes necessary to accomplish the Divine purposes, and men engaged in it are serving their generation by the will of God, as fully as when in the most solemn duties of the secret closet. Think you that JOSHUA the Commander-in-Chief of the forces of Israel, was serving his generation by the will of God less, while with drawn sword, at the head of his army, he was pursuing the Amalekites across the plain, than MOSES, and AARON, and HUR praying on the mountain top for his success? No; they were all engaged in the same divinely sanctioned work. Was WASHINGTON not serving his generation as fully, and in as perfect accordance with the will of God, when he was leading his yeomanry to victory over the well-disciplined armies of Great Britain, and buying with blood this rich inheritance for us and for our children, as when at Valley Forge, with sheathed sword, he knelt in the woods to pray for the Divine blessing on his well-meant efforts? What he was to this nation DAVID was to the Jewish—its deliverer and best ruler. And think you that the men who have sacrificed as comfortable homes as ours, and are out to-day on the march, or in the battle line with GRANT and SHERMAN, and others, to suppress this unrighteous Rebellion, and redeem our land from the foul stains of slavery, are serving their generation less by the will of God, while in this great work, than we who to-day sit in our quiet homes and worship in this beautiful temple? No! no! they are struggling to perpetuate the best system of government ever bestowed upon a people, and to restore that banner, the Stars and Stripes, as the last and most glorious emblem of disenfranchisement and elevation, to every portion of the revolted states; and for this work, our children and our children's children will imitate our example in saying that they served their own generation, and every future generation to the end of time, as none but our revolutionary fathers ever did."

It was merely an expression of the broadest loyalty, for a declaration of a sympathy with the nation, and not with traitors, that offended the reverend gentleman. That the congregation was well pleased is attested by the fact that a number of its leading members requested the address for publication.

Now in regard to the "ten dollar hire," one word. We are authorized to state that Mr. CHAMBERS never gave Mr. NEILL one cent for his services. Mr. NEILL is blessed with this world's goods to such an extent as to be entirely beyond the need of accepting from any one compensation for his labor. He is a rich man, and one who has lavished his wealth on a good cause. Throughout the entire war he has aided the families of soldiers, and acted like a patriotic citizen, while Mr. CHAMBERS was bowing to treason and tacitly consenting to the destruction of the nation. On a matter of veracity we should undoubtedly believe Mr. NEILL, and as he has denied the receipt of any money, we feel authorized in requiring from Mr. CHAMBERS an explanation of what appears to us to be a want of veracity.

ANOTHER Baltimore preacher proposes to secede from the Presbyterian Church on account of the loyal stand it has taken with reference to the Rebellion and its aiders and abettors. Good riddance. If there are any more who feel like leaving on that account, we hope they will "not stand on the order of their going." The Church will be purer and stronger with such incumbrances no longer clinging to it.

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RELIGIOUS NOTICES.

☞ REV. J. H. SUYDAM, PASTOR OF the FIRST REFORMED DUTCH CHURCH, SEVENTEENTH and SPRING GARDEN Streets will preach To-morrow in the Morning at 10½ o'clock and in the Evening at 8 o'clock. All are invited, particularly strangers in the city.

☞ MESSIAH EVANGELICAL LUTHERAN CHURCH, TWENTIETH and OXFORD Streets.—Preaching To-morrow by Rev. G. A. SPRYOK, at 10½ A. M., and Rev. F. KLINEFELTER at 8 P. M. Come.

☞ SECOND PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, SEVENTH Street, below Arch.—The Pastor, Rev. E. E. BEADLE, will preach To-morrow morning and evening. Service at 10½ A. M. and 7½ P. M.

☞ NORTH PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, SIXTH Street, above Green.—Rev. ROBERT W. HENRY, D. D. Pastor. Services Sabbath morning at 10½, and evening at 7½ o'clock. Strangers welcome.

☞ SOUTH STREET PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, above Eleventh street.—Preaching at 10½; afternoon service discontinued until September. Union Prayer Meeting at 8. All invited.

☞ FIFTH UNITED PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH (Rev. Mr. HANNA'S), TWENTIETH and BUTTONWOOD streets.—Services To-morrow morning at 10½, and evening at 7½.

☞ FIRST UNITED PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, BROAD and LOMBARD Streets.—Communion service. Preaching in the Evening at quarter before 8 by Rev. Dr. MALIN.

☞ BESTONVILLE PRESBYTERIAN.—Preaching To-morrow at 10½ and 3½.

☞ FIRST CONGREGATIONAL CHURCH, FRANKFORD Road and MONTGOMERY Avenue.—Preaching To-morrow at 10½ A. M. and 8 P. M. by Rev. DANA GOODELL. Come and hear.

☞ LOGAN SQUARE CHURCH.—PREACHING To-morrow at 10½ A. M. and 8 P. M., by the Pastor, Rev. J. L. BEMAN.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

[*See the Second Page for additional Special Notices.*]

☞ TO ALL WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.—The undersigned, having been appointed a Special Committee by the Common Council of the City of Philadelphia to investigate the management of the GAS TRUST, respectfully request all persons interested in the same to either appear before the Committee for the purpose of giving such information as may aid said investigation, or propound such questions as they may deem proper, and forward them to ABRAHAM SEWART, Assistant Clerk of Common Council, Southwest corner of FIFTH and CHESNUT Streets, in answer to which the Clerk will notify them of the time and place of meeting of the Committee.

By order of the Committee.

ROBERT M. EVANS, Chairman,
Fifteenth Ward.
A. H. FRANCISCUS, Tenth Ward.
GEO. DERBYSHIRE, Nineteenth Ward.
JOHN BARDSLEY, Seventh Ward.
F. A. WOLBERT, Sixth Ward.

It

☞ NOTICE.

ADAMS EXPRESS COMPANY.

On and after TUESDAY, May 1, the

FREIGHT DEPARTMENT

Of this Company will be removed to the Company's New building S. E. cor. of LEWIS'S and MARKET streets. Entrance on Eleventh street and on Marble street.

All Money and Collection Business will be transacted as heretofore at No. 320 CHESNUT street. Small Parcels and Packages will be received at either office.

All books will be kept at each office, and any calls entered therein previous to 5 P. M. will receive attention same day, if within a reasonable distance from our offices. Inquiries for goods and settlements to be made at No. 320 CHESNUT Street.

4 30 4p1m JOHN BINGHAM, Superintendent

☞ DEPARTMENT FOR SUPPLYING THE CITY WITH WATER.

Sealed Proposals will be received at the office, FIFTH Street, below Chesnut, on TUESDAY, the 19th instant, at 3 o'clock P. M., for building the Roxbury Engine House.

Bids will be received for mason work, carpenter work, brick work, plastering, painting, and slating, separately or for the entire building.

No bids will be received unless accompanied with a certificate that a bond of $500 has been filed with the City Solicitor.

The Committee reserve the right to reject any or all bids.

6 16 2t HENRY P. M. BIRELINE, Chief Engineer.

☞ SOLDIERS OF THE WAR OF 1812.—The Annual Stated Meeting of the VETERANS of 1812 will be held at the SUPREME COURT ROOM, on Wednesday morning, July 4, 1866, at 9 o'clock. General attendance is requested. Those residing in this and adjoining States are cordially invited.

PETER HAY, President.
JOHN H. FRINK, Secretary. 6 16 2t

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☞ A SPECIAL MEETING OF THE Stockholders of the SUGAR DALE OIL COMPANY will be held at the Office of the Company, No. 326 WALNUT Street, on Saturday, June 23, 1866, at 12 o'clock M.

6 16 3t EDWARD SHIPPEN, President.

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A Great Cabinet Warehouse.

In glancing over the manufacturing statistics of our city, the reader will find that the production of Cabinet Furniture forms a conspicuous item. Not only in the aggregate amount of this feature of our productive industry do we excel, but in the superiority of our workmanship. This well-known reputation has been sustained by several firms, prominent among whom is the house of P. P. Gustine, northeast corner of Second and Race streets. The latter has, indeed, perfected an establishment which, for extent and completeness in all its details, will bear comparison with any other in the world.

Mr. Gustine commenced business some fifteen years ago in a portion of the premises which he now occupies, and after achieving a success attained by few, under the necessities of an increasing trade purchased and fitted up in appropriate style his present immense business edifice. The latter has a front of fifty-five feet on Second street, with the depth of a hundred feet on Race street, together with all of the adjoining building on the north side above the first story. The whole of this spacious structure is occupied by Mr. Gustine as manufacturing and salesrooms, in connection with a four-story building on Front street, above Vine, which is exclusively devoted for manufacturing.

It has always been Mr. Gustine's aim to popularize his business, and his success is happily attested in the great establishment which we are now describing. We doubt if there is another house in the United States in which the extremes of elegant and costly cabinet-ware are combined with so extensive an assortment of lower-priced grades.

On entering the house the great show-room on the first floor forms a capital index to the whole, where specimens of nearly every description of his wares are arranged in systematic profusion. Ascending to the floor above, we are ushered into a scene of cabinet-ware luxuriance, in which the most fastidious connoisseurs at house-furnishing can feast their fancy, and, if they have the where withal, gratify their tastes in adorning their homes. Articles of walnut, rosewood, and mahogony; articles upholstered with velvet, plush, satins, reps, and hair-cloth; suits for the drawing-room, suits for the dining-room, suits for the parlor, suits for the chamber, in every variety and grade of richness, are here displayed, together with a large assortment of plain and marble-top cottage suits, wardrobes, book-cases, etageres, easy arm and fancy chairs in large variety, and every other imaginable article connected with this branch of manufactures. The beauty and novelty of Mr. Gustine's designs, no less than the exquisite finish of his work, are rapidly attracting to his establishment the very best trade, not only of our own, but of the cities throughout the West and South. The fact that Mr. Gustine manufactures goods second to no other maker in the country, and sells them at proverbially low prices, has largely contributed to this result. In the article of chairs, which for many years, we believe, he has made a specialty, his facilities are probably unequalled.

In passing through the upper stories we were amazed at the perfect chair-wilderness which they contained. We may here state, that for the purpose of giving additional celebrity to his work, Mr. Gustine has left no stone unturned. The various improvements which he has introduced in the process of finishing, the scrupulous regard which he observes in the selection of materials, and his reputation for employing only first-class workmen, are all well known. Among the hands in his establishment, numbering about seventy, there is probably not one who has not been made a more thorough and efficient mechanic under Mr. Gustine's superior regulations and discipline.

The basement of the building contains an immense stock of lumber and finished work of the lower-priced grades. The establishment here referred to is one in which the humble dweller in the most remote rural cottage, the proprietor of the largest hotel, and the merchant prince who resides in a palace, can have their wants promptly supplied. In fact, in the manufacture of cabinet furniture, Philadelphia may safely challenge the world; and to carry the figure a step further, Mr. Gustine may as safely challenge Philadelphia.

CITY INTELLIGENCE

[*For Additional Local Items see Third Page.*]

A MURDER DOWN TOWN—ESCAPE OF THE MURDERER.—Last evening a fatal affray took place in the lower section of the city, of which the following are the particulars:—

Arnold Gilhouse was a German aged about forty years, a shoemaker by trade, and resided at No 723 Passyunk road, below Fitzwater street. Gilhouse was acquainted with an Irishman named James Deveney, who frequently visited Gilhouse's house, and who, report states, was acquainted with Mrs. Gilhouse before her marriage. This led to some feeling on the part of Mr. Gilhouse, and a too close intimacy between the twain was suspected by the husband.

Last evening Deveny, who had been indulging rather freely in liquor, went as usual to Gilhouse's residence, and there met Mr. Gilhouse, who had also been imbibing rather freely. Some words passed between them, when both went out for the ostensible purpose of getting something to drink at a beer house near by. When Gilhouse left the house he carried with him a kitchen utensil, called a skillet, and when on the other side of the street the two got into a fresh quarrel, when Devenly obtained possession of the skillet, and struck Gilhouse on the head, felling him to the ground.

Gilhouse was taken up and conveyed to his residence, where he died this morning about half-past 3 o'clock.

After knocking Gilhouse down, Devenly ran down Monroe street, cut through a court, and jumping over a fence, made his way into Shippen street, and succeeded in effecting his escape. The deceased leaves a wife and five children. At the latest accounts Devenly had not been arrested.

INSANE DEPARTMENT OF THE ALMSHOUSE.—Quite a number of individuals have responded to the suggestion to contribute books and magazines for the use of the insane at the Almshouse, one party recently contributing about seventy bound volumes, besides a large amount of magazines, unbound books, and pamphlets; all which will add greatly to the means of alleviating the sorrows of the inmates. A few more contributions of the same sort will enable the Superintendent to entirely rearrange and catalogue the library for the daily use of the patients under his charge.

ROBBED A TAVERN KEEPER.—Last evening a man named Jackson Hurst went to the Lager Beer establishment of Mr. J. Biehl, No. 1304 Callowhill street, and took a drink. Mr. Biehl's coat was hanging up behind the door, when Hurst, watching his chance, "went through" it, and secured a photograph, a lady's guard chain, valued at $25, and other valuables. The thief was arrested and taken before Alderman Boswell, who held him in $1000 bail.

VERY SUSPICIOUS.—William McConley, aged 17, and John Sullivan and Thomas Johnson, aged respectively 26 years, were arrested by Officers Hess and Rosa, in the Twenty-fourth Ward, yesterday afternoon. They had a quantity of goods in their possession, of which they could give no satisfactory account. A number of burglars tools were found on their persons, and they were locked up for further hearing.

THE DOG WAR.—During the past week two hundred dogs found their way to the public pound, Fifteenth and Buttonwood streets, through the labors of the Dog Detectives. Of the number fifty-nine were thought worthy of redemption while one hundred and forty-one were consigned to that bourne from whence no canine e'er returns, through the medium of the butt end of an axe.

THE ODD FELLOWS.—The beautiful degree of Rebekah, which is designed especially for females, was conferred last evening upon a large number of ladies and gentlemen, by Good Samaritan Lodge, No 80, at Third and Vernan streets, and by Minerva Lodge, No. 224 at National Guards Hall. Both of the celebrations were admirably managed, and all present were edified and delighted.

ARREST OF "SHINNERS."—Yesterday nine "shinners" were arrested by the police on Callowhill street, above Broad, and were fined each $2 50 and costs by Alderman Butler. "Shinners," be it understood, are pseudo meat and vegetable merchants who indulge in a species of squatter sovereignty in and near the market houses, in violation of law.

DEFACING FAIRMOUNT PARK.—A young man, named George Saxon, was arrested by the Fairmount Park Police yesterday afternoon for cutting names on and otherwise defacing public property at the Park. He was fined by Alderman Massey.

A CHOLERA PREVENTIVE.—Mr. Needles, at Twelfth and Race streets, has now on hand and for sale one of the surest preventives in cases indicating the presence of mia aria in the atmosphere. His Troches are known to be invaluable in all cases where premonitary symptoms are visible. Mr. Needles has issued a card ornamented with his pleasant countenance in photography, by J. C. Harmon & Co., No 916 Chesnut street, and will be admirably adapted to attach his name to the Troches for all coming time. Just at this time, when the plague is imminent, these matters are worthy of attention, and our citizens will do well to pay attention to the matter.

We desire to return our thanks for a pleasant gift of fans and fancy articles of various kinds. Mr. Needles understands the value of printer's ink.

FOND OF DRIED FRUIT.—Last evening a man named Joseph Harris was arrested, charged with the larceny of thirty pounds of prunes, from a store on Vine street, near Delaware avenue. Harris and another man went into the store and commenced pricing goods. The prunes were purchased and tied up, and while his accomplice was engaging the storekeeper in conversation, Harris made off with the prunes. He was pursued and arrested, and then taken before Alderman Hurley, who held him in $600 bail.

"A WISE PHYSICIAN, skilled on wonders to heal, is more than armies to the public weal." So said Homer, three thousand years ago. A wise physician, in our day, will present the medicines which experience has shown to be efficacious. Especially in seasons of epidemic, he will be slow to try experiments upon his patients; to the credit of the great body of the professors; we record that they recommend and prescribe *MARSDEN'S ASIATIC CHOLERA CURE* to their patients. The formula, according to which it is prepared, commends itself to their reason *a priori*, and experience proves *a posteriori*—that its operation is just what was to have been anticipated and was desired. *Depot, No. 487 Broadway, New York. For sale by all druggists.*

NO BETTER BLOOD PURIFIER can be obtained than I. F. JAYNE'S ALTERATIVE. It contains no concealed poisons, no mercurial or other metallic preparations, but is a combination of those articles which long experience has proven to possess the most efficient alterative and deobstruent properties. It acts directly on the blood, stimulates the digestive and secretive organs, and enables the Liver, Kidneys, etc., to perform their proper functions. Its efficacy is established by its long-sustained popularity, and by the many cures it has effected, a number of which are published each year in Jayne's Almanac. Read them and be convinced. Prepared only at No. 242 Chesnut street.

THOMAS S. RANNEY, writing of DAVIS' PAIN KILLER, from Rangoon, Burmah, says:—

"It is becoming very popular; and in several instances I am assured that the cholera has been arrested and life preserved by its use. The late prevalence of cholera here has swept off about all the Pain Killer I had, and purchasers looking to me for a supply will be disappointed by my inability to supply them. Please send me an invoice of $150 worth by the first opportunity."

IT HAS NOW been six years since the Great Pacific Railroad was commenced, and although an immense and devastating war of four years has intervened, the work on the road has never been suspended. It has also been about six years since Charles Stokes & Co opened their celebrated "one price" Ready-made Clothing House, under the Continental, and notwithstanding the many and violent commotions throughout the country, this Clothing House stands a prosperous institution. Its success is doubtless owing to the fact of the customers always getting the *best* goods and at the *lowest* price. Charles Stokes & Co., First-class Clothiers, No. 824 Chesnut street.

HO! FOR THE COUNTRY!—But if you go be careful to omit nothing which can contribute to your health and enjoyment. Without health and vigor there can be no real enjoyment. If, therefore, your system shows signs of relaxation, be sure to use *MARSDEN'S CALISAYA TONIC*, which will restore the vital forces to their proper tone and action. The Calisaya Bark is *par excellence*. The Tonic, and this preparation, is confessedly the best made from that renowned remedy. *Depot, No. 487 Broadway, New York. For sale by all druggists.*

PASTELS, CRYSTAL MEDALLIONS, ETC.—The commencing sale of these very rare and splendid specimens of art took place at Scott's Gallery, No. 1020 Chesnut street, last evening. The prices ranged very low. They are all from the American Art Gallery, New York. The sale will be continued this evening, when eighty-five very choice Paintings will be disposed of. All persons desirous of obtaining a good painting at a low price should attend. Sale commences at 8 o'clock.

REDUCED PRICES.—Any style Photograph you desire executed superbly and tastefully finished at B. F. Reimer's Gallery, No 624 Arch street. Obtain at moderate prices superior pictures.

"lubricative packing for steam engines.—for terms see 723 chesnut st., phila., and 26 dey st., new york."

SUMMER TRAVEL,

Via North Pennsylvania Railroad,

SHORTEST AND MOST PLEASANT ROUTE TO

WILKESBARRE,	MAUCH CHUNK,
EASTON,	ALLENTOWN,
BETHLEHEM,	HAZLETON,

AND ALL POINTS IN THE

Lehigh and Wyoming Valleys.

Commodious Cars,
Smooth Track,
Fine Scenery,
Excellent Hotels,

Are the Specialities of this Route.

Through to Wilkesbarre and Mauch Chunk without change of cars.

The new road between the summit of the mountain and Wilkesbarre opens up views of unsurpassed beauty, and the new Hotel provides the best and most ample accommodations for summer visitors.

Excursion Tickets from Philadelphia to principal points, issued FROM TICKET OFFICES ONLY, at reduced rates, on Saturdays, good to return till Monday evening.

Excursion Tickets to Wilkesbarre, good for ten days, issued any day.

THROUGH TRAINS.

Cars leave the Depot, THIRD and THOMPSON Streets at 7 30 A. M. 3:30 P. M., and 5:15 P. M.

For particulars, see time table in another column.

6 9 2mrp ELLIS CLARK, Agent.

BIOKRENE,

OR LIFE-REJUVENATOR.

STRENGTH TO THE WEAK—YOUTH TO THE AGED

This preparation is unequalled as a rejuvenator and restorer of wasted and impaired functions.

The feeble, the aged and all those who have in any way impaired their vitality by excessive mental or physical application, will find the Biokrene to be what its name implies—a life-rejuvenator, which, while it builds up the shattered constitution, will also impart to the feelings the briskness and energy which belong to youth.

No matter by what cause any organ has become enfeebled in its functions this superb preparation will remove that cause at once and forever.

BIOKRENE cures General Debility, Impotency, Nervous Incapacity, Dyspepsia, Depression, Loss of Appetite, Low Spirits, Imbecility, Mental Indolence, Emaciation, Ennui. It has a most delightful, desirable, and novel effect upon the nervous system, and all who are in any way prostrated by nervous disabilities are earnestly advised to seek a cure in this most excellent and unequalled preparation.

BIOKRENE.—The Feeble, the Languid, the Despairing, the Old, should give this valuable discovery a trial; it will be found totally different from all other articles for the same purpose.

TO FEMALES.—This preparation is invaluable in nervous weaknesses of all kinds, as it will restore the wasted strength with wonderful permanence.

It is also a grand Tonic, and will give relief in Dyspepsia with the first dose. A brief persistence in its use will renovate the stomach to a degree of perfect health, and banish Dyspepsia forever.

One Dollar per bottle or six bottles for $5. Sold by Druggists generally. Sent by express anywhere by addressing HUTCHINGS & HILLYER Proprietors, No. 28 DEY Street, New York.

Sold by
JOHNSON, HOLLOWAY & COWDEN,
No 23 North SIXTH Street.
DYOTT & CO.,
4 19 thstu6mrp No. 232 N SECOND St.

CLOTHING.

CHAS. STOKES & CO. MAKE CLOTHING TO ORDER. In the Very Latest Style.

CHAS. STOKES & CO. OFFER Great Inducements to Purchasers of Fine Ready-Made Clothing.

UNDER THE Continental Hotel, 824 Chestnut STREET.

CHAS. STOKES & CO. HAVE READY-MADE CLOTHING. AT VERY LOW PRICES.

CHAS. STOKES & CO. Clothing To Suit All Tastes.

CHAS. STOKES & CO. DEEP COMPETITION

H. T. OF F. C. F. F. F. C

CLOTHING!!!

HICKS' TEMPLE OF FASHION.

Celebrated For Fine Fashionable Clothing.

WILLIAM HICKS,

No. 902 MARKET Street,

5 12 2m PHILADELPHIA.

STATES UNION CLOTHING HALL,

606 MARKET Street, 606

Visitors will find a large and varied assortment of the very best READY-MADE CLOTHING at the lowest cash prices.

Suits, containing Coats, Pants, and Vest, from $12 00.
Dusters, $2 25.
Pants from $3 00 and higher.
Come and convince yourselves. 5 31 3m

$35 TO $45 FOR A SUIT OF BLACK OR fancy colored cloth; army and navy clothing, in style unsurpassed.
4 7 6mrp FARR, No. 19 NINTH St., above Chesnut.

REFRIGERATORS.

ONE DOLLAR'S WORTH OF ICE PER WEEK

Will keep your provisions cool and sweet in the warmest weather, by using one of

SCHOOLEY'S LARGE REFRIGERATORS.

They have three apartments, and are thorough ventilators. The small size require but fifty cents worth of ice per week.

E. S. FARSON & CO.,
MANUFACTURERS,
6 15 2trp No. 230 DOCK Street.

REFRIGERATORS

PRICE $5 00, AND UPWARDS.

2000 REGRIGERATORS ICE CHESTS, AND WATER COOLERS, just finished, comprising the largest and best assortment in the city, which will be sold wholesale and retail,

AT REDUCED PRICES.

A. ANDERSON,
6 8 1mrp No. 136 DOCK Street, below Second.

AUCTION SALES.

B. SCOTT, JR., AUCTIONEER, No. 1020 CHESNUT STREET. 5 21 5

CARD.—We are prepared from now until July 1, to make special sales of any description of merchandise, and will use our best endeavors to give satisfaction. For terms, etc., apply at the Office. 6 2 2st

OIL PAINTINGS, PASTEL PICTURES, CRYSTAL MEDALLIONS, ETC.,
COMPRISING THE ENTIRE COLLECTION FROM THE AMERICAN ART GALLERY, NEW YORK.
B. Scott, Jr., will sell by auction, on Friday, Saturday, and Monday evenings, June 15, 16, and 18, at 8 o'clock, at the Art Gallery, No. 1020 CHESNUT Street, Oil Paintings, Etc. This sale is very important, as it embraces specimens of some of the most talented living artists.
They are now on exhibition free, as above, with Catalogues. 6 12 6t

PANCOAST & WARNOCK, AUCTIONEERS,
5 18 5 No. 240 MARKET Street.

LARGE POSITIVE SALE OF 850 LOTS AMERICAN AND IMPORTED DRY GOODS, WHITE GOODS, HOSIERY GOODS, ETC., BY CATALOGUE.
On Wednesday,
June 20, commencing at 10 o'clock, comprising a full and general assortment of new and desirable goods for present sales. 6 15 4t

FOR SALE AND TO RENT.

A LARGE, WELL LIGHTED *AND VENTILATED* ROOM, ON THE SECOND FLOOR OF THE "Evening Telegraph" Building, No. 108 South THIRD Street, TO RENT.

APPLY IN THE OFFICE, FIRST FLOOR.
N. B. WITH OR WITHOUT STEAM POWER.

TO LET.—CAPE ISLAND—DESIRABLE double Cottage to let, on Lafayette street, eleven rooms, plenty of shade, good cellar, excellent water, fine view of ocean, &c. Photographs of which can be seen, and full particulars at McCALLA'S New Hat Store, No 613 CHESNUT Street. 6 13

TO LET.—THREE STORY DWELLING, double three-story back buildings, all modern conveniences, large yard, rent $640. For location, &c., inquire of WM. W. FISHER, No. 41 N. TENTH st. 6 13

FOR SALE—A DESIRABLE THREE-story Dwelling, with three-story double Back Building on TWELFTH Street, above Green. All modern improvements, summer kitchen, heaters, &c. Price, $6000 clear. Apply at this Office, between 9 and 12 A. M. 4 19

FURNITURE.—THE LARGEST, Cheapest and Best Stock of Furniture in the world is to be found at
GOULD & CO.'S
UNION FURNITURE DEPOT,
CORNER OF NINTH AND MARKET STREETS, and Nos. 37 and 39 N SECOND Street.
Parlor Suits, in Hair, Brocade, Plush, Damask, or Red.
Dining-room, Chamber, Library Kitchen, and Office Furniture, at fabulously low prices, and the newest styles and patterns.
Public Building, School, College, and Shop Furniture in endless variety.
All kinds of Furniture wanted by housekeepers, at exceedingly low prices, at either of their immense establishments. If you want to save money and get well served go to GOULD & CO. before purchasing elsewhere. Corner of NINTH and MARKET, and Nos. 37 and 39 N. SECOND Street. 2 19 5p

1341 SOUTH STREET, M. D'ANCONA pays the highest price for Ladies and Gents' cast-off Clothing. No. 1341 SOUTH Street, below Broad. 6 6 6m

CURTAINS AND SHADES.

KELTY, CARRINGTON AND COMPANY

No. 723 CHESNUT Street

IMPORTERS OF

AND WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS

IN

CURTAIN MATERIALS

AND

MANUFACTURERS

OF

WINDOW SHADES,

SWISS LACE CURTAINS,
FRENCH LACE CURTAINS,
NOTTINGHAM LACE CURTAINS,
LACE AND MUSLIN CURTAINS,
APPLICATION LACE CURTAINS

CALL AT

KELTY, CARRINGTON & CO.'S,

No. 723 CHESNUT Street,

AND SEE OUR

LACE CURTAINS,

FROM AUCTION.

ALSO, DAMAGED LACE,

In Curtain, and by the Yard, Very Low.

WINDOW SHADES,

ALL COLORS,
ALL QUALITIES,
ALL SIZES.

BROWN AND GILT.
LEATHER AND GILT.
STONE AND GILT.
SLATE AND GILT.

STORE SHADES, SKY-LIGHT,

AND

WINDOW SHADES,

OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS, MADE TO ORDER,

KELTY, CARRINGTON & CO.,

No. 723 CHESNUT Street,

PHILADELPHIA.

4 19 tu

FOURTH EDITION

FROM WASHINGTON THIS P. M.

IMPORTANT LIBEL SUIT.

SECRETARY STANTON A WITNESS.

DEATH OF COL. SEATON.

THE BROKEN NATIONAL BANK

Etc., Etc., Etc., Etc., Etc., Etc., Etc.

[SPECIAL DESPATCHES TO EVENING TELEGRAPH.]
WASHINGTON, June 16.

Receipts from Customs.

The receipts from customs at the four principal ports of the United States during the week ending on the 9th inst., are as follows:—New York, $2 477,402 08; Boston, $435 630 82; Philadelphia, $199 482 78; Baltimore, $140,2.1 46. Total receipts, $3 252,657 09.

Suit Against the Merchants' Bank.

Suit has been instituted in the Equity Court by the Receiver against the stockholders of the defunct Merchants' National Bank, to recover an amount equal to their subscription, and to prevent the transfers of stock which were made after the failure of the Bank from being held valid.

Death of Colonel Seaton.

Colonel Seaton, so long connected with the *National Intelligencer*, died this morning of cancer in the face, in the 82d year of his age. A meeting of the City Councils has been called to take action in regard to the funeral.

Libel Suit.

In the libel case of McGhon against Clephane, in the District Court, Secretary Stanton appeared this morning to answer to a subpœna to produce an original letter, alleged to have contained libelous matter against Francis McGhon, plumber, said letter having been written to the War Department by Lewis Clephane, Collector of Internal Revenue.

The letter charged that McGhon was disloyal, and, in consequence of the charge, McGhon lost some profitable jobs with the Department. Secretary Stanton made an affidavit stating that he is advised by the Attorney-General that such communications addressed to the head of a Department are privileged, and that their evidence against the party making them is not required by law.

If, in the opinion of the Court, the production of said paper is not a legal obligation but rests on his official discretion, then no decision to produce it or testify concerning it, believing that the production of such papers from Department files would be a serious public injury, would promote strife and litigation and disturb the public peace and tranquility. The question of requiring the Secretary to produce the original letter is being argued at length by Counsel.

Personal.

Major-General Canby has arrived in town from New Orleans.

CONGRESS.

WASHINGTON, June 16.

House of Representatives.

Immediately after the reading of the journal, Mr. Morrill (Vt.) stated that he believed this would be the last day of the session that would be devoted to general discussion, and he hoped that members would make the most of it, and that they would be prepared to work every other day of the session, which he hoped would now be very short.

Mr. Garfield (Ohio) gave notice that he would next Monday offer a resolution directing the Committee on Mileage to examine and report what discrepancy, if any, there was between the amount of mileage received by members of the last Congress and the amount claimed by them, and directing the Committee to allow no more mileage in future to a member than is claimed by him.

He explained the reason why he wished the resolution to be adopted. On looking into Executive document No. 125, showing the pay and mileage of members for the last Congress, he found himself set down as being paid for 2740 miles of travel, being for 685 miles four times, whereas he had only claimed, in answer to the circular sent him by the Chairman of the Committee on Mileage, 565 miles as the distance from his home to Washington; that, multiplied by four, would make the number of miles for which he should have been paid, 2260; so that he was paid for 480 miles more than he had claimed.

Drawing his mileage in sums of fifty and a hundred dollars, he had not noticed the discrepancy, and it was only on referring to the document that he became aware of the fact. He found now, on inquiry, that other members from Ohio, and perhaps from all parts of the country, had been allowed more mileage than they had claimed.

The gentleman from Cleveland (Mr. Spaulding), claimed for only 510 miles, and was allowed 634, and his colleague (Mr. Schenck) claimed for only 689 miles, and was allowed for 812. The letters in which they stated the number of miles travelled, in reply to the circular of the chairman of the Committee on Mileage, he found in the room of the Sergeant-at-Arms, indorsed with the increased number of miles "Approved—J. W. W." (The initials of Mr. White, of Ohio, chairman of the Committee.—Reporter.)

In the case of his colleague (Mr. Schenck), he had discovered the discrepancy on being paid the balance due him on the last day of Congress, and had declined to receive the increased amount. It appeared that the Committee on Mileage had in this way got up a scale of distances utterly unknown to the members, and now the whole thing was published to Congress and the country, and members were set down as having received a very considerable amount more than they had claimed.

He therefore gave this notice that he would, on next Monday, ask unanimous consent to offer the resolution directing the Committee on Mileage to inquire into the matter.

Mr. Davis (Ky.) suggested jocularly that the extra mileage allowed may have been for the distances travelled by members in passing between the tellers when voting.

No business being in order, except general debate on the President's Annual Message, Mr. Julian (Ind.) made a speech in favor of the Congressional plan of reconstruction.

Latest Markets by Telegraph.

NEW YORK, June 16.—Cotton dull and drooping; sales at 39@41c. Flour advancing; good brands 10@20c. better; sales of 8000 bbls. State, $6 50@9 70; Ohio, $8 60@13 85; Western, $6 50@9 50; Southern firmer; sales of 600 bbls. at $10 30@17; Canada 10@20c. higher; sales of 350 bbls. at $8 70@13 70. Wheat advanced 1@2c. Mixed corn, 1@2c higher; sales 36,000 bushels at 89@91c. Oats unsettled, and 2@3c. higher. Beef steady. Pork buoyant at $32 50. Lard steady at 19@22c. Whisky dull at $2 26.

BALTIMORE, June 16.—Flour firm; high grades scarce. Wheat advancing; good red, $3 10. Corn advancing and excited; white, $1 15@1 16; yellow, 97@98c. Oats dull and drooping. Provisions buoyant; mess Pork, $33@33 25. Lard, 23c. Rye, $1 20@1 25. Whisky dull, inactive, and heavy. Pennsylvania, $2 28. Sugar firm, with an upward tendency.

—The remains of Colonel L. C. Lamar, who fell at Atlanta in 1865, have been disinterred and removed to his former home in Savannah.

LEGAL INTELLIGENCE.

District Court in Banc—President Judge Sharswood and Judges Stroud and Hare.—The following cases on the argument list have been decided:—

McMasters vs. Graham. Rule for a new trial absolute.

Middleton vs. Cornell. Rule for a new trial discharged.

Brown vs. Walton. Nonsuit taken off.

Reeside vs. Wrigley, and Reed vs. Wrigley. Demurrers to bills in equity. Leave in both cases granted to complainant to file amended bills, and leave to withdraw demurrers granted on the terms of answering.

Angier vs. Wolf. Rule for a new trial. On plaintiffs entry of remittur damna of $100, rule discharged.

Wynkoop vs. Hamilton. Rule for a new trial discharged.

Court of Common Pleas—President Judge Allison and Judge Pierce.

Opinions were delivered in the following cases by Judge Pierce this morning:—

Estate of George Earp, Jr. Petition for review. Petition dismissed, with costs.

Thayer vs. Puncher. Motion for special injunction refused.

THE STATIONERY CONTRACT CASE.

Price vs. Hamilton. Motion to quash return of defendants to the writ of alternative mandamus, issued against defendants as City Commissioners. This is another phase of the difficulty which arose out of the award by the Commissioners of the contract for furnishing stationery. Some short time ago the Court awarded an injunction against the Commissioners, restraining them from awarding the contract to one Samuel M. Smith, on the ground that his bid was not legally presented at the time required by law. Then the complainant here, who was also the complainant in the other case, applied for this writ of mandamus, to compel the defendants to award the contract for furnishing certain stationery to him, and to the defendants' answer, the motion to quash is made. Argued by William S. Price, Esq., for complainant, and by A. W. Sellers, Esq., for defendants.

Court of Quarter Sessions—Judge Pierce.—Habeas corpus cases before the Court. The business of the Court was not commenced till a later hour than is usual, on account of the Judge having an opinion to deliver in the Court of Common Pleas. His Honor having delivered the opinion and returned, the regular business of the Court was commenced.

The Court resumed the consideration of certain matters that were left unfinished last Saturday. These were applications for the discharge of certain parties on plea of their having been in prison for more than a term without having a bill of indictment found against them. The Commonwealth desired that these parties should be ordered to enter into new recognizances. The Court decided that the parties should not be entirely discharged, but that they should await the end of the present term, and if at that time there were no bills found against them, they should be discharged. However, they were not to enter into new recognizances. But the matter will be continued till next Saturday.

The Habeas Corpus case, in which Mrs. Sarah Kelly applied for the custody of her little niece, and which was continued from last Saturday, was concluded this morning. After the examination of several witnesses concerning the good character of Mrs. Kelly, the Court decided to remand the child to the custody of Mrs. Kelly. After delivering a beautiful piece of advice to the little child, who seemed to be very bright and intelligent, the parties were dismissed.

The case of Mr. William McElwee, City Pastor, was before the Court. Mr. McElwee was charged with the embezzlement of certain money entrusted to him for the relief of the needy families of soldiers.

As appeared in the newspapers some time last month, it was stated that $81 50 had been sent by contribution for the relief of a Mrs. Hannah Dowell, the wife of a disabled soldier, who was in very distressing circumstances; that he, Mr. McElwee, paid her only $60, retaining the rest. In a letter to the public, published in the *Daily Press*, he solicited contributions for the relief of Mr. Dowell, and promised to use immediately, for this praiseworthy purpose, all money entrusted to him in the case.

Mr. McElwee soon had the gratification of being able to acknowledge in the *Press* the receipt of $81 50 for Mrs. Dowell. He gave Mrs. Dowell $30 in food, fuel, etc., and retained the rest for future need. A witness for the prosecution soon afterwards came upon the pastor, and asked him if he acknowledged all the receipts published in the *Press*—a copy of which he had with him. The pastor replied that he did. Then the witness said that Mrs. Dowell was entitled to $51 50 more, since there were $81 50 in her name.

The Pastor said he had paid her $30, and that he would act at his own discretion about it, and not be dictated to by others. The witness told the Pastor that he believed he intended to defraud the woman, and gave his reasons. It was stated that the Pastor became very much excited and, after some warm talk on both sides, ordered witness to leave.

He said that he would not pay Mrs. Dowell any more money as long as this man was acting as her agent; that the affair was left in his hands, and he intended to do what was right. The witness then went out, and the Pastor paid Mrs. Dowell $30 more. There was then left a balance of $21 50 due her. He stated that he would pay her this if she ever needed it, and, if not, he would use it to aid other sufferers with.

Mrs. Dowell was not present. District Attorney Mann said that this was a very serious affair, one in which too much care could not be taken to see that injustice was done to no one, and therefore asked the Court to continue the matter till next Saturday, in order to have the attendance of Mrs. Dowell. It was accordingly continued till Saturday next.

A CARPET SWEEPING MACHINE—BY taking up the dust as fast as it sweeps, does not grind it into the carpet like a broom. It therefore saves your carpet and your time. Sold by
TRUMAN & SHAW,
No. 835 (Eight Thirty-five) MARKET St., below Ninth.

PATENT ICE PICKS, ICE PICKS AND Mallets, Ice Tomahawks and Axes, Ice Tongs, Ice Planes, and other seasonable hardware, for sale at the Hardware Store of
TRUMAN & SHAW,
No. 835 (Eight Thirty-five) MARKET St., below Ninth

THE CHAMPION COG-WHEEL CLOTHES-Wringer, by a new arrangement of the pinions, permits the two rollers to separate on both sides without becoming uncleared or increasing the friction; while its circular clamp has a solid hold on the whole face of the tub instead of at two points only. For sale, with a variety of other kinds, by
TRUMAN & SHAW,
No. 835 (Eight Thirty-five) MARKET St., below Ninth.

ACCIDENTAL INSURANCE COMPANY OF NEW YORK.

BRANCH OFFICE.

No. 419 Chesnut Street, Philadelphia.

FRANK O. ALLEN, Manager.

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Policies and Daily Tickets cover every description of Accidents, travelling or otherwise.

General Accident Tickets, for one to six days, 25 cents per day, insuring $5000, and $25 weekly compensation.

Sea Voyage Policies to all parts of the world issued at low rates.

GENERAL ACCIDENTAL POLICIES,

Covering all forms of Dislocations, Broken Bones, Ruptured Tendons, Sprains, Concussions, Crushings, Bruises, Cuts, Stabs, Gunshot Wounds, Burns and Scalds, Bites of Dogs, Unprovoked Assaults by Burglars, Robbers, or Murderers, the action of Lightning or Sun Stroke, the effects of Explosions, Chemicals, Floods, and Earthquakes, Suffocation by Drowning or Choking, when such accidental injury is the cause of death within three months of the happening of the injury, or of total disability to follow the usual avocations.

THE RATES VARY

From $3 to $50,

INSURING *From* $500 *to* $10,000,

IN CASE OF DEATH, AND

$3 to $50 Weekly Compensation,

FOR ANY DISABLING INJURY

By permission, reference is made to the following gentlemen:—

Colonel W. B. Thomas, Collector of the Port.
Colonel J. H. Taggart, United States Collector of Internal Revenue, First District.
Henry Bumm, Esq., City Treasurer.
B. B. Comegys, Esq., Cashier Philadelphia National Bank.
M. McMichael, Jr., Esq., Cashier First National Bank.
J. W. Sexton, Esq., of firm of Messrs. Jay Cooke & Co.
Messrs. Lewis, Brothers & Co., Merchants, No. 218 Chesnut street.
Messrs. Tyler & Co., Coal Merchants, No. 328 Walnut street.
Messrs. Wood, Roberts & Co., Iron Manufacturers, Ridge avenue, below Twelfth street. 3 10 eoal2t 4p

NUMBER LXXII.

A DIET FOR MENTAL DYSPEPTICS, AND A CURE FOR HY-POCHONDRIA, HY-POCRISY, OR ANY COMPLAINT OF A HY ORDER.

BY OUR SERIES EDITOR.

ALMANAC AND DIARY.

SHORT METRE-ILLOGICAL OBSERVATIONS FOR THE WEAK.

June.

Monday, 11.—Doctor Mary Walker arrested in New York by the vigilant police for wearing male costume. The regulations against street Walkers must be very strict in that city.

Tuesday, 12.—Guardians of the Poor report having received seventy-four lumps of butter-light weight, from the Clerk of the Market. They propose presenting him with a belt, as the "Champion of Light Weights."

Wednesday, 13.—Opening Day of the Strawberry Fairs. Voting going on actively among the ladies for Fire Horns, Base Ball Bats, Cylinders of Hose, Bibles, Hymn Books, and other Fancy Articles.

Thursday, 14.—Glass, and other Blowers in Convention at the Continental Hotel. After they were done blowing about Glass, they commenced blowing over their glasses.

Friday, 15.—Rousseau, of Kentucky, canes Mr. Grinnell, of Iowa. Mr Grinnell called him a "rabbit." We should say rather a "dog," a Rat-Tan Terrier.

Saturday, 16.—SERIES COLUMN DAY. The Editor, in view of the warning from the Board of Health not to publish cases of diarrhœa as the cholera, warns the public not to confound this case of "diary" with "diarrhœa."

A PATENT REPORT.

From the United States Patent Office.

[SPECIALLY REPORTED FOR THE SUPPER TABLE SERIES.]

The list of Patents issued from the Patent Office for this week embraces some of the most valuable patents ever offered to a Yankee and discriminating public. The following List was made up in our office by the same gentleman who does the Fenian despatches and the European News, and who is fully acquainted with the subject:—

"JOHN S. ANDERS, of North Wales, Pa., for improvement in medicine." What I claim is that the medicine shall be taken in at A, which is a glass phial, shaken up and given to B, a spittoon, and the patient shall immediately be

worked for about nine hours in C, which is a potato-field, when it his appetite and sleep is not improved the dose shall be repeated, omitting ingredients A and B.

"JESSE BRINGHURST, of Philadelphia, Pa., for improvement in legs." What I claim is that the wearer will be free of corns and bunions on the toes, and no amount of high living will bring on the gout. Tight boots will be unknown; no matter how tight the owner may be in other particulars, will not suffer from verbose or jocose veins, and it will save him from past obligations, because he will stand on a different footing before his creditors.

"J. G. DE COURSEY, of Philadelphia, for improvement in Musquito Net." What I claim is the double use of the article. When the musquito is out of season the article is useful as a skirt distender, but in season it is a most convenient and ornamental

MUSQUITO BAR.

"E. P. IRONS, Baltimore, Md., for improvements in saw-mills." Specifications:—The saw to have a set of false teeth, as, when the saw is worn out, the same teeth can be used for another saw, or if the teeth should wear out first, a new set could be had for the old saw. By the use of Nitrous Oxide Gas, the old ones can be taken off without pain to the operator.

"EDWARD KAYLOR, Pittsburg, for improvement in bolt-heading machine," claims—Firstly, that a man with a head put on by this machine can bolt his party or a nomination without injurious effects. Secondly, can bolt his dinner without harm to it, bolting it down so tight that it will not come up—except on an emergency.

"AUGUSTUS G. & E. E. KYLE, of Newville, for improved method of preserving eggs." What I claim is the making of a small aperture at the point A, also at the butt B, when a person shall blow with his mouth at A, forcing that part of the egg that always spoils first out at B, after which the eggs can be strung on a string as shown in the accompanying diagram, and kept for any length of time, depending a good deal upon the strength of the string.

"JESSE S. LEE, of Smith's Landing, N. J., for improvement for Weighing Scales." Description:—First get the fish—Shad is as good as any kind—scrape the fish with a knife against the grain, when the scales will fly off; dry the scales in the sun, then weigh them. After they are weighed they had better be thrown away, as they are a great nuisance about a place.

"JOHN D. LEE, of Trenton, for improved waterproof composition." We have not read this Composition, but a great many that we have read latterly will not "hold water," such, for example, as the composition of Mr. Brandegee, of Connecticut, read in the House of Representatives the other day, on the subject of New London for an iron-clad Navy Yard in preference to League Island. A Composition that will "hold water" on any subject is certainly valuable.

"H. A. & D. E. LONGSDORF, of Mechanicsburg, for improved paint." I claim that this is not a dye, and that it will remove all freckles, pimples, or tan—it will remove more tan than a cart and horse can in the same amount of time.

"JOHN LETCHWORTH, of Philadelphia, for improved fruit jar." There are so many jars that are now fruitless in the nation, and, we might add, in almost every family, that any invention that looks to improvement in that department ought certainly to have no Stopper. Family jars can be improved by not having your wife to live with her mother-in-law, but give her a home of her own. No doubt there are other receipts in the different works on the subject.

"JOHN LETZKUS, Pittsburg, for improvement in squeezers," claims—I claim the improvement of putting the Railroad Presidents immediately over the cow-catchers and beyond them, so that appropriations may be squeezed out of the Board of Directors sufficient to maintain the necessary signal stations on the road, and the track in proper order.

"CUTHBERT L. MUNUS, Philadelphia, for improvement in gas-inhalers." I claim that in the study of the Supper Table Series, no Fenian or other party will be carried off to Canada, or from his business, by the gassy orations of any pretended patriot or politician, and all the gas that is daily expended by Mr. Harris, of Maryland, and Mr. Randall, of Pennsylvania, about "our sister Southern States," will find no inhaler in the reader of these columns.

"EDWARD WISSINBORN, of Hudson, N. Y., for improvement in moulding peat." I claim that any peat, even Pete Beauregard, can be moulded into a tractable article by subjecting him to a little fire, such as Sherman and Gilmore administered at Charleston, and Pete would be greatly improved by being thus moulded.

"ISAAC GREGG, of Philadelphia, for improved brick machine." Description:—

THIS MACHINE

is intended to make them in the Hat with great rapidity, solid and heavy. A machine similar to this has been in use for a long time under different names, such as "Plantation Bitters," "Young Man's Friend," "Chesnut Grove," etc., but they are all intringements on this patent.

A Want of Good Breeding.

The following paragraph throws some light on the introduction of the Cholera into this country, and our wonder is, if this thing continues to be the practice with the ships coming into our ports, that we have not more epidemics. It is from the *Inquirer's* New York letter:—

"The ship *Palmerston*, from Hamburg, brought in to-day between six and seven hundred passengers, and reports four births."

Now the idea of accommodating that number of passengers in a vessel furnished as this is, is awful! Even allowing but half of them to go to bed at once, say three hundred and fifty, it requires but a small imagination to conceive of the crowded state of the four berths during the passage.

ROBERT SHOEMAKER & CO.,

WHOLESALE DRUGGISTS,

MANUFACTURERS,

IMPORTERS,

AND DEALERS IN

Paints, Varnishes, and Oils,

No. 201 NORTH FOURTH STREET

4 16 3m N. E. CORNER OF RACE

DANNER'S WASHING MACHINE

Best in the City.

IT SAVES TIME,

SAVES LABOR,

SAVES CLOTHES.

EVERY FAMILY SHOULD HAVE ONE.

For sale at the Furniture Store of

Agents Wanted.

J. HAAS,

5 20 No. 837 MARKET Street

THE HARRISON BOILER

A SAFE STEAM BOILER.

The attention of manufacturers and others using Steam is confidently called to this new Steam Generator, as combining essential advantages in absolute safety from explosion in cheapness of first cost and cost of repairs, in economy of fuel, facility of cleaning and transportation etc. not possessed by any other boiler now in use. This boiler is formed of a combination of cast-iron hollow spheres, each sphere eight inches external diameter, and three-eighths of an inch thick. These are held together by wrought-iron bolts, with caps at the ends.

Nearly one hundred of these Boilers are now in operation, some of them in the best establishments in this city.

For descriptive circulars or price, apply to JOSEPH HARRISON, Jr. Harrison Boiler Works, GRAY'S FERRY Road, adjoining the United States Arsenal, Philadelphia. 4 21 s 1u th 3mp

DRY GOODS.

LINEN GOODS ONLY,

AT MILLIKEN'S

No. 828 ARCH Street.

NEW LINEN LAWN DRESSES.

NEW PRINTED SHIRTING LINENS.

TRAVELLING DRESS LINENS.

CORN COLORED LINENS.

FLAX COLORED LINENS.

BLOUSE LINENS.

LINEN DRILLS, Fancy and Plain.

LINEN DUCKS, Fancy and Plain.

LINEN CHECKS, for Boys' Wear.

IRISH SHIRTING LINENS, Best Makes.

SHIRT BOSOMS, Very Superior.

LINEN DAMASKS, by the Yard.

TABLE CLOTHS, All Sizes.

NAPKINS AND DOYLIES.

TOWELS, Great Variety.

LADIES' LINEN HANDKERCHIEFS.

GENTS' LINEN HANDKERCHIEFS.

Linen Buyers will always find the best assortment in the city, at

MILLIKEN'S LINEN STORE

6 9 stuthlm No. 828 ARCH Street.

CAPE MAY

ATLANTIC CITY,

AND LONG BRANCH.

DREIFUSS & BELSINGER,

No. 49 North EIGHTH Street,

HAVE OPENED ON THE 14TH INST.,

A new and desirable lot of

ZEPHYR KNIT SHAWLS,

Suitable for the Watering Places, including a splendid assortment of

WHITE GOODS.

PUCKED MUSLIN,

SHIRRED MUSLIN,

SWISS MUSLIN,

PLAID NAINSOOK,

STRIPED NAINSOOK,

9 12 CAMBRIC NAINSOOK.

CHEAP DRY GOODS, CARPETS, MATTING, Oil Cloths and Window Shades.—V. E. ARCHAMBAULT, N. E. corner ELEVENTH and MARKET streets, will open this morning from Auction—White Canton Matting, 31 cents up; Red Check Matting, 37 cents; Ingrain Carpets, 50, 62, 75 87 cents, $1, $1 25, $1 37, $1 50; English Tapestry Brussels Carpets only $1 75; Three-ply Carpets only $2 12½; Hemp Carpets, 37 cents; Rag Carpets 42 cents; Cottage Carpets, 37 cents; Floor Oil Cloths, 62 cents; Window Shades $1 to $3; Plain Buff, Brown and Green Shading, 50 cents; Sheeting Muslins, 25 to 50 cents; Table Linens, 62 cents to $1 50; Napkins, 25 cents; Towellings, 12 cents up; Cloth Table-covers, $1 75; Mozambiques, 37 to 45 cents; Lawns, 31 cents; Plain all-wool Delaines, 50 to 62 cents; Alpacas all colors, 37 to 62 cents. Cheap Wholesale and Retail Store, N. E. corner ELEVENTH and MARKET Sts. 6 9

No 1024 CHESNUT STREET.

E. M. NEEDLES,

No. 1024 CHESNUT STREET,

OFFERS AT LOW PRICES,

2000 PIECES WHITE GOODS,

Includes all varieties Shirred, Puffed, Tucked, Plaid, Striped, Plain and Figured MUSLINS, suitable for White Bodies and Dresses.

100 pieces PRINTED LINEN LAWNS, desirable styles for Dresses.

Cluny, Valenciennes and other Laces; Insertings, Edgings, Flouncings and Bands, Handkerchiefs, Veils, Collars, Sleeves, etc.

The above are offered for sale CHEAP, and in great VARIETY.

LADIES WOULD DO WELL TO EXAMINE.

No. 1024 CHESNUT STREET. No. 1024 CHESNUT STREET.

628 HOPKINS' 628

HOOP-SKIRT

Manufactory, No. 628 ARCH Street,

Above Sixth street, Philadelphia.

Wholesale and Retail.

Our assortment embraces all the new and desirable styles and sizes of every length and size waist for Ladies, Misses, and Children.

Those of "*OUR OWN MAKE*" are *superior* in *finish* and *durability* to any other Skirts *made*, and warrante to give satisfaction.

Skirts made to order, altered and repaired. 2 45

LIQUORS.

CHESNUT GROVE WHISKY.

No. 225 North THIRD Street.

If anything was wanted to prove the absolute purity of this Whisky, the following certificates should do it. There is no alcoholic stimulant known commanding such recommendation from such high sources:—

PHILADELPHIA, September 9, 1865.

We have carefully tested the sample of CHESNUT GROVE WHISKY which you send us, and find that it contains NONE OF THE POISONOUS SUBSTANCE known as FUSIL OIL which is the characteristic and injurious ingredient of the whiskies in general use.

BOOTH, GARRETT & CAMAC,
Analytical Chemists

NEW YORK, September 3 1865

I have analyzed a sample of CHESNUT GROVE WHISKY received from Mr Charles Wharton, Jr., of Philadelphia, and having carefully tested it, I am pleased to state that it is entirely FREE FROM POISONOUS OR DELETERIOUS substances. It is an unusually pure and fine-flavored quality of whisky.

JAMES R. CHILTON, M. D.,
Analytical Chemist

BOSTON, March 7, 1859

I have made a chemical analysis of commercial samples of CHESNUT GROVE WHISKY, which proves to be free from the heavy Fusil Oils, and perfectly pure an unadulterated. The fine flavor of this whisky is derived from the grain used in manufacturing it.

Respectfully, A. A. HAYES, M. D.,
State Assayer, No. 16 Boylston street

For sale by barrel, demijohn, or bottle at No. 226 North THIRD Street, Philadelphia. 4 9

M. NATHANS & SONS

IMPORTERS

OF

BRANDIES, WINES, GINS,

Etc. Etc.

No. 19 North FRONT Street,

PHILADELPHIA.

MOSES NATHANS,
HORACE A. NATHANS,
ORLANDO D. NATHANS. 1 19 m

SUMMER RESORTS.

SUMMER RESORTS

ON LINE OF

Reading Railroad and Branches.

MANSION HOUSE, MOUNT CARBON,
Mrs. Caroline Wunder, Pottsville P. O., Schuylkill co

TUSCARORA HOTEL,
Mrs. Hannah Miller, Tuscarora P. O., Schuylkill co

MAHANOY CITY HOTEL,
G. W. Frost, Mahanoy City P. O., Schuylkill co.

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Mrs. Susan Marscord, Reading P. O

ANDALUSIA,
James S. Madeira, Reading P. O.

LIVING SPRINGS HOTEL,
Dr. A. Smith, Werdersville P. O., Berks co

SOUTH MOUNTAIN HOUSE,
H. H. Manderbach, Womelsdorf P. O., Berks co.

COLD SPRINGS HOTEL,
Lebanon co., Charles Roedermel, Harrisburg P. O,

BOYERSTOWN SEMINARY,
J. B. Henky, Boyerstown P. O., Berk co.

YELLOW SPRINGS HOTEL,
S. R. Snyder, Yellow Springs P. O., Chester co

LITIZ SPRINGS,
Samuel Lichtenthaler, Litiz P. O., Lancaster co

EPHRATA MOUNTAIN SPRINGS,
Alexander S. Feather, Ephrata P. O., Lancaster co

APRIL 21, 1866. 4 23 3m

NATIONAL HOTEL

AND

EXCURSION HOUSE,

Atlantic City, N. J.

The undersigned having leased the above favorite establishment, and having refitted and refurnished it throughout, it will be open for the reception of guests, on SATURDAY June 16, 1866.

The table will be supplied with the best the season affords including Oysters, Fish, Clams, etc. etc., and none but the purest Wines, Liquors, Cigars, etc., selected for the Bar.

Dancing Music attached to the house for the use of visitors.

J. WILLETT,

6 14 1m PROPRIETOR.

EXCHANGE HOTEL,

ATLANTIC CITY.

The subscriber, grateful for past favors, tenders thanks to his patrons and the public for the generous custom given him, and begs leave to say that his house is now open for the season and ready to receive boarders, permanent and transient, on the most moderate terms. The bar will always be supplied with the choicest of wines, liquors, and cigars, and superior old ale. The tables will be set with the best the market affords.

Fishing lines and tackle always on hand.

Stable room on the premises.

All the comforts of a home can always be found at the Exchange.

GEORGE HAYDAY,

6 14 thstu2m PROPRIETOR.

UNITED STATES HOTEL,

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J.,

Will open for the reception of guests on

WEDNESDAY, JUNE 27, 1866.

DODWORTH'S BAND engaged for the season.

Persons desiring to engage rooms will address

BROWN & WOELPPER,

PROPRIETORS, ATLANTIC CITY,

Or No. 827 RICHMOND Street,

6 9 2mrp* Philadelphia.

CONGRESS HALL,

CAPE ISLAND, N. J.,

WILL REMAIN OPEN UNTIL OCTOBER 1.

There has been added to this popular House, since last season, the entire Ocean House property, giving an ocean front of over 120 feet, and over 300 rooms ironing and in full view of the sea.

A perfect system of sewerage and drainage has been completed, a feature possessed by few hotels outside of large cities.

The appointments of the House throughout have received a most careful supervision, suggested by the experience of past seasons. For apartments, address

J. F. CAKE,
Congress Hall.

Hassler's Brass and String Band. 5 29

THE PIER HOUSE.

PORT PENN, DELAWARE.

JONATHAN DRAPER, Proprietor.

The Proprietor having purchased this well-known house, is now prepared to receive boarders at $8 00 per week.

The lovers of good gunning and fishing can here fully enjoy that luxury.

Excellent bathing, and a magnificent beach extending for miles. 5 26 1m

THE TAMMANY HOUSE,

NORTH CAROLINA AVENUE,

NEAR THE DEPOT, ATLANTIC CITY, N. J.

The subscriber takes pleasure in informing his former patrons and the public that the above house is now open where he will be happy to receive all who may favor him with a call.

In connection with the Hotel, he has opened a FIRST-CLASS BILLIARD ROOM.

ELIAS CLEAVER,

6 14 1m PROPRIETOR.

KENTUCKY HOUSE, KENTUCKY AVENUE, Atlantic City, N. J., is now open for the reception of boarders. Having one of the finest locations on the Island and being nearest to the best bathing on the beach, it offers superior inducements to visitors to Atlantic City.

6 14 6trp FRANCIS QUIGLEY, Proprietor.

FRUITS, NUTS,

SARDINES, ETC. ETC.

Oranges and Lemons, Messina.

Paper Shell and Bordeaux Almonds.

Sardines, half and quarter boxes

Marseilles Olive Oil, quarts and pints.

Nonpariel Superfine Capers.

Spanish and French Olives, in kegs and glass.

English Pickles, Sauces, and Mustard.

American Pickles, in barrels and glass.

Tomato Catsup and Pepper Sauce, quarts and pints.

English Mushroom and Walnut Catsup.

Worcestershire and Lucknow Sauce.

Bunch, Layer, Seedless, and Valencia Raisins.

Zante and Patras Currants, and Citron.

French, Turkey, and Imperial Prunes.

Grenoble Walnuts, Pecan Nuts, and Filberts.

Italian Maccaroni and Vermicelli.

Canned Peaches, Tomatoes, Lobsters, and Corn.

Also, 200 cases of the celebrated Virgin Oil of Aix, imported by us, quarts and pints.

The richest Salad Oil received from France.

JOSEPH B. BUNSIER & CO.,

6 5 mths 7 13

No. 108 South DELAWARE Avenue.

WATCHES, JEWELRY ETC.

FINE WATCH

REPAIRING,

Attended to by the most skilful workmen, and every Watch warranted.

FRENCH CLOCKS called for, repaired, and returned. [5 26§

G. RUSSELL & CO.,

No. 22 North SIXTH St.

LEWIS LADOMUS,

DIAMOND DEALER & JEWELER,

WATCHES, JEWELRY & SILVER WARE,

WATCHES and JEWELRY REPAIRED.

802 Chestnut St., Phila.

Owing to the decline of Gold, has made a great reduction in price of his large and well assorted stock of

Diamonds,

Watches,

Jewelry,

Silverware, Etc.

The public are respectfully invited to call and examine our stock before purchasing elsewhere. 2 2§

SILVER AND PLATED GOODS,

OF THE

Most Superior Workmanship,

AT THE

NEW STORE,

No. 704 ARCH STREET.

The undersigned (late of the famous Rogers Bros' Manufacturing Company) respectfully announce that they have opened a new and beautiful store for the sale of SILVER and PLATED WARE, at No 704 ARCH Street. Our long experience as manufacturers will enable us to keep nothing but first-class Goods and those who may patronize our store will find our plated goods far superior to any ever imported, and our customers may rely on the goods being precisely what they are represented to be.

5 26§ BOWMAN & LEONARD.

WATCHES, JEWELRY, &c.

MUSICAL BOXES.

A full assortment of above goods constantly on hand at moderate prices—the Musical Boxes playing from 2 to 10 beautiful Airs.

FARR & BROTHER, Importers,

No. 324 CHESNUT STREET,

11 13 smth §rp Below Fourth.

RICH JEWELRY

JOHN BRENNAN,

DEALER IN

DIAMONDS, FINE WATCHES, JEWELRY

Etc. Etc. Etc.

9 20§ No. 18 S. EIGHTH STREET, Philada.

SHIPPING.

FOR SAVANNAH, GA.

THE PHILADELPHIA AND SOUTHERN MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY'S REGULAR LINE, SAILING EVERY SATURDAY.

The new and splendid steamships

PIONEER.....Captain P. F. Hoxie
TONAWANDA.....Captain Jacob Teal

Cabin Passage.....$15 00
Deck Passage.....$8 00

The Steamship

"PIONEER,"

Will commence receiving freight for the above port, at RACE Street Wharf, on THURSDAY, June 14, at 10 o'clock A. M.

Shippers are requested to send bills of lading with their goods.

The State room accommodations of this steamer are of a superior and commodious character.

Freight taken for Charleston S. C., and forwarded via Savannah with quick despatch.

No bills of lading signed after vessel leaves the wharf.

S. & J. M. FLANAGAN,
No. 420 South DELAWARE Avenue.

For freight or passage apply to

WILLIAM C. HARRIS,
Freight and Passenger Agent,
5 25 tf No. 206 South DELAWARE Avenue.

HAMILL'S PASSAGE OFFICE.
"ANCHOR LINE OF STEAMERS."

"IBERNIA," "COLUMBIA,"
"CALEDONIA," "CAMBRIA,"
"BRITANNIA," "INDIA."

Steam to

LIVERPOOL, LONDONDERRY, BELFAST, DUBLIN, NEWRY, CORK, AND GLASGOW.

RATES OF PASSAGE,
PAYABLE IN PAPER CURRENCY.

CABIN.....$90, $80, and $70
STEERAGE.....$30

PREPAID CERTIFICATES

issued for bringing out passengers from the above points at

LOWER RATES THAN ANY OTHER LINE.

Also, to and from

ALL STATIONS ON THE IRISH RAILWAYS.

SPECIAL NOTICE.—Passengers will take particular notice that the "Anchor Line" is the only line granting through tickets at the above rates from Philadelphia to the points named above, and that the undersigned is the only duly authorized Agent in Philadelphia.

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Sole Agent for "ANCHOR LINE,"
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For freight which will be taken upon accommodating terms, apply to WILLIAM M. BAIRD & CO.,
3 16 No. 128 DELAWARE Avenue

TO SHIP CAPTAINS AND OWNERS.—THE undersigned having leased the KENSINGTON SCREW DOCK, begs to inform his friends and the patrons of the Dock that he is prepared with increased facilities to accommodate those having vessels to be raised or repaired, and being a practical ship-carpenter and caulker, will give personal attention to the vessels entrusted to him for repairs.

Captains or Agents, ship Carpenters, and Machinists having vessels to repair are solicited to call.

Having the agency for the sale of Wetherstedt's Patent Metallic Composition" for Copper Paint for the preservation of vessels' bottoms for this city, I am prepared to furnish the same on favorable terms.

JOHN H. HAMMITT,
Kensington Screw Dock,
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SHIRT MANUFACTURERS,

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FOUR DOORS BELOW THE "CONTINENTAL,"

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PATENT SHOULDER-SEAM

SHIRT MANUFACTORY,

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PERFECT FITTING SHIRTS AND DRAWERS made from measurement at very short notice.

All other articles of GENTLEMEN'S DRESS GOODS in full variety.

WINCHESTER & CO.,

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PACKING BOXES

Of all kinds and for all use, supplied at short notice. My several styles for making are the best in the city, and prices the least. Call for a list of prices before you buy, at corner of TWELFTH and NOBLE Streets.

Fruit dealers supplied.

5 26 1m ALBERT D. COOKE.

LEGAL NOTICES.

IN THE COURT OF COMMON PLEAS FOR THE CITY AND COUNTY OF PHILADELPHIA. ADELAIDE MERCER, by etc., vs. BERNARD MERCER.

In Divorce. March Term, 1866. No. 60.

To BERNARD MERCER, Respondent:—

Take notice that depositions, on behalf of the libellant in the above case, will be taken before Chas. S. Mann, Esq., Examiner, at his office, northwest corner of Fifth and Green streets, on THURSDAY July 12, 1866, at 11 o'clocks A. M., when and where you may attend if you think proper.

JOSEPH M. PILE,
6 12 16t Attorney for Libellant.

STOVES RANGES, &c.

UNION OIL STOVES,

A new and complete apparatus for Cooking and Heating by Petroleum Oil. Our Stoves give no smoke or odor, and are not liable to get out of order, being as simple in every respect as a Kerosene Lamp. The Baker, Broiler, and Flat-Iron Heater are the only special articles of furniture required. For all other purposes, ordinary stove furniture may be used.

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SOLE AGENT FOR PENNSYLVANIA,

No. 38 South FIFTH Street,

Liberal discount to the trade. 4 17 3m rp

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RANGES OF ALL SIZES.

ALSO, PHILEGAR'S NEW LOW PRESSURE STEAM HEATING APPARATUS.

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5 19 stuthδm No. 209 N. SECOND Street

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UPHOLSTERED GOODS.

Parlor Suits in Plush, Reps Hair Cloth, etc.

Sitting-Room, Dining-Room, and Chamber Suits in Walnut, Mahogany, Oak, Chesnut, etc., together with grained imitations of the above woods, which come very low.

Should you desire anything in our line, it will be to your advantage to call and examine our stock, which is as large and varied as can be found anywhere, and PRICES THE LOWEST.

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BEST QUALITY AND STYLE OF SPRING

MATTRESSES.

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The only FINE CUT TOBACCO ever manufactured in Philadelphia.

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Farrel & Herring Fire-Proof Safe

FOR SALE.

APPLY AT THIS OFFICE. 45 P.

LONDON GOSSIP.

Miss Avonia Jones at the Standard Theatre—Mourning for G. V. Brooke in Melbourne—The Brooke Family of Ancient Irish Origin—The American Grimacier in Paris—Labor, the Blind Pianist—Method by which he Learned Music—Napoleon's Prize Cup for the International Pigeon Shooters—Prince Alfred Receiving the Freedom of the City from the Grocers—Fancy Fair to be held for the Benefit of the Royal Dramatic College—Meeting of the Royal Geological Society—Sir Roderick Murchison's Address—Medals Awarded—A Story About the Collecting of Postage Stamps—Pion's Sugar Plums—A Poetical Bonnet.

LONDON, June 2.—Our gifted countrywoman, Miss Avonia Jones (Mrs. G. V. Brooke), is playing a highly successful engagement at the Standard, after having appeared nightly for three months at the New Surrey. The deep interest which every one feels in the lamented tragedian, Gustavus V. Brooke, the horror excited by his dreadful fate, and the admiration called forth by the bravery he displayed, and the brotherly devotion which made him refuse even to attempt to save his life because he would have been compelled to leave his sister upon the fated ship, have all combined to turn the eyes of the public sympathetically upon his young widow. Letters from Australia inform us that when the appalling news of the loss of the *London* was received at Melbourne, no man was more generally and deeply mourned than Brooke. The shops were half closed in token of respect, and everywhere his portrait was to be seen shrouded by white and black draperies, and his last words traced above them, sometimes with immortelles. The photographists have not been able to supply the demand for his photograph, and preparations are being made for the erection of a statue to his memory. A statue will also be reared in Dublin, and there will probably be a monument to him in Belfast, where he made his last appearance.

The family of Brooke is Irish, and of ancient origin. The father of the late G. V. Brooke was brother to Henry Brooke, the head of the Donegal family, who resided near Londonderry, and represented the county of Donegal in the British Parliament. He died some years before his brother Gustavus. The only near relative of G. V. Brooke, still living, is his sister, the wife of the Rev. Dr. Huntley, who lives at Kilkenny. It was at the house of this sister that Brooke and his bride passed their happy Christmas holidays, just before they parted, on the deck of the *London*, for the last time in this life.

American artists of all descriptions are every year competing more successfully with European. Paris has just acknowledged the wonderful gifts of an American *Grime*, as he is termed in theatrical phrase, or *face-maker*. The talent of this singular *grimacier* consists in imitating the heads of celebrated historical personages. He places himself behind a frame hidden by a white cloth, and beside a table covered with wigs, false beards, and paint brushes. As soon as his toilet is made he suddenly draws aside the curtain, and exhibits to the spectators the head of Washington, Napoleon, Charles the First, Wellington, Louis XI; or that of a madman, an idiot, a fury, a criminal, etc. The rapidity with which this artist changes his head, and its perfect fidelity to the original, is marvellous.

Labor, the blind piano-forte player of the King of Hanover, has made a great impression in Paris, and is expected in London. The King of Hanover, it will be remembered, is also blind. Labor, however, has been blind from his birth, and never saw a single page of music, or a note of his instrument. To enable him to learn his first pieces, his sister, a pianist of rare talent, used to play the chosen piece two or three times, while he sat by her side and listened. He would then take her place and repeat, note by note, what he had just heard. After she had played the air for the third time, Labor knew it perfectly, however difficult it might be. In this manner he has acquired a more extensive *repertoire*, it is said, than any other musician. He also composes music.

The Emperor of the French has ordered a superb prize, in the shape of a cup, to be shot for by the International Pigeon Shooters in 1867. The Emperor attends the new pigeon shooters' club, in the Bois de Boulogne, and it appears that he shoots a great deal better than most of his subjects. Has America, among her fine marksmen, no competitors to send?

Prince Alfred has just received the freedom of the City of London from the ancient Company of Grocers. Mr. Woodhouse, as Master of the Grocers' Company, in addressing his Royal Highness, informed him that the Company received its first charter from his Majesty King Edward the Third; that it took rank second in the list of the old trading fellowships of the city, and that, during a period of more than five centuries, it had been distinguished for its loyalty and hospitality. The document which the Prince received conferring the freedom was inclosed in a magnificent gold box of elegant design and workmanship, and of the value of one hundred guineas. After he subscribed the oath of freeman he was escorted to the court-room of the Company, and partook of a sumptuous breakfast. The table was adorned by some of the Company's ancient gold drinking cups, and four superb pleteaux in solid silver, embodying a series of groups emblematical of the different branches of commerce in which the Company has always been engaged. Other specimens of the massive gold and silver plate of the Guild were displayed, on side tables, in different parts of the room.

The Governors of the Royal Dramatic College have held a meeting at the Adelphi Theatre. Mr. Benjamin Webster presided. It was resolved that a great fancy fair should be held, for the benefit of the College, at Sydenham Palace, on the 7th and 9th of July next. Actors and actresses of note are to grace the booths. It is stated that Mr. Buckstone will exhibit a "Punch" and "Judy" alone.

The Royal Geographical Society held their annual meeting this week. The President, Sir Roderick Murchison, in his address, announced that Dr. Livingstone had reached Rovuma river, in an Arab dhow, and that he would soon start, with his followers, for Lake Nyassa. He also mentioned a project for the exploration of the northern coast line and interior of Greenland. One of the Society's youngest associates, Mr. Whymper, already distinguished by his courage and self-reliance in surmounting the highest peaks of the Alps, has conceived the bold idea of penetrating along the surface of Greenland's glaciers into the interior of this snow-clad continent, he being convinced, from the great number of deer that find their way to the coast, that there are within the glaciers well-grassed valleys. This enterprise Sir Roderick considered as truly the *ne plus ultra* of individual British geographical adventure.

The founders' medal was presented to Dr. Thomas Thompson, M. D., F. R. S., for his exploration of the Western Himalayas and Thibet, and for his work thereon. The patron's medal was awarded to Mr. William Chandless, M. A. (his brother receiving it for him), for his recent unaided exploration of the river Purus, from its mouth, on the river Amazon, nearly to its source, a distance of 1866 miles. A purse containing one hundred guineas was presented to M. du Chaillu, to reimburse him for the loss of his instruments in Western Africa, and also as a testimonial of the value of his services. A gold watch was awarded to Moola-Abdul-Medjid, for services rendered to geographical science by his adventurous journey from Peshawur to Kokhand, along the upper valley of the Oxus, and across the Pamir Steppes.

The mania for collecting postage stamps is, we believe, as great in America as in Europe. The fashion has been turned to a singular use in London. A story was in circulation (and is not the starting a story always an easy process?) to the effect that a tyrannical and eccentric father—a rich old city father—in withholding his consent to the marriage of his only daughter to a young man without fortune, coupled his refusal with the stipulation that when the rejected lover could furnish him in lieu of gold, with—we forget how many—million one penny postage stamps, he would reverse his decision. The friends of the lovers (so says the story) immediately began to collect all the postage stamps within reach and sent them to the young gentleman's address—they told their friends and these friends told other friends, and huge packages of stamps were daily forwarded by enthusiastic and sympathetic young people, who wanted to help on a love affair, to the supposed lover in distress. It turned out, however, that this little romance had been hatched in the brain of a clever Jew, who had discovered a method of effacing the mark from the red postage stamp, and thus restoring to their original appearance stamps that had been used. His stratagem was so successful that he amassed quite a large fortune before the deception was discovered.

Have the pious sugar plums found their way across the Atlantic? The London *bonbon* lovers are making an outcry against these spiritually medicated sugar plums, imported from Paris, and declare that the zealous promulgators of religion who started this original movement are not aware of the extent to which such a clumsy device will prejudice the minds of the young and and irreligious to all ideas of real and practical piety. It seems that a society which calls itself *L'Avenir de la Jeunesse*, has arranged with sundry Parisian *bonbon* manufacturers to put in their dainties short extracts from approved religious books, and texts from Scriptures. It is rather curious that this awkward propagation of morality should have been started in a city where the people are peculiarly alive to a sense of the ludicrous and inappropriate.

Everybody knows that ladies have ceased to wear bonnets, and that they apologize for the omission by covering the crown of the head with a tiny bit of ornamented lace or other material, or flat bouquet. As we do not doubt that American ladies have been as bewitched as the French and English by this new mode, we beg to describe to them one of these substitutes for a bonnet, which was certainly as poetic a bit of millinery as was ever invented. The *supposed* bonnet was entirely composed of a group of full-blown blush roses—it had a white veil, and we must imagine that one of the roses had been blown to pieces by the wind, for the leaves were scattered over the veil, to which they lightly clung, producing an effect so natural that one could hardly help expecting to see them shaken off by a movement of the head.

ANNA CORA MOWATT RITCHIE.

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40C. BEST MILD COFFEE, AT INGRAM'S Tea Warehouse, No. 43 S. SECOND Street.

TEAS AND COFFEES AT WHOLESALE prices, at INGRAM'S Tea Warehouse, No. 43 S. SECOND Street. Try them.

GREEN COFFEES FROM 22 TO 28 CTS. A pound, at INGRAM'S Tea Warehouse, No. 43 S SECOND Street. Try them. 1 10 6m

MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS.

SCHOMACKER PIANO FORTE MANUFACTURING COMPANY'S NEW STORE, No. 1103 CHESNUT Street.—We respectfully call the attention of our friends and the public generally of our removal to our new and handsome Warerooms, GIRARD ROW, No. 1103 CHESNUT Street, where we have constantly on hand a large stock of our superior and highly finished Square and Grand Pianos.

Our instruments have been awarded the highest premiums at all the principal exhibitions ever held in this country, with numerous testimonials from the first-class artists in America and Europe.

They are now the leading Pianos, and are sold in parts of the world.

Persons desiring to purchase a first-class Piano at greatly reduced rates should not fail to give us a call

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FRENCH STEAM SCOURING ESTABLISHMENT,

No. 510 RACE Street.

We beg leave to draw your particular attention to our new French Steam Scouring Establishment the first and only one of its kind in this city. We do not dye, but by a chemical process restore Ladies', Gentlemen's, and Children's Garments to their original states without injuring them in the least, while great experience and the best machinery from France enable us to warrant perfect satisfaction to all who may favor us with their patronage. LADIES' DRESSES, of every description, with or without Trimmings, are cleaned and finished without being taken apart, whether the color is genuine or not.

Opera Cloaks and Mantillas, Curtains, Table Covers, Carpets, Velvet Ribbons, Kid Gloves, etc., cleaned and renished in the best manner. Gentlemen's Summer and Winter Clothing cleaned to perfection without injury to the stuff. Also Flags and Banners. All kinds of stains removed without cleaning the whole. All orders are executed under our immediate supervision, and satisfaction guaranteed in every instance. A call and examination of our process is respectfully solicited.

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LOST—THE CERTIFICATE NO. 1221, ISsued by the City of Philadelphia (old) to provide for the subscription to the Pennsylvania Railroad Company's stock, dated September 22, 1853 for one thousand dollars, payable to John Garth Dodgson, of Preston, Lancashire, England, and Brey Sharp, of London, England, trustees, bearing interest at six per cent. per annum. Redeemable July 1 1883. 6 8 tuths1m*

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THOUSANDS OF TEETH EXTRACTED without pain.—Patent applied for. My new invention, a Double Reversible Self-adjusting Safety Valved Inhaler, for administering Nitrous Oxide Gas, and extracting teeth without pain. The only mode that the Gas can be properly and safely administered 5 21 3m Dr. C. L. MUNNS, No. 731 SPRUCE Street.

FOR SALE—STATE AND COUNTY RIGHT of Capewell & Co.'s Patent Wind Guard and Air Heater for Coal Oil Lamps; it prevents the Chimney from breaking. This we will warrant. Also saves one third the oil. Call and see them they cost but ten cents No. 203 RACE Street, Philadelphia. Sample sent to any part of the United States on receipt of 25 cents. 10

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PRINCIPAL DEPOT,

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Price, $1·00 per Bottle; $5·00 for half-a-dozen.

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James Nolen, *Inquirer* office.
William F. Corbit, Associated Press.
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A. Randolph, Front and Lombard streets.
James W. Perrine, No. 1129 Charles street.
H. A. Davis, No. 323 Gaskill street.
John Woodside, No. 1231 Franklin street.
Robert Thompson, No. 1608 Walter street.
R. G. Marcu, No. 628 Franklin street.
J. Gebloff, No. 731 S. Second street.
John Seymour, No. 513 S. Front street.
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SIR:—We take pleasure in recommending your TAR SYRUP (of which we have already sold considerable quantities) as a most excellent and efficacious remedy for the complaints set forth in your printed bill already submitted to the public. As a gratifying act to suffering humanity we will cheerfully recommend your preparation to all afflicted with diseases which it is designed to cure. Yours, etc.,

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The success of this medicine in the cure of disease has withstood many critical tests in this country and elsewhere; its salutary effects on disease are widely disseminated, and require no effort to parry the prejudices of the skeptic.

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I must add a few lines in favor of your "Life Preserver" or Vegetable Liniment. I have used it for Erysipelas, Scalds and Burns and Inflammations; it produces remarkable results. I was cured of a very bad sore by its use. Many of my neighbors are using it and it gives universal satisfaction. It should be in every house. Yours, REV. J. H. STOCKTON,
4 28 thsm2m* THIRD Street, Camden, N. J.

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Above Chesnut.

Price 25 cents per bottle. 4 24 3md

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LEHIGH,

SCHUYLKILL,

AND BITUMINOUS

COAL,

No. 935 North NINTH Street,

Above Poplar, East Side. [6 2

JAMES O'BRIEN,

DEALER IN

LEHIGH AND SCHUYLKILL COAL.

BY THE CARGO OR SINGLE TON.

Yard, Broad Street, below Fitzwater.

Has constantly on hand a competent supply of the above superior Coal, suitable for family use, to which he calls the attention of his friends and the public generally.

Orders left at No. 205 South Fifth street, No. 32 South Seventeenth street, or through Despatch or Post Office, promptly attended to.

A SUPERIOR QUALITY OF BLACKSMITHS' COAL. 7 6§

BENDER'S

COAL AND ICE DEPOT,

S. W. CORNER OF BROAD AND CALLOWHILL STREETS,

Offers the celebrated West Lehigh Coal from the Greenwood Colliery, Stove, Egg and Heater size $7·50; Nut at $6 50. Also, the very superior Schuylkill Coal, from the Reevesdale Colliery, Nut size, $6 00. All other sizes $7·00

All Coal warranted and taken back free of expense to the purchaser, if not as represented. Also, the Coal for tetter if not full weight. 2 16 6m

SADDLES AND HARNESS.

THE OLDEST AND LARGEST

SADDLE AND HARNESS

MANUFACTURING ESTABLISHMENT IN THE COUNTRY.

LACEY, MEEKER & CO.,

No. 1216 CHESNUT STREET,

OFFER OF THEIR OWN MANUFACTURE:

BUGGY HARNESS, from		$22 50 to $150
LIGHT BAROUCHE	do	50 00 to 350
HEAVY do	do	75 00 to 500
EXPRESS, BRASS MOUNTED HARNESS		27 50 to 90
WAGON AND SELF-ADJUSTING		15 00 to 30
STAGE AND TEAM	do	30 00 to 50
LADIES' SADDLE,	do	12 00 to 150
GENTS do	do	8 00 to 75

Bridles, Mountings, Bits, Rosetts, Horse Covers, Brushes, Combs, Soaps, Blacking, Ladies' and Gents Travelling and Tourist Bags and Sacks, Lunch Baskets Dressing and Shirt Cases, Trunks and Valises.

J 9 6mrp No. 1216 CHESNUT ST.

FINE HARNESS AND SADDLERY.

720 MARKET STREET. 720

Large salesroom contains a full stock of good serviceable SINGLE AND DOUBLE HARNESS, best Leather and workmanship, for city trade, at moderate, prices, and made to order at short notice.

E. P. MOYER & BROS.,

No. 720 MARKET Street.

N. B.—Superior SOLE LEATHER TRUNKS, for European travel.

Also, Ladies' French Dress Trunks. 5 19 1m

HARNESS.

A LARGE LOT OF NEW U. S. WAGON HARNESS, 2, 4, and 6 horse. Also, parts of HARNESS, SADDLES, COLLARS, HALTERS, etc., bought at the recent Government sales—to be sold at a great sacrifice. Wholesale or Retail. Together with our usual assortment of

SADDLERY AND SADDLERY HARDWARE.

WILLIAM S. HANSELL & SONS,

2 1§ No. 114 MARKET Street.

MILLWARD & WINEBRENER.

WM. MILLWARD, D. S. WINEBRENER,

MACHINERY AND MANUFACTURERS' SUPPLIES,

No. 118 MARKET Street,

PHILADELPHIA, PA.

AGENTS FOR THE SALE OF

Cotton and Woollen Machinery,

Dealers in Manufacturers' Supplies of every description.

Oak Tanned Leather Belting,

AND MACHINE CARD CLOTHING

Of best quality and manufacture. [4 25 3mrp

ESTABLISHED 1795.

A. S. ROBINSON,

French Plate Looking-Glasses,

ENGRAVINGS PAINTINGS, DRAWINGS ETC

Manufacturer of all kinds of

Looking-Glass, Portrait, and Picture Frames to Order.

No. 910 CHESNUT STREET,

THIRD DOOR ABOVE THE CONTINENTAL,

PHILADELPHIA. 3 15§

WALL PAPERS AND WINDOW SHADES and Blinds.—Fine assortment always on hand. Also Preventive of Damp Walls in Dwellings. Paper Hangers sent to all parts of the country.

5 29 17trp* H. A. BURTON, No. 715 N. FOURTH Street, above Arch.

WALL PAPER AND WINDOW SHADES.—S. F. BALDERSTON & SON,
6 22 30t* No. 902 SPRING GARDEN Street.

INSURANCE COMPANIES

CASH CAPITAL, $200,000.

THE UNITED STATES ACCIDENT INSURANCE COMPANY,

Of Syracuse, New York, insures against

DEATH FROM EVERY CAUSE,

Whether ACCIDENT, CHOLERA, or DISEASE of any kind, with weekly compensation for DISABILITY from ACCIDENT.

COMBINED POLICIES FROM ONE TO FIVE YEARS. ACCIDENT POLICIES FROM ONE MONTH TO TEN YEARS.

NO MEDICAL EXAMINATION REQUIRED FOR ACCIDENT INSURANCE.

This is the only Company authorized to issue COMBINED LIFE and ACCIDENT POLICIES.

In view of the probability of the visitation of CHOLERA this summer, this opportunity of insuring against it for a brief period, at economical rates, should command the attention of every one; while the combination of ACCIDENT risk offered with it enables those residing in the City, or transacting business here and returning to the country daily, to guard against every form of

DISEASE OR CASUALTY.

Permits issued for travel to Europe, etc. Active Solicitors wanted.

WM. A. STEPHENS, General Agent,

6 11 1m No. 501 CHESNUT Street, Philadelphia.

RAILROAD LINES

PENNSYLVANIA CENTRAL RAILROAD.—SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.

The Trains of the Pennsylvania Central Railroad leave the Depot at Thirty-first and Market streets, which is reached by the cars of the Market Street Passenger Railway, running to and from the Depot. The last car leaves Front street about 30 minutes prior to the departure of each Train.

On Sundays—Cars leave Eleventh and Market streets 45 minutes before the departure of each Trains.

Mann's Baggage Express will call for and deliver Baggage at the Depot. Orders left at the Office, No 631 Chesnut street, will receive attention.

TRAINS LEAVE DEPOT VIZ.:—

Mail Train	at 8 00	A. M
Day Express	at 10 00	"
Paoli Accommodation, No. 1	at 11 00	"
Fast Line and Erie Express*	at 12 00	M.
Harrisburg Accommodation	at 2 20	P. M
Lancaster Accommodation	at 4 00	"
Paoli Accommodation No. 2	at 5 00	"
Pittsburgh and Erie Mail*	at 9 00	"
Paoli Accommodation, No. 3	at 10 00	"
Philadelphia Express*	at 12 10	"

TRAINS ARRIVE AT DEPOT, VIZ.:—

Cincinnati Express*	at 12 40	A. M
Philadelphia Express	at 7 10	"
Paoli Accommodation, No. 1	at 8 20	"
Columbia Train	at 9 00	"
Lancaster Train	at 12 40	P. M
Fast Line	at 1 10	"
Paoli Accommodation, No. 2	at 4 10	"
Day Express	at 5 50	"
Paoli Accommodation, No. 3	at 7 30	"
Harrisburg Accommodation	at 9 50	"

* Daily, except Saturday. † Daily, except Monday. All other trains daily, except Sunday.

Running through from Philadelphia to Pittsburgh and Erie without change of cars.

Sunday Accommodation Trains for Paoli and intermediate stations leave Philadelphia at 9·00 A. M. and 7 00 P. M., returning leave Paoli at 6 30 A. M. and 4·50 P. M.

TICKET OFFICE.

Is located at No. 621 Chesnut street, where Tickets to all important points may be procured and full information given by JOHN C. ALLEN, Ticket Agent.

Also at Thirty-first and Market streets, on application to THOMAS H. PARKE, Ticket Agent at the Depot.

An Emigrant Train runs daily (except Sunday). For full particulars as to fare and accommodations, apply to FRANCIS FUNK, No. 137 DOCK Street.

The Pennsylvania Railroad Company will not assume any risk for Baggage except for Wearing Apparel, and limit their responsibility to One Hundred Dollars in value. All Baggage exceeding that amount in value will be at the risk of the owner, unless taken by special contract 3 12

PROPOSALS.

SALE OF GOVERNMENT LUMBER.

CHIEF QUARTERMASTER'S OFFICE,
DEPOT OF WASHINGTON,
WASHINGTON, D. C., May 31, 1866.

The offers received under the advertisement of May 3 being considered less than the real value of the material, were not accepted, and Sealed Proposals are again invited until THURSDAY, June 21, 1866, at 12 o'clock M., for the purchase of 843,000 feet of Government Lumber, of the following sizes and descriptions, viz.:—

18,000 feet 1¼-inch Oak.
100,000 feet 2-inch Oak.
100,000 feet 2½-inch Oak.
129,000 feet 3-inch Oak.
10,000 feet 3½-inch Oak.
73,000 feet 4-inch Oak.
10,000 feet 5-inch Oak.
10,000 feet 2-inch Hickory.
6,500 feet 3-inch Hickory.
14,000 feet 4-inch Hickory.
39,000 feet 1¼-inch Ash.
74,000 feet 2-inch Ash.
36,000 feet 3-inch Ash.
90,000 feet 4-inch Ash.
20,000 feet 5-inch Ash.
8,500 feet 2-inch Pine.
34,800 feet 1-inch Pine.
37,000 feet 1¼-inch Pine.
25,000 feet 1-inch Poplar.
13,000 feet 1¼-inch Poplar.

The attention of wagon and carriage-makers is called to this sale, as the above is a very superior lot of well-seasoned Lumber, suitable for manufacturing purposes. It can be seen by applying to Brevet Brigadier-General C. H. TOMPKINS, Quartermaster in charge at Lincoln Depot, about one mile east of the Capitol.

Bids will be received for the purchase of ten thousand feet and upwards. The undersigned reserves the right to reject all the bids should they be considered too low.

Payment (in Government funds) will be required upon notification of acceptance of bid and prior to the delivery of the Lumber, which must be removed within fifteen days after the proposal is accepted.

Proposals should be signed by the bidder's full name, and give his post-office address, plainly indorsed, "Proposals for the Purchase of Lumber," and directed to D. H. RUCKER,
Brevet Major-Gen., and Chief Quartermaster,
6 1 17t Depot of Washington, D. C.

NATIONAL MILITARY ASYLUM.—The Managers of the National Asylum for discharged volunteer soldiers, authorized by Act of Congress, approved March 21, 1866, ask proposals for sites for Asylums by donation or sale. The premises must be situate in one of the loyal States, contain at least 200 acres of land and be in a healthy location, and easy of access by railroad or otherwise. It is the purpose of the managers to erect, without delay, extensive and permanent buildings for said Asylums, and its establishment will be largely advantageous to any section or railroad in the vicinity of its location.

Plans, specifications, and estimates for Asylum buildings, including detached cottages, are also asked for the approval of the Board. Liberal compensation will be given for the successful plan.

Proposals, plans, specifications and estimates—the first named to be in writing, containing plot and description of grounds and terms and conditions of transfer—must be sent to Major-General B. F. BUTLER, at Lowell, Mass., on or before the 20th day of June, 1866. BENJ. F. BUTLER,
President Board of Managers.

LEWIS B. GUNCKEL, Secretary.

Papers entitled to publish the laws of the United States are respectfully requested to publish this three (3) weeks prior to the 20th of June, 1866, and send their bill, with copy of notice, as above directed. 5 31 18t

B. J. WILLIAMS.

No 16 North SIXTH Street,

MANUFACTURER OF

VENETIAN BLINDS.

AND

WINDOW SHADES.

The largest and finest assortment in the city at the lowest prices. 6 5 1mrp

STORE SHADES MADE AND LETTERED.

GREEN PEAS,

GREEN CORN,

FRESH PEACHES,

FRESH TOMATOES, PLUMS,

ALBERT C. ROBERTS

DEALER IN FINE GROCERIES,

13 4p Cor. ELEVENTH and VINE Streets.

THREE GENERAL AGENTS WANTED TO act in important locations for the New York Accidental Insurance Company. Active men of good address, apply to FRANK O. ALLEN, Branch Office, No. 419 CHESNUT Street. Apply soon. 2 24

GOVERNMENT SALES.

LARGE SALE OF QUARTERMASTER'S STORES.

ASSISTANT QUARTERMASTER'S OFFICE,
PHILADELPHIA DEPOT, June 13, 1866.

Will be sold at Public Auction at the United States Government Warehouse, HANOVER Street and DELAWARE Avenue, Philadelphia, Pa., on MONDAY, June 25, 1866, at 10 o'clock A. M., a large lot of Quartermaster's Stores, consisting in part as follows:—

120 CORDS OAK AND PINE WOOD.

One and two horse Ambulances.
Benches,
Fireboards,
Wheelbarrows,
Stove Boxes,
Water Buckets,
Boards,
Venetian Blinds,
Brackets,
Crowbars,
Brushes, assorted,
Basins for stools,
Cheirs,
Closets,
Cylinders,
Cauldrons,
Canteens,
Tin Cups,
Chimney Crocks,
Oil Cans,
Carboys,
Chests,
Cocks, assorted,
Soil Containers,
One-horse Carts,
Clamps, assorted,
Drawers,
Dressers,
Doors,
Stovepipe,
Dampers,
Desks,
Stovepipe Elbows,
Felting,
Files, assorted,
Grates,
Wagon and Ambulance Harness,
Screw Drivers,
Coal Hods,
Cases of Pigeon Holes,
Gum Hose,
Hoes, assorted;
Hammers, assorted,
Scrap Iron,
Boiler Iron,
Galvanized Iron,
Wrought Iron,
Door Knobs,
Putty Knives,
Ladders,
Litters,
Locks, assorted,
Levers,
Coffee Mills,
Pincers, assorted,
Glue Pots,
Stovepipe,
Paint Pots,
Hose Reels,
Stovepipe Rests,
Clothes Racks,
Rasps, assorted,
Rakes, assorted,
Wagon and Riding Saddles,
Heating Stoves,
Stools,
Shelves,
Scrapers,
Bed Rests,
Coal Screens,
Cooking Stoves,
Sinks,
Supports,
Screws,
Shovels, assorted;
Spades,
Sledges,
Sputters,
Stands,
Tables,
Table Tops,
Trucks,
Bath Tubs,
Forgs, assorted,
Valves, assorted,
Army and Express Wagons.
Sash Weights,
Trestles,
Brooms, assorted,
Shoeing Boxes,
Iron Bars,
Barrels,
Wrenches, assorted;
Axes,
Horse Blankets,
Ice Boxes,
Metallic Life Boats,
Copper Bits,
Basins,
Grain Sacks,
Boilers, assorted,
Riding Bridles,
Hose Couplings,
Gas Burners,
Curry Combs,
Halter Chains,
Wagon Covers,
Drums,
Water Casks,
Iron Safes,
Hand Cuffs,
Horse Cards,
Forks assorted,
Portable Forges,
Furnaces,
Guages, assorted,
Rope Halters,
Fire Hose,
Leather Hose,
Hatchets,
Lumber,
Mallets,
Measures,
Camp Kettles,
Lanterns,
Lath,
Picks and Handles,
Pans, assorted,
Gangway Plank,
Punches, assorted,
Pokers,
Galvanized Pipe,
Steam Pipe,
Gas Pipe,
Pumps, assorted,
Lightning-rod Points,
Copying Press,
Iron Plates,
Lead Pipe,
Rope,
Office Stoves,
Iron Railing,
Spoons, assorted,
Grindstones,
Horse Shoes,
Stocks and Dies,
Sockets,
Caulking Tools,
Tanks,
Dumb Waiters,
Zinc,
Knives and Forks,
Ochre,
Gas Pendants,
Forges,
Plow and Bits,
Gas Fixtures.

And a large lot of miscellaneous stores.

For full particulars, as regards quantity, etc., see catalogues, which may be had on application at this office.

Sale will be continued from day to day, until all the stores are sold.

Sales will be made in quantities to suit purchasers.

Terms—Cash, in Government funds.

By order of
Brevet Brig.-Gen. GEO. H. CROSMAN,
Assistant Quartermaster General U. S. A.
[6 13 10t] HENRY BOWMAN,
Brevet Maj. and Assist. Quartermaster.

GOVERNMENT SALE.

PHILADELPHI

MATTERS OVER THE RIVER.

AN ACTIVE CANVASS.—The unusual activity manifested by the politicians of Camden city and county indicates a warm and vigorous campaign. The importance of the coming election is very great, and cannot fail to elicit a determination on both sides to win. Indeed, there never was greater consequence attached to any election than there is to this one, and it is incumbent on the National Union party to put forth every exertion to secure a complete triumph. The necessity of having a decided majority in both branches of the Legislature in order to elect a United States Senator (possibly two) has been painfully impressed on the minds of all loyal men, by the heartless defection of Scovel.

Fortunately, however, for the party, his career as State Senator is ended, and it now devolves upon the citizens of Camden county to make choice of a new Senator whose honest and character are unimpeachable, and who will not prove faithless and recreant to the party. There are three members of the Legislature also to elect, and these must be equally jealous of their integrity. In place of Hon. John F. Starr, who has so ably represented the First Congressional District for the last four years, a Representative in Congress is also to be chosen. These make the coming election one of intense interest, and are awakening a zeal already scarcely manifested in any previous contest. The proposition of the Democrats to allow Scovel to run as an independent candidate for Congress, and then make no nomination, is one which indicates their own consciousness of utter defeat.

THE VETERANS MOVING.—The brave soldiers who entered the army from Camden county, and who have fortunately returned, have displayed great zeal in forming themselves into an Association for their mutual benefit, in providing libraries and other means of information. They commenced this movement about one year ago, and are now actively employed in perfecting their organization. These soldiers are strongly Union, having realized for themselves sufficient exhibitions of aristocratic democracy in the South, and cannot fail in their organization to exert a powerful influence over the approaching election. They did last fall, and will this. Therefore they should be encouraged and liberally assisted, as the work they have commenced. They are no "half-and-half" soldiers.

AFTER THE DOGS.—The "catchers" are about, and many poor unmuzzled canines have suffered the penalty of their owners' folly in not complying with the ordinance and the Mayor's proclamation. Very few dogs are owned when the tax assessors go around, but any miserable cur that gets into the hands of the "dog catchers" is soon found to have an owner.

ADJOURNED.—The longest term of Court ever held in Camden county has just adjourned, greatly to the relief and gratification of the Judges and all concerned. Much of the business had to be postponed until the October term.

AMUSEMENTS.

FREE CONCERTS FOR THE MILLION.—Those of our citizens who belong either to the "Stay-at-home" or "Can't-get-away" Clubs, may spend an evening pleasantly at Vaner's great Winter Garden, Nos. 720 to 728 Vine street. Music, mirth, and innocent enjoyment among flowers, vines, etc., abound, while the choicest refreshments for ladies and gentlemen are furnished at reasonable rates.

ARCH STREET THEATRE.—Miss Henderson is determined to vary not only her pieces but her style. She will this evening give *The French Spy*, to which all actresses appear to cling with faith and fondness. On Monday night Miss Henderson will appear in the new drama of *The Ticket-of-Leave-Man's Wife*, Miss Henderson playing "Sam Willoughby."

WALNUT STREET THEATRE.—Mr. Booth will this evening play the "Apostate," a part in which he displays immense power. His engagement is drawing to a close; it may be very long before he returns to us.

WE UNDERSTAND that Mr. Tilton takes a benefit at the Chesnut Street Theatre on Wednesday next. Mr. Tilton, after a long residence amongst us, leaves us, and should take away pleasant remembrances of Philadelphia.

NEW AMERICAN THEATRE.—There will be a matinee at this theatre. It is the last appearance of the Hanlon Brothers. On Monday Mme. Ponisi will make her first appearance in a new play.

STEAM ENGINE PACKING

LUBRICATIVE PACKING,

FOR THE STUFFING BOXES OF STEAM ENGINES.

An article recommended by all Railroad Company, who have thoroughly tested it, and in general use by over *two hundred and fifty* Railroads, and on trial by over five hundred others.

ADOPTED BY 20,000 STATIONARY ENGINES. It is a first-class article.

Seventy-Five Cents Per Pound.

Lubricative Packing Company

SOLE MANUFACTURERS,

723 CHESNUT Street,

PHILADELPHIA.

L. G. TILLOTSON & CO.

SOLE AGENTS,

26 DEY Street, New York.

SOLD BY DEALERS GENERALLY. 28 8p

MILLER'S STEAM ENGINE PACKING.—This is the muslin covered, shoddy filling, stuffing-box packing.

SIXTY CENTS PER POUND.

For sale by WILLIAM B. MILLER,
Sole Manufacturer for the United States,
Rear of 723 CHESNUT Street,
Philadelphia, Penna.

4 28 8p

LONGWORTH'S

CELEBRATED

CATAWBA WINES.

J. W HAMMAR,

SOLE AGENT,

6 14 thsm2t

No. 620 MARKET Street.

M. B. HORN,

CONTINENTAL CIGAR WAREROOMS,

No. 838 SANSOM Street,

Rear of Continental Hotel, Philadelphia.

Importer and Dealer in Choicest Brands of Cigars and Tobaccos, wholesale and retail.

SAMPLE ROOM. 6 2 smwlm

THE AMERICAN BUREAU OF MINES,

No. 64 BROADWAY.

Mines, Mineral Lands, and Ores examined and reported upon. Competent Engineers furnished to Mining Companies.

Consultations afforded on all Mining, Metallurgical and Chemical Questions, at the office of the Bureau,

GEO. D. H. GILLESPIE, President.

DRAKE DE KAY, Secretary. 10 tuths rp

DR. HUNTER, No. 44 N. SEVENTH STREET, ABOVE FILBERT, PHILADELPHIA, Acknowledged *by all parties interested* as by far the MOST SUCCESSFUL PHYSICIAN in the treatment of *Diseases in his specialty*. QUICK, THOROUGH, and *permanent cures guaranteed* in every case. Remember DR. HUNTER'S Celebrated Remedies can only be had genuine at his old established Office, No. 44 N. SEVENTH Street, above Filbert, 9 15 3t

THE TEETH.

COLTON DENTAL ASSOCIATION.

AN AMUSING STORY.

By One who Visited the Colton Dental Association.

"Alighting from the omnibus which has brought us up through Broadway's hurrying throng, which seem ever pursuing some mocking phantom that eludes their grasp, we ascend the marble steps of the 'Cooper Union.' It is 'all very fine' to enter this pleasant reception room, but the study beyond the folding doors—'ay, there's the rub!' But as the kindly face and pleasant voice of the Professor greet us, our errand seems shorn of half its terrors. Yet we cannot forbear asking, as we present our credentials and look timidly up at the compassionate dark eyes so far above our own diminutive stature, 'Will it kill us?' A pleasant laugh and an assuring word convince us that our time has not yet come; and we comply with the invitation to enter the operating room, with our two accompanying friends (the fair race of one assumes the hue of driven snow), with very much the feeling that the fly accepted the proffered hospitality of the spider.

"Pre sware of it we are seated in the dreaded chair, engaged in a pleasant conversation. Suddenly we find a drop insinuated between our jaws, and the mouthpiece of a villainous looking black bag between our lips. Two pair of hands, so gentle in their manipulations as to almost lead one to doubt their owners belonging to the masculine persuasion, hold our mouth upon the pipe that the inhalation of the gas may be more perfect, while the owners of the aforesaid hands speak gentle words of encouragement. The soft hand of a lady assistant is laid assuringly on our own, and we can almost feel the suppressed anxiety of the two beloved companions behind the chair. A buzzing sound, as of myriad swarms of bees! Anon comes floating by, in grand measures and long-drawn cadences, a sweet old triumphal hymn, such as those may sing who, having left all of earth behind them, enter into the glory of the Lord; and mingled with this, a wild symphony of dashing waves, ringing their 'ceaseless never more.' Yet how strange! that last word of the hymn gave us a slight twitch, followed by two more, which partook of the nature of a strong yet painless wrench. 'Your teeth are out,' say three kind voices. But we have not come down yet to the sublunary world sufficiently to comprehend their meaning, until the assurance is repeated by one of the familiar voices behind the chair. We rise a new being, and leave at the feet of the kind operator fifteen molars and incisors—a tribute to the greatest discovery of the age.

"MARY N. ROCKWELL."

DR. COLTON has made the Nitrous Oxide, or "Laughing Gas," for more than twenty years past, and originated its anæsthetic use for the extraction of teeth in May, 1863. Since then we have administered it to over

15,000 PATIENTS,
15,000 PATIENTS,

without a single failure to produce insensibility to pain, or one case of unpleasant or injurious effects from the gas, which is so incident to chloroform and ether.

Every one of these 15,000 patients have signed a certificate scroll that the operation was painless and pleasant. We can extract from ten to fifteen teeth with one dose of gas.

The following are the names of some of the distinguished persons for whom we have extracted teeth with the gas, and to whom we would confidently refer:—

PHILADELPHIA.

Casper Souder, Esq.,	Mrs. M. C. Bispham.
Horace Fascett,	Mrs. Mary C. Holmes,
Charles F. Garrigues.	Mrs. F. Fisher
Rev. A. Fain,	Mrs. S. B. Whiting.
Rev. Alexander Hamilton	Mrs. H. B. Weaver,
George H. Stuart,	Miss Allie B. Lewis,
William Warnock,	Mrs. F. E. Belding
Rev. George Brinckhurst.	Mrs. James J. Allen,
Charles F. Bicknell,	Mrs. Clara G. Ralston,
George B. L. Clay, M. D.,	Mrs. E. S. Davis
Samuel Kreamer,	Mrs. R. L. Rutter,
E. A. Turpin,	Miss Anna Moore,
John Berry,	Miss Carrie Cox,
Wm. J. Son of Dr. Gursey	Mrs. E. K. Eisenbrey,
Frank W. Newbold,	Mrs. Dr. Benner,
George H. Mitchell, M. D.,	Mrs. Seth R. Groom,
Augustus Bournonville, M. D.,	Mrs. J. M. Bradford,
F. C. Wilcox (3 years old),	Miss Fannie Knowles,
J. G. Mitchell,	Miss Maggie Pancoast,
D. W. F. Rivemes,	Mrs. T. M. Moore,
S. C. Herbert, dentist,	Mrs. Hannah Phillips,
John S. Crombinger,	Mrs. Nellie Wilson,
J. F. Baker,	Mrs. Sarah D. Tomlinson,
Thomas S. Harrison,	Mrs. Anna Taylor.
Colonel Lewis Wagner,	Miss Mary M. Mitchell,
J. A. McArthur, M. D.,	Miss Juliette S. Roberts,
Alexander G. Catteil,	Miss Rebecca W. Altemus,

NEW YORK.

C. B. Ingraham, U. S. N.	Mrs. Rev. Wm. Anderson.
A. A. Howard, M. D.	Mrs. Rev. H. Loomis.
John B. Johnston, M. D.	Mrs. George Chesterman.
F. Hollick, M. D.	Mrs. Carrie Bodine.
H. C. Jones, M. D.	Mrs. James P. Harper.
B. L. Wait, Dentist.	Mrs. S. M. Beard.
E. D. Robie, U. S. N.	Mrs. Ellie P. Allison.
N. W. Kingsley, Dentist.	Mrs. J. H. Bache.
Rev. Charles C. Painter.	Mrs. C. W. Adams.
Rev. F. Babbitt.	Mrs. George H. Norton.
Rev. D. H. Emerson.	Mrs. James H. Mills.
Richard C. Dean, M. D., U. S. N.	Mrs. Rev. William Meikle.
John J. Mitchell, M. D.	And fourteen thousand three hundred and fifty-six others.
Mrs. E. D. E. N. Southworth.	

Many of these patients have written sentences opposite their names, the following of which are specimens:

"Without the slightest pain—an uninterrupted dream.—*By a Foreign Minister of State.*

"Came from Hudson—would come from England."

"I thought I was going up in the air, holding on to the tail of a kite."

"A good humbug, if a man can have his teeth drawn without knowing it."

"Also utely did not know it was done till done."

"Twenty teeth extracted without the slightest pain, with one dose of gas."

"No more old-fashioned dentistry for me."

"My second operation with the gas—have tried ether—most earnestly recommend the Nitrous Oxide."

"Very pleasant dream."

"Was weak and nervous, received no pain, but wonderfully refreshed afterwards."

"I endorse all written above."

"A pleasant ride on the cars."

"A great improvement in the barbarous art of dentistry."

"I should never have a tooth drawn without it."

"God bless the inventor."

But it will be asked, does it destroy all pain? Is the gas pleasant to breathe? Does it leave any bad effects afterwards? Can a person with weak lungs or heart disease inhale it with safety? We answer it does destroy all pain; it is pleasant to breathe—no bad effects, such as depression or reaction, follow; it is safe for those having weak lungs or heart disease. Indeed, we have had fifty such patients tell us they felt better for a week after inhaling the gas.

But what do the medical profession say of the gas? The following letter from the distinguished surgeon, Dr. J. M. Carnochan, to Dr. Colton, speaks for itself:—

No. 14 East Sixteenth street,
New York, December 22, 1865.

To you is due the credit of reviving the use of this important agent in the practice of dentistry, after a lull of twenty-two years.

The value of a safe anæsthetic agent, which can be used without anticipation of danger to the patient, is a great boon to suffering humanity, and I have related thus minutely its action in my own cases in the belief that similar favorable results are met with by others, the nitrous oxide gas will supersede all other anæsthetics now in use. J. M. CARNOCHAN,
Surgeon-in-Chief to the State Hospital, etc. etc.

TESTIMONY FROM DR. GRISCOM.

NEW YORK, March 8, 1865.

Having occasion recently to undergo a minor surgical operation of much severity, I embraced the opportunity to try the anæsthetic effect of nitrous oxide gas, administered by Dr. G. Q. COLTON. I found it perfectly satisfactory. I was put into a sound sleep in a few seconds, and remained so until the operation and dressing of the wound were completed. While looking for the incisions to begin, I found they had all been done. JOHN H. GRISCOM,
Physician to New York Hospital.

The degree of insensibility produced by the gas may be inferred from the following

AMUSING INCIDENT.

A lady came to our office to have one tooth extracted. After examining the tooth, we administered the gas, and when she fell asleep the tooth was extracted. On waking she spit out the blood, and in a few minutes was asked to vacate the chair for another patient, and take a seat at the table. Not offering to pay, we, as a gentle reminder, asked her to add her name to our scroll. "Why!" said the lady, when are you going to draw my tooth?" The tooth had been out ten minutes!

TESTIMONY FROM THE NEW YORK EVANGELIST.

"We are slow to believe in the efficacy of new remedies that are offered to the public, but the frequent testimony of clergymen and others of our acquaintance assures us that Dr. COLTON'S, whose office is in the Cooper Institute has at last found a means of extracting teeth absolutely without pain. * * * We think it a duty to publish this fact, which we give, not on our own experience but on the testimony of men of high character and intelligence, who are utterly incapable of deception."

Our price for extracting is $1 for the first tooth, and $1 for each subsequent tooth. [5 12 tuss

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Shirred Muslins, White Piques, Figured and Dotted Swiss Muslins, Victoria Lawns, Cambrics, Jaconets, and Nainsooks, Striped and Plaid Muslins.

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14c. good Bleached Muslins.
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No advance on New York Mills, Williamsville, and Wamsutta Muslins.

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Very fine Bleached Linen Table Cloths, a great bargain. 91.
Several job lots of Towels.
Shirting Linens, Sheeting Linens, and Table Linens, reduced.

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Closing out our entire stock at reduced prices, ranging from 25 to 35 cents per yard.

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100 doz. Cotton Hose, 12½c.
100 " " 15c.
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Gauze, Domet, Balbriggan, and Saxony, cheap [6 15 2t

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It contains no Mercury, Colchicum, Minerals, Metals, nor anything injurious or unpleasant.

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Highest references of wonderful cures accompany each bottle.

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A new discovery in medicine which

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By supplying the Blood with its VITAL PRINCIPLE, OR LIFE ELEMENT—IRON.

This is the secret of the wonderful success of this remedy in curing

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And all diseases originating in a

BAD STATE OF THE BLOOD,

Or accompanied by Debility or a low state of the system. Being free from Alcohol in any form, its energizing effects are not followed by corresponding reaction, but are permanent, infusing strength, vigor, and new life into all parts of the system, and building up an Iron Constitution.

DYSPEPSIA AND DEBILITY.

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THE THROAT, LUNGS, AND CHEST.

CONSUMPTION,

Which carries off more victims than any other disease, and which baffles the skill of the Physicians to a greater extent than any other malady, often

YIELDS TO THIS REMEDY

When all others prove ineffectual.

AS A MEDICINE,

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IT IS UNSURPASSED!

While as a preparation free from noxious ingredients, poisons, or minerals; uniting skill, science, and medical knowledge; combining all that is valuable in the vegetable kingdom; for this class of disease it is

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And is entitled, merits, and receives the general confidence of the public.

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Very respectfully, DAVID SPRAKER.

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